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DOCKET CONTROL

BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

COMMISSIONERS

BASED THEREON.

BOB STUMP, CHAIRMAN GARY PIERCE BOB BURNS SUSAN BITTER SMITH BRENDA BURNS

ORIGINAL

Arizona Corporation Commission DOCKETED

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IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF UTILITY SOURCE, LLC, AN ARIZONA CORPORATION, FOR A DETERMINATION OF THE FAIR VALUE OF ITS UTILITY PLANTS AND PROPERTY AND FOR INCREASES IN ITS WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES AND CHARGES FOR UTILITY SERVICE

DOCKET NO: WS-04235A-13-0331

NOTICE OF FILING REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

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Utility Source, L.L.C. ("Company"), hereby files rebuttal testimonies described

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below:

- Rebuttal Testimony of Tom Bourassa regarding Rate Base, Incomes Statement and Rate Design (Attachment 1);
- Rebuttal Testimony of Tom Bourassa regarding Cost of Capital (Attachment 2); and
- Rebuttal Testimony of Lonnie McCleve (Attachment 3).

Steve Wene

1	Original and thirteen (13) copies
2	of the foregoing filed this 3rd day of October, 2014 with:
3	-
4	Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Street
5	Phoenix, Arizona 85007
6	
7	Copies of the foregoing mailed
8	this 3 rd day of October, 2014 to:
9	Wesley Van Cleve
10	Legal Division Arizona Corporation Commission
11	1200 West Washington Street
12	Phoenix, Arizona 85007
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21	Terry Fallon 4561 Bellemont Springs Drive
22	Bellemont, Arizona 86015
23	
24	Bonnelly Sterbert
25	
26	

ATTACHMENT 1

1	BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
2	
3	BOB STUMP, CHAIRMAN GARY PIERCE
4	BRENDA BURNS
5	SUSAN BITTER SMITH BOB BURNS
6	
7	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION DOCKET NO: WS-04235A-13-0331
8	OF UTILITY SOURCE, LLC, AN ARIZONA CORPORATION, FOR A DETERMINATION OF THE AFFEICATION DOCKET NO. WS-04233A-13-0331
9	DETERMINATION OF THE FAIR VALUE OF ITS UTILITY PLANTS AND
10	PROPERTY AND FOR INCREASES IN ITS WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES
11	AND CHARGES FOR UTILITY SERVICE BASED THEREON.
12	BASED TIEREON.
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14	
15	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF
16	THOMAS J. BOURASSA
17	(RATE BASE, INCOME STATEMENT AND RATE DESIGN)
18	(INTERPOE, INCOME STATEMENT AND MITE DESIGN)
19	October 3, 2014
20	October 3, 2014
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1	I.	INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.
3	A.	My name is Thomas J. Bourassa. My business address is 139 W. Wood Drive,
4		Phoenix, Arizona 85029.
5	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING IN THIS PROCEEDING?
6	A.	I am testifying in this proceeding on behalf of the applicant, Utility Source, LLC
7		("USLLC" or the "Company"). USLLC is seeking changes in its rates and charges
8		for water utility service in its certificated service area, which area is located in
9		Yavapai County.
10	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THE
11		INSTANT CASE?
12	A.	Yes, my direct testimony was submitted in support of the initial application in this
13		docket. There were two volumes, one addressing rate base, income statement and
14		rate design, and the other addressing cost of capital.
15	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
16	A.	To respond to the direct filings by Staff and RUCO relating to rate base, income
17		statement and rate design for USLLC. In a second, separate volume of my rebuttal
18		testimony, I present an update to the Company's requested cost of capital as well as
19		provide responses to Staff and RUCO on the cost of capital, the rate of return
20		applied to the fair value rate base, and the determination of operating income.
21	II.	SUMMARY OF USLLC'S REBUTTAL POSITION.
22		
23	Q.	WHAT ARE THE REVENUE INCREASES FOR THE WATER AND
24		WASTEWATER DIVISIONS THAT THE COMPANY IS PROPOSING IN

For the water division the Company proposes a total revenue requirement of

THIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

24

25

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A.

\$432,967, which constitutes an increase in revenues of \$226,783, or 109.99 percent over adjusted test year revenues. For the wastewater division, the Company proposes a total revenue requirement of \$328,900 which constitutes an increase in revenues of \$209,436, or 175.31 percent over adjusted test year revenues.

Q. HOW DO THESE COMPARE WITH THE COMPANY'S DIRECT FILING?

A. In the direct filing, the Company requested a total revenue requirement of \$436,451 for the water division, which required an increase in revenues of \$228,447, or 109.83 percent. Also in the direct filing, the Company requested a total revenue requirement of \$318,044 for the wastewater division, which required an increase in revenues of \$196,760, or 162.23 percent.

Q. WHAT'S DIFFERENT?

A. In its rebuttal filing, USLLC has adopted a number of rate base and revenue/expense adjustments recommended by Staff, as well as proposed a number of adjustments of its own based on known and measurable changes to the test year.

For the water division, the net result of these adjustments is the Company's proposed operating expenses have decreased by \$4,200, from \$216,269 in the direct filing to \$212,069; and a net increase of \$8,652 in rate base from the direct filing of \$1,566,542 to \$1,575,194.

For the wastewater division, the net result of these adjustments is the Company's proposed operating expenses have increased by \$9,264, from \$193,541 in the direct filing to \$202,805; and a net decrease of \$5,089 in rate base from the direct filing of \$830,945 to \$825,856.

The Company continues to recommend an 11.0 percent return on equity. Based on a capital structure consisting of 100 percent equity and 0 percent debt, the Company recommends a weighted cost of capital and return on its fair value rate

base ("FVRB") of 11.0 percent. I discuss the Company proposed return on equity, cost of debt, and capital structure in my separate rebuttal cost of capital testimony.

Q. WHAT ARE THE PROPOSED REVENUE REQUIREMENTS AND RATE INCREASES FOR THE COMPANY, STAFF, AND RUCO AT THIS STAGE OF THE PROCEEDING?

A. For the water division, the proposed revenue requirements and proposed rate increases are as follows:

	Revenue Requirement	Revenue Incr.	% Increase
Company-Direct	\$436,451	\$228,447	109.83%
Staff	\$406,372	\$200,188	97.09%
RUCO	\$363,609	\$155,605	74.81%
Company Rebuttal	\$432,967	\$226,783	109.99%

For the wastewater division, the proposed revenue requirements and proposed rate increases are as follows:

	Revenue Requirement	Revenue Incr.	% Increase
Company-Direct	\$318,044	\$196,760	162.23%
Staff	\$315,314	\$195,850	163.94%
RUCO	\$285,358	\$164,074	135.28%
Company Rebuttal	\$328,900	\$209,436	175.31%

III. RATE BASE

A. Water Division Rate Base

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE IDENTIFY THE PARTIES' RESPECTIVE RATE BASE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE WATER DIVISION?

A. Yes, for the water division the rate bases proposed by the parties proposing a rate base in the case, the Company, Staff and RUCO, are as follows:

	<u>OCRB</u>	<u>FVRB</u>
Company-Direct	\$1,566,542	\$1,566,542
Staff	\$1,594,961	\$1,594,961
RUCO	\$1,566,542	\$1,566,542
Company Rebuttal	\$1,575,194	\$1,575,194

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE FOR THE WATER DIVISION?

A. Yes. The Company's rebuttal rate base adjustments to the water division's OCRB are detailed on rebuttal schedules B-2, pages 3 through 6. Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 1 and 2, summarize the Company's proposed adjustments and the rebuttal OCRB.

1. Plant-in-service (PIS)

- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED REBUTTAL ADJUSTMENTS TO PLANT-IN-SERVICE FOR THE WATER DIVISION, AND IDENTIFY ANY ADJUSTMENTS YOU HAVE ACCEPTED FROM STAFF AND/OR RUCO?
- A. The Company is not proposing any additional adjustments to the water division PIS balance. The Company recommends a PIS balance of \$2,496,640. Staff and RUCO recommend the same PIS balance as the Company.¹

¹ See Staff Water Division Schedule JLK-W3 and RUCO Water Division Schedule JMM-2.

2. Accumulated Depreciation (A/D)

- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS TO ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR THE WATER DIVISION, AND IDENTIFY ANY ADJUSTMENTS YOU HAVE ACCEPTED FROM STAFF AND/OR RUCO?
- A. Rebuttal B-2 adjustment 2, as summarized on Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 2, consists of one adjustment labeled as "A" on Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 4.

Adjustment A reflects a correction to the A/D balance for account 311 – Electric Pumping Equipment. The A/D balance was greater than the original cost by \$9,919 and this adjustment corrects the A/D balance to equal the original cost balance. RUCO and Staff do not propose a similar adjustment to correct the A/D balance.

- Q. DOES STAFF AND/OR PROPOSE AN ADJUSTMENT TO THE A/D BALANCE?
- A. Yes. Staff proposed to reduce the A/D balance by \$49,456 reflecting additional depreciation on Deep Well No. 4.² RUCO does not propose any adjustments to A/D.³
- Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO STAFF'S ASSERTION (AT PAGE 8 OF MR. KELLER'S TESTIMONY) THAT THE COMPANY DID NOT SUPPORT THE BASIS OR THE METHOD FOR THE A/D RELATED TO DEEP WELL NUMBER 4.
- A. The Company did provide a detailed computation of the A/D related to Deep Well

² See Direct Testimony of Jorn L. Keller ("Keller Dt.") at 8.

³ See Direct Testimony of Jeffery M. Michlk ("Michlik Dt.") at 8.

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⁷ Keller Dt. at 9.

⁸ See USLLC Water Division Direct Schedule C-2, page 2.

Q. IS IT CUSTOMARY TO USE THE COMPOSITE DEPRECIATION RATE USED TO ANNUALIZE THE TEST YEAR DEPRECIATION EXPENSE WHEN RECONSTRUCTING ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION?

A. No. I have always reconstructed the amortization balance using the composite depreciation rate for each year. In my experience, Staff also uses the composite depreciation rate for each year to compute the amortization for that year. I am somewhat confused by the Staff testimony regarding the Staff testimony given that Staff appears to be deviating from its typical practice regarding CIAC amortization. I am also confused because Staff did not use the amortization rate used in annualizing the wastewater division's depreciation expense to reconstruct the wastewater's accumulated amortization balance.

B. Wastewater Division Rate Base

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE IDENTIFY THE PARTIES' RESPECTIVE RATE BASE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE WATER DIVISION?

A. Yes, for the water division the rate bases proposed by the parties proposing a rate base in the case, the Company, Staff and RUCO, are as follows:

	<u>OCRB</u>	<u>FVRB</u>
Company-Direct	\$830,945	\$830,945
Staff	\$825,880	\$825,880
RUCO	\$830,945	\$830,945
Company Rebuttal	\$825,856	\$825,856

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED

⁹ See USLLC Water Division Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 5.1. The exception is when the CIAC is tracked to a specific plant account(s). Under that circumstance the authorized depreciation rate(s) for the plant account(s) are used.

ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE FOR THE WATER DIVISION?

A. Yes. The Company's rebuttal rate base adjustments to the wastewater division's OCRB are detailed on rebuttal schedules B-2, pages 3 through 6. Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 1 and 2, summarize the Company's proposed adjustments and the rebuttal OCRB.

1. Plant-in-service (PIS)

- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS TO PLANT-IN-SERVICE FOR THE WASTEWATER DIVISION, AND IDENTIFY ANY ADJUSTMENTS YOU HAVE ACCEPTED FROM STAFF AND/OR RUCO?
- A. Rebuttal B-2 adjustment 1, as summarized on Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 2, consists of one adjustment labeled as "A" on Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 3.

Adjustment A reflects a reclassification of \$421 of plant from account 340 – Furniture and Equipment to 340.1 – Computers and Software. The net impact on total PIS is zero. Staff proposed a similar adjustment. RUCO does not propose a similar adjustment.

2. Accumulated Depreciation (A/D)

- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS TO ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR THE WASTEWATER DIVISION, AND IDENTIFY ANY ADJUSTMENTS YOU HAVE ACCEPTED FROM STAFF AND/OR RUCO?
- A. Rebuttal B-2 adjustment 2, as summarized on Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 2, consists of one adjustment labeled as "A" on Rebuttal Schedule B-2, page 4.

Adjustment A reflects the adjustment to A/D for additional depreciation of \$28 and it is related to the reclassification of plant as discussed in in B-2

adjustment 1A, above. The Company recommends an A/D balance of \$455,092. Staff and RUCO do not propose a similar adjustment recommend same A/D balance of \$455,064. 10

3. Contributions-in-aid of Construction (CIAC)

- **ADJUSTMENT** THE THE **COMPANY'S** TO **PLEASE** DISCUSS **CONTRIBUTIONS-IN-AID OF DIVISION'S** WASTEWATER **AMORTIZATION CONSTRUCTION** ACCUMULASTED AND BALANCES.
- A. The Company is not proposing any additional adjustments to the wastewater division CIAC balance or the accumulated amortization balance. The Company recommends a CIAC balance of \$197,193 and an accumulated amortization balance of \$86,711 (net CIAC of \$111,262). Staff and RUCO recommend the same balances as the Company.¹¹

4. Customer Security Deposits

- Q. HAS THE COMPANY PROPOSED A REBUTTAL ADJUSTMENT TO CUSTOMER METER DEPOSITS?
- A. Yes. In rebuttal B-2 adjustment 4, as shown on Schedule B-2, page 2, the Company proposes to increase Customer Security Deposits by \$5,065.

 This adjustment reflects the adoption of the Staff recommended adjustment. RUCO does not propose a similar adjustment.

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⁻ $\frac{10}{10}$ Id.

¹¹ Keller Dt. at 10.

¹² Carlson Dt. at 19.

IV. INCOME STATEMENT

A. Water Division Revenue and Expenses

- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS TO REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE WATER DIVISION AND IDENTIFY ANY ADJUSTMENTS YOU HAVE ACCEPTED FROM STAFF AND/OR RUCO?
- A. The Company rebuttal adjustments for the water division are detailed on Rebuttal Schedule C-2, pages 1-12. The rebuttal income statement with adjustments is summarized on Rebuttal Schedule C-1, page 1-2.

Rebuttal adjustment number 1 reduces depreciation expense. The rebuttal proposed depreciation expense is lower than the direct filing by \$624. The reduction is due to a correction of the CIAC amortization rate from 2.898 percent to 3.114 percent. In its direct filing, the Company failed to remove the fully depreciated plant associated with account 311 – Electric Pumping Equipment totaling \$158,711 from the computation of the depreciable plant balance used in computing the amortization rate. ¹³

Q. DOES STAFF AND/OR RUCO PROPOSE ADJUSTMENT TO DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?

A. Yes. RUCO proposed the same adjustment to depreciation expense as does the Company. Both the Company and RUCO compute the essentially the same amortization rate (3.114 percent for the Company and 3.11 percent for RUCO). Staff proposed to reduce depreciation expense by \$1,097. However, Staff uses an

¹³ Compare USLLC Water Division Direct Schedule C-2, page2 and USLLC Water Division Rebuttal Schedule C-2, page 2.

¹⁴ Michlik Dt. at 9 and RUCO Water Division Schedule JMM-7.

¹⁵ Compare USLLC Water Division Rebuttal Schedule C-2, page2 and RUCO Water Division Schedule JMM-7.

¹⁶ Keller Dt. at 11.

incorrectly computed amortization rate in in computation of annualized depreciation expense. Staff computes an amortization rate of 3.27 percent¹⁷ which is incorrect because Staff does not recognize only depreciable plant in its computation.

Rebuttal adjustment number 2 reduces property tax expense and reflects the rebuttal proposed revenues. Staff, RUCO, and the Company are in agreement on the method of computing property taxes. This method utilizes the ADOR formula and inputs two years of adjusted revenues plus one year of proposed revenues. I computed the property taxes based on the Company's proposed revenues, and then used the property tax rate and assessment ratio that was used in the direct filing.

Q. ARE THE PARTIES USING THE SAME TAX RATE AND ASSESSMENT RATIOS?

A. Yes. 18

O. THANK YOU. PLEASE CONTINUE.

A. Rebuttal adjustment number 3 increases rate case expense by \$6,667 and reflect a reduction in the number of years to amortize rate case expense. This adjustment adopts the recommendation of Staff.¹⁹ RUCO does not propose a similar adjustment.

Rebuttal adjustment number 4 reduces other water revenues by \$1,850 and reflects the adoption of the Staff recommended adjustment. RUCO does not propose a similar adjustment.

¹⁷ See Staff Water Division Schedule JLK-W10.

¹⁸ See USLLC Water Division Rebuttal Schedule C-2, page 3; Staff Water Division Schedule JLK-W15; RUCO Water Division Schedule JMM-8.

¹⁹ Keller Dt. at 14.

²⁰ *Id.* at 11.

Rebuttal adjustment number 5 reduces water testing expense by \$6,637 and 1 reflects the adoption of the Staff recommendation.²¹ RUCO does not propose a 2 similar adjustment. 3 Rebuttal adjustment number 6 reduces transportation expense by \$1,750 for 4 and reflects the adoption of the Staff recommendation.²² RUCO does not propose a 5 similar adjustment. 6 Rebuttal adjustment number 7 reduces miscellaneous expense by \$2,366 for 7 telephone related expenses and reflects the adoption of the Staff recommendation.²³ 8 RUCO does not propose a similar adjustment. 9 Rebuttal adjustments number 8 through 10 are intentionally left blank. 10 Rebuttal adjustment 11 reflects the changes to income taxes at the 11 12 Company's rebuttal proposed revenues and expenses. DO ALL THE PARTIES RECOGNIZE INCOME TAXES? 13 O. No. RUCO does not recognize any income taxes.²⁴ 14 A. DOES THE COMMISSION ALLOW RECOVERY OF INCOME TAXES 15 Q. FOR TAX PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES? 16 Yes.²⁵ 17 A. 18 19 20 21 22 23 ²¹ *Id*. 24 ²² *Id.* at 13.

²³ *Id.* at 14.

²⁴ Michlik Dt. at 11.

²⁵ See Decision 73739, dated February 22, 2013.

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B. Wastewater Division Revenue and Expenses

- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS TO REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE WASTEWATER DIVISION AND IDENTIFY ANY ADJUSTMENTS YOU HAVE ACCEPTED FROM STAFF AND/OR RUCO?
- A. The Company rebuttal adjustments for the wastewater division are detailed on Rebuttal Schedule C-2, pages 1-12. The rebuttal income statement with adjustments is summarized on Rebuttal Schedule C-1, page 1-2.

Rebuttal adjustment number 1 increases depreciation expense by \$48 and reflect the additional depreciation on plant due to the reclassification of plant discussed previously on page 8.

- Q. DOES STAFF AND/OR RUCO PROPOSE ADJUSTMENT TO DEPRECIATION EXPENSE?
- A. Yes. Staff proposes an increase to depreciation expense of \$67.²⁶ The difference between the Company and Staff on depreciation expense is due to a difference in the computation of the amortization rate. However, Staff uses an incorrectly computed amortization rate in in computation of annualized depreciation expense. Staff computes an amortization rate of 3.87 percent²⁷ which is incorrect because Staff does not recognize only depreciable plant in its computation.

Rebuttal adjustment number 2 increases property tax expense and reflects the rebuttal proposed revenues. Staff, RUCO, and the Company are in agreement on the method of computing property taxes. This method utilizes the ADOR formula and inputs two years of adjusted revenues plus one year of proposed revenues. I computed the property taxes based on the Company's proposed

²⁶ Keller Dt. at 18.

²⁷ See Staff Wastewater Division Schedule JLK-WW12.

1		revenues, and then used the property tax rate and assessment ratio that was used in
2		the direct filing.
3	Q.	ARE THE PARTIES USING THE SAME TAX RATE AND ASSESSMENT
4		RATIOS?
5	A.	Yes. ²⁸
6	Q.	THANK YOU. PLEASE CONTINUE.
7	A.	Rebuttal adjustment number 3 increases rate case expense by \$6,667 and reflect a
8		reduction in the number of years to amortize rate case expense. This adjustment
9		adopts the recommendation of Staff. ²⁹ RUCO does not propose a similar
10		adjustment.
11		Rebuttal adjustment number 4 reduces other water revenues by \$1,850 and
12		reflects the adoption of the Staff recommended adjustment. ³⁰ RUCO does not
13		propose a similar adjustment.
14		
15		Rebuttal adjustment number 5 reduces water testing expense by \$6,637 and
16		reflects the adoption of the Staff recommendation. ³¹ RUCO does not propose a
17		similar adjustment.
18	1	Rebuttal adjustment number 6 reduces transportation expense by \$1,750 for
19		and reflects the adoption of the Staff recommendation. ³² RUCO does not propose a
20		similar adjustment.
21		
22		
23		USLLC Wastewater Division Rebuttal Schedule C-2, page 3; Staff Water Division Schedule JLK-4; RUCO Wastewater Division Schedule JMM-8.
24	²⁹ Kell	ler Dt. at 14.
25	³⁰ Id. a ³¹ Id.	at 11.
26	³² <i>Id.</i> a	at 13.

1 Rebuttal adjustment number 7 reduces miscellaneous expense by \$2,366 for telephone related expenses and reflects the adoption of the Staff recommendation.³³ 2 3 RUCO does not propose a similar adjustment. 4 Rebuttal adjustments number 8 through 10 are intentionally left blank. 5 Rebuttal adjustment 11 reflects the changes to income taxes at the Company's rebuttal proposed revenues and expenses. 6 DO ALL THE PARTIES RECOGNIZE INCOME TAXES? 7 Q. No. RUCO does not recognize any income taxes.³⁴ 8 A. 9 DOES THE COMMISSION ALLOW RECOVERY OF INCOME TAXES Q. FOR TAX PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES? 10 Yes.³⁵ A. 11 12 V. RATE DESIGN (H SCHEDULES). 13 A. Water Division WHAT ARE THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED RATES FOR WATER 14 Q. 15 **SERVICE?** The Company's proposed rates are: 16 A. 17 MONTHLY SERVICE CHARGES 18 5/8" x 3/4" Meter \$ 40.61 19 3/4" Meter \$ 40.61 20 1" Meter \$ 100.52 21 1 1/2" Meter \$ 203.04 22 2" Meter \$324.86 3" Meter 23 \$649.72 24 25

³³ *Id.* at 14.

³⁴ Michlik Dt. at 11.

³⁵ See Decision 73739, dated February 22, 2013.

1	4" Meter	\$1,01	5.19
2	6" Meter	\$2,03	30.38
3	Gallons in minimum		0
4	COMMODITY RATES		
5	5/8"X3/4" –Res. & Com	1 to 4,000	\$ 8.25
6		4,001 to 9,000	\$15.75
7		Over 9,000	\$21.75
8	3/4" – Res. & Com.	1 to 4,000	\$ 8.25
9		4,001 to 9,000	\$15.75
10		Over 9,000	\$21.75
11	1" Meter – Res. & Com.	1 to 27,000	\$15.75
12		Over 27,000	\$21.75
13	1 ½" Meter – Res. & Com.	1 to 57,000	\$15.75
14		Over 57,000	\$21.75
15	2" Meter– Res. & Com.	1 to 94,000	\$15.25
16		Over 94,000	\$21.75
17	3" Meter– Res. & Com.	1 to 195,000	\$15.25
18		Over 195,000	\$21.75
19	4" Meter– Res. & Com.	1 to 309,000	\$15.25
20		Over 309,000	\$21.75
21	6" Meter– Res. & Com.	1 to 615,000	\$15.25
22		Over 615,000	\$21.75
23	Irrigation Meters	All gallons	\$15.75
24			
25	Standpipe/Bulk Water	All gallons	\$21.75
26			

Α.

Q. WHAT WILL BE THE 5/8X3/4 INCH RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMER AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL UNDER THE NEW RATES?

A. As shown on Schedule H-2, page 1, the average monthly bill under proposed rates for a 3/4 inch residential customer using an average 4,123 gallons is \$75.54 - a \$36.96 increase over the present monthly bill or a 95.81 percent increase.

Q. HAVE YOU MADE ANY CHANGES TO THE RATE DESIGN FROM THE DIRECT FILING?

A. No.

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE PROPOSED WATER RATE DESIGN OF STAFF AND RUCO.

Before I begin, the Staff proposed water rates do not produce the Staff recommended revenue requirement. The revenues produced are about 14,000 short. That said, the Staff rate design will lead to greater amounts of revenue erosion when conservation occurs than the Company's rate design. One reason for this higher revenue instability is that a greater portion the revenue requirement is recovered via the commodity rates under the Staff rate design than the Company rate design. Under the Staff design less than 33 percent of the revenue requirement is recovered from the monthly minimums whereas under the Company's rate design about 40 percent of the revenues are recovered from the monthly minimums. Another reason for the greater revenue stability is that under the Staff rate design more revenues are recovered from the higher commodity rates. About 48 percent of the revenue requirement is recovered from the two highest commodity rates under the Staff rate design while about 38 percent of the revenue requirement is recovered from the two highest commodity rates. When

conservation occurs, the commodity revenues will decrease to a greater extent under the Staff rate design compared to the Company rate design.

Q. WHY IS THAT THE CASE?

- A. When more revenues are expected to be recovered from the commodity rates, a greater amount of revenues are lost. This is because the commodity rates must necessarily be higher when a greater proportion of revenues are recovered from the commodity rates as opposed to the monthly minimums. With each gallon of water being priced at a higher cost, the dollar loss from each gallon lost means more revenues are lost. Additionally, since a much greater portion of the commodity revenues are recovered from the highest priced commodity rates under the Staff rate design than under the Company rate design it translates to more revenue instability.
- Q. WHY DO THESE SCENARIOS INCREASE REVENUE INSTABILITY AND THE RISK OF REVENUE EROSION?
- A. A loss of a gallon of water at the higher commodity rates means more revenue loss than the loss of a gallon of water at the lower commodity rate. The larger water users typically have the greatest amount of discretionary water and the greatest amount of conservation can be expected to occur from these customers as they will see the highest cost commodity rates.
- Q. IF THE GOAL IS TO ACHIEVE CONSERVATION THEN WHY NOT CHARGE THESE CUSTOMERS AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE FOR THEIR WATER USE?
- A. Conservation is not the only goal of a sound rate design. Equally important is ensuring the utility recovers its cost of service (revenue requirement), revenue stability. These two goals must be balanced (along with the goal of avoiding cost

of service inequities).³⁶ The Company's proposed rate design promotes conservation by charging the higher water users more per unit of water than the low water users. The higher cost of water sends a conservation pricing signal to the higher water users. This is consistent with the approach the Commission has taken on rate design for more than a decade now, at least in my experience.

On the other hand, the Company's rate design provides for more revenue stability by providing a better balance of revenue recovery between the monthly minimums and the commodity rates. Further, with respect to the commodity revenues the Company's rate design provides a better balance of revenue recovery across all the commodity rates.

Q. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY A BETTER BALANCE ACROSS THE COMMODITY RATES?

A. Balance refers to how evenly the commodity revenue is recovered between the lowest priced commodity rate and the highest priced commodity rates. Setting the higher commodity rates too high and recovering a greater amount of revenue from the higher commodity rates leads to the loss of a greater amount of revenue when conservation occurs.

Q. DO YOU HAVE SIMILAR REVENUE STABILITY CONCERNS WITH RUCO'S PROPOSED RATE DESIGN?

A. Yes. RUCO's rate design recovers about 35 percent of revenues from the monthly minimums which is significantly lower than the Company's recovery at about 40 percent. Further, like the Staff rate design, a greater portion of the revenue requirement is recovered from the highest cost commodity rates. RUCO's rate design recovers about 40 percent of revenues from the two highest commodity

³⁶ Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and Charges. AWWA Manual M-1 Sixth Edition, American Water Works Association, p.4.

1		rates.
2	Q.	HOW DID THE COMPANY DETERMINE THE COMMODITY RATE
3		FOR STANDPIPE WATER AND CONSTRUCTION WATER?
4	A.	The Company followed the typical and customary practice of setting the
5		commodity rate to the highest cost commodity rate. Standpipe and construction
6		water customers do not pay a monthly minimum and purchased small quantities if
7		water which is inefficient and more costly. These customers should pay more for
8		water than a regular customer.
9		1. Other Tariff Changes.
10	Q.	IS THERE ANY DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND
11		STAFF ON THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED METER AND SERVICE LINE
12		INSTALLATION CHARGES?
13	A.	No. The Company and Staff are in agreement.
14	Q.	IS THERE ANY DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND
15		STAFF ON THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED MISCELLANEOUS
16		CHARGES?
17	A.	No.
18		B. <u>Wastewater Division</u>
19		
20	Q.	WHAT ARE THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED RATES FOR
21		WASTEWATER SERVICE?
22	A.	The Company's proposed rates are:
23		MONTHLY CHARGE
24		5/8" x 3/4" Meter \$ 53.00
25		3/4" Meter \$ 53.00
26		1" Meter \$132.50

1		1 1/2" Meter	\$265.00
2		2" Meter	\$424.00
3		3" Meter	\$848.00
4		4" Meter	\$1,325.00
5		6" Meter	\$2,650.00
6			
7		Rate per 1,000 gallons of water use:	
8		Residential	\$ 5.31
9		Car washes, laundromats, commercial, manufacturing	\$ 5.20
10		Hotels and motels	\$ 6.97
11		Restaurants	\$ 8.61
12		Industrial Laundries	\$ 7.63
13		Waste Haulers	\$155.79
14		Restaurant Grease	\$136.32
15		Treatment Plant Sludge	\$155.79
16		Treatment Plant Sludge	\$486.85
17			
18	Q.	WHAT WILL BE THE 3/4 INCH RESIDENTIAL CUST	TOMER AVERAGE
19		MONTHLY BILL UNDER THE NEW RATES?	
20	A.	As shown on Schedule H-2, page 1, the average monthly bill	l under proposed rates
21		for a 3/4 inch residential customer using an average 4,123	gallons is \$74.91 – a
22		\$50.83 increase over the present monthly bill or a 211.13% in	icrease.
23	Q.	HAVE YOU MADE ANY CHANGES TO THE RATE DI	ESIGN?
24	A.	No.	
25			
26	Q.	PLEASE COMMENT ON THE PROPOSED WAS	STEWATER RATE

DESIGN OF STAFF AND RUCO.

A. The Staff proposed wastewater rate design does not include a usage charge for residential customers. Further, the usage charge for other classes of customers is \$11.28. The Company disagrees with the Staff rate design because it does not distinguish between those customers who place more demands on the wastewater system because they use more water and/or because their wastewater is more costly to treat.

The RUCO proposed wastewater rate design does not include any monthly minimums. All of the wastewater revenues are recovered via usage charges. The Company disagrees with the RUCO rate design because it leads to higher revenue instability and can lead to wide fluctuations in monthly revenues (seasonality).

Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. Yes.

REBUTTAL SCHEDULES WATER DIVISION

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Computation of Increase in Gross Revenue Requirements As Adjusted Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule A-1 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line									
No.									
1	Fair Value Rate	e Base					\$	1,575,194	
2 3	Adjusted Opera	ating Income						(5,885)	
4									
5	Current Rate of	Return						-0.37%	
6	D	- C (•	470.074	
7 8	Required Opera	ating Income					\$	173,271	
9	Required Rate	of Return						11.00%	
10	required reace	or return						11.0076	
11	Operating Incor	me Deficiency					\$	179,157	
12	-	= ,					•	,	
13	Gross Revenue	Conversion Factor						1.2658	
14									
15	Increase in Gro	ss Revenue							
16	Requirement						\$	226,783	
17									
18	Adjusted Test \						\$	206,184	
19		ss Revenue Revenue Requirement					\$	226,783	
20	•	nue Requirement					\$	432,967	
21	% Increase							109.99%	
22									_
23	Customer			Present		Proposed		Dollar	Percen
24	Classification		_	Rates	_	Rates		<u>Increase</u>	Increas
25	3/4 Inch	Residential	\$	159,301	\$	327,130	\$	167,829	105.35
26	3/4 Inch	Commercial		322		811		490	152.32
27	2 Inch	Commercial		38,120		89,877		51,757	135.78
28	2 Inch	Irrigation		1,776		3,898		2,122	119.50

Customer Classification		Present Rates	Proposed Rates	Dollar Increase	Percent Increase
3/4 Inch	Residential	\$ 159,301	\$ 327,130	\$ 167,829	105.35%
3/4 Inch	Commercial	322	811	490	152.32%
2 Inch	Commercial	38,120	89,877	51,757	135.78%
2 Inch	Irrigation	1,776	3,898	2,122	119.50%
Bulk/Construct	tion	3,482	7,339	3,856	110.74%
Revenue Annu	ıalization	328	634	306	93.31%
Subtotal		\$ 203,328	\$ 429,689	\$ 226,361	111.33%
Other Water R	evenues	3,441	3,441	-	0.00%
Reconciling Ar	nount	(585)	(163)	422	-72.14%
_				-	0.00%
Total of Water	r Revenues	\$ 206,184	\$ 432,967	\$ 226,783	109.99%

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:

42 B-1 43 C-1

44 C-3

45 H-1

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Summary of Rate Base Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-1 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u> 1		iginal Cost Rate base	Fair Value <u>Rate Base</u>			
2	Gross Utility Plant in Service Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,496,640 716,486	\$	2,496,640 716,486		
4 5 6	Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 1,780,154	\$	1,780,154		
7 8 9	<u>Less:</u> Advances in Aid of Construction	-		-		
10 11	Contributions in Aid of Construction	294,745		294,745		
12 13	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC	(95,670)		(95,670)		
14 15 16 17 18	Customer Meter Deposits Deferred Income Taxes & Credits	5,885 -		5,885 -		
19 20	<u>Plus:</u> Unamortized Finance					
21 22 23	Charges Prepayments Materials and Supplies	- - -		-		
24 25 26 27	Allowance for Working Capital	-		-		
28 29	Total Rate Base	\$ 1,575,194	\$	1,575,194		

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES: B-2

43 <u>SUF</u> 44 B-2 45 B-3 46 B-5 47 E-1

52

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line	One on Living		Adjusted at end of Test Year	Proforma <u>Adjustment</u>		Rebuttal Adjusted at end of Test Year
1 2	Gross Utility	•	0.400.040		•	0.400.040
3	Plant in Service	\$	2,496,640	-	\$	2,496,640
4	Less:					
5	Accumulated					
6	Depreciation		726,406	(9,919)		716,486
7			,	(0,0.0)		
8						
9	Net Utility Plant					
10	in Service	\$	1,770,234		\$	1,780,154
11						
12	Less:					
13	Advances in Aid of					
14	Construction		-	-		-
15	Openhalis and in Add of					
16 17	Contributions in Aid of Construction - Gross		204 745			004745
18	Construction - Gross		294,745	-		294,745
19	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC		(96,938)	1,267		(05 670)
20	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC		(30,330)	1,207		(95,670)
21	Customer Meter Deposits		5,885	0		5,885
22	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax		-	-		-
23						-
24						_
25						
26	Plus:					
27	Unamortized Finance					
28	Charges		-	-		-
29	Prepayments		-	-		-
30	Materials and Supplies		-	-		-
31	Working capital		-	-		-
32						-
33	T-4-1	_	4.500.540		_	1 575 10 1
34	Total	<u>\$</u>	1,566,542		\$	1,575,194
35						

SUPPORTING SCHE	וווח	FS

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES: B-2, pages 2 E-1

47 48

46

49 50

RECAP SCHEDULES:

B-1

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

							forn	na Adjustme	<u>ents</u>							Rebuttal
			Adjusted	1		2		<u>3</u>		4			<u>5</u>			djusted
Line			at end of	Plant-in-	۸	cumulated				Custome		Inte	entionally			at end
No.			Test Year	Service		preciation		CIAC		Security Deposits			Left Blank		_	of est Year
1	Gross Utility		<u>rest real</u>	Service	De	predation		CIAC		Deposits	i	1	biank		1	est rear
2	Plant in Service	\$	2,496,640											\$		2,496,640
3	1 Marit III Service	Ψ	2,430,040	_										Ψ		2,430,040
4	Less:															
5	Accumulated															
6	Depredation		726,406			(9,919)										716,486
7	2 0 7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		. 20, .00			(0,0.0)										, ,0,,00
8		_														_
9	Net Utility Plant															
10	in Service	\$	1,770,234	\$ -	\$	9,919	\$	_	\$	_	,	6	-	\$		1,780,154
11	_	•												•		.,,
12	Less:															
13	Advances in Aid of															
14	Construction		-													-
15																
16	Contributions in Aid of															
17	Construction (CIAC)		294,745													294,745
18																
19	Accumulated Amort of CIAC		(96,938)					1,267								(95,670)
20																
21	Customer Meter Deposits		5,885													5,885
22	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		-													-
23																
24																
25	Plus:															
26	Unamortized Finance															
27	Charges		-													-
28	Prepayments		-													-
29	Materials and Supplies		-													-
30	Allowance for Cash Working Capital		-					-								-
31				 										- —		
32	Total	\$	1,566,542	\$ -	\$	9,919	\$	(1,267)	\$				-	\$		1,575,194
33																

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES: B-2, pages 3-5 E-1

RECAP SCHEDULES: B-1

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment Number 1

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 3 Witness: Bourassa

Line			<u>!</u>	Plant-in-Service					
No.						<u>Adjustments</u>			
1				A	₿	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>E</u>	
2			* 41 * 4	A 15 . 1		4			Rebuttal
3 4	Acct.		Adjusted Original	Adjustments to Reconcile Plant	Intentionally Left	Intentionally Left	Intentionally Left	Intentionally Left	Adjusted Original
5	No.	Description	Cost	to Reconstruction	Blank	Blank	Blank	Blank	Cost
6	301	Organization Cost	0031	to reconstruction	Diane	DIGITA	DIBIIK	DIATIK	<u> </u>
7	302	Franchise Cost							
8	303	Land and Land Rights	210,000	-					210,000
9	304	Structures and Improvements	72,997	-					72,997
10	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	-	-					· -
11	306	Lake River and Other Intakes	-	-					•
12	307	Wells and Springs	1,353,539	-					1,353,539
13	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	-	-					-
14	309	Supply Mains		-					•
15	310	Power Generation Equipment	89,125	•					89,125
16	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	158,711	-					158,711
17	320	Water Treatment Equipment	5,487	-					5,487
18	320.1	Water Treatment Plant	-	•					•
19 20	320.2 330	Chemical Solution Feeders Dist. Reservoirs & Standpipe	321,452	-					321,452
21	330.1	Storage tanks	321,432						321,432
22	330.1			-					-
23	331	Trans, and Dist. Mains	161,632	-					161,632
24	333	Services	86,250	_					86,250
25	334	Meters	-	_					•
26	335	Hydrants	34,500	-					34,500
27	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	-	-					· -
28	339	Other Plant and Misc. Equip.	-	-					-
29	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	2,947						2,947
30	340.1	Computers and Software	-	•					-
31	341	Transportation Equipment	-	-					•
32	342	Stores Equipment	-	-					-
33	343	Tools and Work Equipment	-	-					-
34 35	344 345	Laboratory Equipment	•	•					-
36	345	Power Operated Equipment Communications Equipment	-	-					-
36 37	346	Miscellaneous Equipment	-	-					•
38	348	Other Tangible Plant							-
39	040	Plant Held for Future Use	-						
40		TOTALS	\$ 2,496,640	\$ - :	š -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,496,640
41			* ********	·	•	•	·	•	2,,
42	Plant-in	-Service per Books							\$ 2,496,640
43									
44	Increase	e (decrease) in Plant-in-Service							\$ -
45									
46	Adjustm	nent to Plant-in-Service							\$ -
47									
48		RTING SCHEDULES							
49	B-2, pag	ges 3.1							
50									

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment Number 1 - A

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 3.1 Witness: Bourassa

2 3 Recorded Removed Adjusted Plant 4 Orginal Deep Well #4 Per Acct. Original 5 <u>No.</u> Description Cost Costs <u>Cost</u> Reconstruction Difference 6 Organization Cost 301 7 302 Franchise Cost 210.000 8 303 Land and Land Rights 210,000 210,000 9 304 Structures and Improvements 81,748 (8,751)72,997 72,997 10 305 Collecting and Impounding Res. 11 306 Lake River and Other Intakes 12 307 Wells and Springs 2,831,962 (1,478,423) 1,353,539 1,353,539 13 308 Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels 14 Supply Mains 15 310 Power Generation Equipment 89,125 (1,725) 87,400 87,400 Electric Pumping Equipment 158,711 158,711 158,711 16 311 17 Water Treatment Equipment 320 5.487 5.487 5.487 18 320.1 Water Treatment Plant 19 320.2 Chemical Solution Feeders 321,452 Dist. Reservoirs & Standpipe 321,452 20 330 321,452 21 330.1 Storage tanks 330.2 22 Pressure Tanks 23 331 Trans. and Dist. Mains 161.632 161.632 161,632 24 333 Services 86,250 86,250 86,250 25 334 Meters

34,500

4,672

3,985,539 \$ (1,488,899) \$

34,500

4,672

2,496,640 \$

34,500

4,672

2,496,640 \$

45

26

27

28

29

30

31

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33

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37

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335

336

339

340

340.1

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

Hydrants

Backflow Prevention Devices

Other Plant and Misc. Equip.

Office Furniture and Fixtures

Computers and Software

Stores Equipment Tools and Work Equipment

Laboratory Equipment

Transportation Equipment

Power Operated Equipment

Communications Equipment

Miscellaneous Equipment

Plant Held for Future Use

Other Tangible Plant

<u>No.</u> 1

Reconciliation to Reconstructed Plant-in-Service

SUPPORTING SCHEDULE

TOTALS

B-2, pages 3.2 - 3.8

				Per Decisio	n 70140					2006				
	NARUC		Allowed		Accum.	Plant		Adjusted	Plant	Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Plant at	Deprec. At	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	No.	Description	Rate	12/31/2005	12/31/2005	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	301	Organization Cost	0.00%											
			0.00%	-	•			-		-		-	-	-
2	302	Franchise Cost			-			-		-		-	-	-
	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%	210,000				-		-		-	210,000	-
4	304	Structures & Improvements	3.33%	72,997	3,646			-		-		2,431	72,997	6,077
5	305	Collecting & Impounding Reservoirs	2.50%	•	-			•		-		-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River, Canal Intakes	2.50%					-		-		-	-	-
7	307	Wells & Springs	3.33%	2,071,821	103,487			-		-		68,992	2,071,821	172,479
8	308	Infiltration Galleries	6.67%	-	-			-		-		-	-	-
9	309	Raw Water Supply Mains	2,00%	-	-			-		-		-	-	-
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	5.00%	87,400	6,555			-		-		4,370	87,400	10,925
11	311	Pumping Equipment	12.50%	158,711	29,758			-		-		19,839	158,711	49,597
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.33%	5,487	274			-		-		183	5,487	457
13	320.1	Water Treatment Plants	3.33%					-		-		-	-	-
14	320.2	Solution Chemical Feeders	20.00%					-				-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipes	2.22%	321,452	10.704			-		-		7,136	321,452	17,841
16	330,1	Storage Tanks	2.22%					-		-		-	-	-
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	5.00%							-		-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	2.00%	147,200	4,416			-		-		2,944	147,200	7,360
19	333	Services	3,33%	86,250	4,308			-		-		2,872	86,250	7,180
20	334	Meters	8.33%	-	-			-		-		-	-	-
21	335	Hydrants	2.00%	34,500	1,035			-		-		690	34,500	1,725
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	6.67%	-	-			-		-			-	-
23	339	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	6.67%	-				-		-			-	-
24	340	Office Fumiture & Equipment	6.67%	-	- 1			-		-		-	-	-
25	340.1	Computers & Software	20,00%					-		-		-		-
26	341	Transportation Equipment	20,00%	-	-			-		-				-
27	342	Stores Equipment	4.00%	-	-			-		-		-	-	-
28	343	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5,00%					-		-		-		
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	10.00%	-	-			-		-		-		-
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%		-			-		-		-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	10.00%		- 1			-		-		-	-	-
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%					-		-		-	_	-
33		Other Tangible Plant	10.00%					-		_		-		-
34		Plant Held for Future Use								_				_
35														
36		TOTALS		3,195,818	164,185	•			-		•	109,456	3,195,818	273,641

								2007				
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant	Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec,	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	301	Organization Cost	0.00%					_				_
2	302	Franchise Cost	0.00%			-						_
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%			-		-		-	210,000	
4	304	Structures & Improvements	3.33%			-		_		2,431	72,997	8,50
5	305	Collecting & Impounding Reservoirs	2.50%			-		_				-
6	306	Lake, River, Canal Intakes	2.50%			-		-			_	-
7	307	Wells & Springs	3.33%					-		68,992	2.071.821	241,47
8	308	Infiltration Galleries	6.67%					-				
9	309	Raw Water Supply Mains	2,00%					-			_	_
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	5,00%			-		-		4,370	87,400	15,29
11	311	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			-		-		19.839	158.711	69,43
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.33%			-		-		183	5,487	64
13	320.1	Water Treatment Plants	3.33%			-				-	-	
14	320.2	Solution Chemical Feeders	20.00%			-		-		-	_	
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipes	2.22%			-		-		7,136	321.452	24,97
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.22%					_			-	
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	5.00%			-		_		-		
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	2.00%			-		-		2,944	147,200	10.30
19	333	Services	3.33%			-		-		2,872	86,250	10,05
20	334	Meters	8.33%					-			· -	
21	335	Hydrants	2,00%					-		690	34,500	2,41
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	6.67%			-		-		-	-	-
23	339	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	6.67%					-			-	
24	340	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%			-		-			-	
25	340,1	Computers & Software	20.00%			-		-			-	
26	341	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-		-		_	-	
27	342	Stores Equipment	4,00%					-		_	-	
28	343	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5,00%			-		-			-	_
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	10.00%					_				
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	5,00%					_		-		
31	346	Communication Equipment	10,00%			-		-		-	-	
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			-				_	-	
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-		-		_	-	_
34		Plant Held for Future Use				-				_		_
35												
36		TOTALS								109,456	3.195.818	383.09

								2008	***************************************			
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant	Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	<u>Balance</u>	Deprec.
1	301	Organization Cost	0.00%								_	
2	302	Franchise Cost	0.00%			_					_	
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%			-		-			210,000	
4	304	Structures & Improvements	3.33%	6,251		6.251				2,535	79,248	11,04
5	305	Collecting & Impounding Reservoirs	2,50%			-		-				
6	306	Lake, River Canal Intakes	2.50%			-				-		
7	307	Wells & Springs	3.33%			-		-		68.992	2.071.821	310.4
8	308	Infiltration Galleries	6.67%			_		_		-	2.011,021	010.4
9	309	Raw Water Supply Mains	2.00%			-		_		-	_	
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	5.00%	1.725		1,725				4.413	89.125	19.7
11	311	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			-				19.839	158.711	89,2
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.33%			_				183	5.487	8
13	320.1	Water Treatment Plants	3.33%			-		_		-	0,407	
14	320.2	Solution Chemical Feeders	20.00%			-		_		_		
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipes	2.22%			_		_		7,136	321,452	32.1
16	330,1	Storage Tanks	2.22%					-		-		
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	5.00%			-		-		_	-	_
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	2.00%			_		-		2,944	147,200	13,2
19	333	Services	3.33%			_		_		2,872	86,250	12.9
20	334	Meters	8.33%			_		_		-,	-	
21	335	Hydrants	2,00%					_		690	34.500	3,1
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	6.67%			-		-			-	
23	339	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	6.67%							_		
24	340	Office Furniture & Equipment	6,67%	2,552		2,552		-		85	2,552	
25	340.1	Computers & Software	20,00%			-		-				
26	341	Transportation Equipment	20,00%			-		-		_	-	
27	342	Stores Equipment	4.00%			-		-		_	-	
28	343	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5.00%			-		-				
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	10.00%			-		-			-	
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			-					_	
31	346	Communication Equipment	10.00%			-					_	
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			-		-		-	_	
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-		-			_	
34		Plant Held for Future Use								-		
35			1									
36		TOTALS	i İ	10.528	-	10,528	-			109,689	3.206.346	492,7

								2	009				
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments ¹	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	<u>Balance</u>	Deprec.
1	301	Organization Cost	0.00%			-			-		-		
2	302	Franchise Cost	0.00%			-			-				-
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%			-			-		-	210,000	
4	304	Structures & Improvements	3,33%			-			-		2,639	79,248	13,682
5	305	Collecting & Impounding Reservoirs	2.50%			-			-			-	-
6	306	Lake, River, Canal Intakes	2.50%			-			-		-	-	-
7	307	Wells & Springs	3.33%	753,141		753,141			-		81,531	2,824,962	391,994
8	308	Infiltration Galleries	6.67%						-			-	-
9	309	Raw Water Supply Mains	2.00%			-			-		-	-	
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	5.00%			-			-		4,456	89,125	24,164
11	311	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			-			-		19,839	158,711	109,114
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.33%			-			-		183	5,487	1,005
13	320.1	Water Treatment Plants	3.33%			-			•		-	-	-
14	320,2	Solution Chemical Feeders	20.00%			-			-			-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipes	2.22%			-			-		7,136	321,452	39,249
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.22%						-		-		
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	5.00%			-			-			-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	2.00%			-			-		2,944	147,200	16,192
19	333	Services	3.33%			-			-		2,872	86,250	15,797
20	334	Meters	8.33%			-			-			-	-
21	335	Hydrants	2.00%						-		690	34,500	3,795
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	6.67%			-			-		-	-	-
23	339	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	6.67%			-			-			-	-
24	340	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%			-			-		170	2,552	255
25	340.1	Computers & Software	20.00%						-				-
26	341	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-			-				•
27	342	Stores Equipment	4.00%			-			-			-	
28	343	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5.00%			-			-		-	-	-
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	10.00%			-					-	-	-
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			-			-		-	-	-
31	346	Communication Equipment	10,00%			-			-		-	-	
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	10,00%			-			-		-	-	
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
34		Plant Held for Future Use				-			-		-	-	-
35													
36		TOTALS	l i	753,141		753,141	-		-	-	122,461	3,959,487	615,247

								20	110				
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	301	Organization Cost	0.00%			_					_	_	_
2	302	Franchise Cost	0.00%			-			_		_	_	_
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%			_			_		-	210,000	
4	304	Structures & Improvements	3,33%			-			-		2,639	79,248	16,321
5	305	Collecting & Impounding Reservoirs	2,50%										
6	306	Lake, River, Canal Intakes	2.50%			_			-		-	_	-
7	307	Wells & Springs	3.33%			_			_		94,071	2,824,962	486,065
8	308	Infiltration Galleries	6.67%			_			-			2,02	
9	309	Raw Water Supply Mains	2.00%			_			_		_	_	_
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	5.00%			_			_		4.456	89.125	28,621
11	311	Pumping Equipment	12,50%			_			-		19,839	158,711	128,953
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.33%			_			_		183	5,487	1,188
13	320.1	Water Treatment Plants	3.33%			_			_		-		-
14	320,2	Solution Chemical Feeders	20,00%			_			-		-	_	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipes	2,22%			-					7,136	321,452	46,386
16	330,1	Storage Tanks	2,22%						-				
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	5.00%			-			-		-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	2.00%						-		2,944	147,200	19,136
19	333	Services	3.33%								2,872	86,250	18,669
20	334	Meters	8.33%			-			-		-	-	-
21	335	Hydrants	2.00%								690	34,500	4,485
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	6.67%						-		-	-	-
23	339	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	6.67%			-			-		-	-	-
24	340	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%			-			-		170	2,552	426
25	340.1	Computers & Software	20.00%			-			-		-	-	-
26	341	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-			-		-	-	-
27	342	Stores Equipment	4.00%			-			-		-	-	-
28	343	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5.00%						-		-	-	-
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
30	345	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			-			-		-	-	- 1
31	346	Communication Equipment	10,00%			-			-		-	-	-
32	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
33	348	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
34		Plant Held for Future Use				-			-		-	-	-
35													
36		TOTALS				-		-		-	135,001	3,959,487	750,248

								20	11				
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	<u>Adjustments</u>	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	301	Organization Cost	0.00%						_			-	_
2	302	Franchise Cost	0.00%			-			-		-	-	-
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%			-			-		-	210,000	-
4	304	Structures & Improvements	3.33%	2,500		2,500			-		2,681	81,748	19,00
5	305	Collecting & Impounding Reservoirs	2.50%			-			-		-		
6	306	Lake, River, Canal Intakes	2.50%			-					-	-	_
7	307	Wells & Springs	3.33%	7,000		7,000					94.188	2,831,962	580,253
8	308	Infiltration Galleries	6.67%			-							-
9	309	Raw Water Supply Mains	2.00%			-					_	-	_
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	5,00%			-					4,456	89.125	33,077
11	311	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			-					19,839	158,711	148.792
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.33%			-			-		183	5,487	1,370
13	320.1	Water Treatment Plants	3.33%			-			_			-	.,
14	320.2	Solution Chemical Feeders	20,00%			_			_			_	_
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipes	2.22%			_			_		7,136	321,452	53,522
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.22%			_			-				
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	5.00%									_	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	2.00%	14,432		14,432			_		3.088	161,632	22,224
19	333	Services	3.33%			-			_		2.872	86,250	21,541
20	334	Meters	8.33%			_			_				
21	335	Hydrants	2,00%			-			_		690	34,500	5,175
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	6.67%								-	,	-
23	339	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	6.67%			_					_	_	
24		Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%								170	2.552	596
25	340.1	Computers & Software	20,00%						-		-	2,002	-
26	341	Transportation Equipment	20.00%						_			_	
27	342	Stores Equipment	4.00%			_			_			_	_
28	343	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5.00%						_			-	_
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	10,00%			-			-			-	_
30		Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			_			-		_		
31		Communication Equipment	10.00%			_			-		_	-	
32		Miscellaneous Equipment	10,00%			-			_		_	-	_
33		Other Tangible Plant	10,00%			_					_		
34		Plant Held for Future Use				-			_		_	-	
35													
36		TOTALS	1	23,932		23.932					135.303	3,983,419	885.551

									2012					
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted					
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum,
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	<u>Adjustments</u>	Retirements	Adjustments	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1		Organization Cost	0.00%			•			-			-	-	-
2	302	Franchise Cost	0.00%			-			-			-	-	-
3	303	Land and Land Rights	0.00%			-			-			-	210,000	-
4	304	Structures & Improvements	3.33%			-			-	(8,751)	(1,062)	2,722	72,997	20,662
5		Collecting & Impounding Reservoirs	2.50%			-			-			-	-	-
6	306	Lake, River, Canal Intakes	2.50%			-			-			-	-	-
7	307	Wells & Springs	3.33%						-	(1,478,423)	(293,372)	94,304	1,353,539	381,185
8	308	Infiltration Galleries	6.67%						-			-	-	-
9	309	Raw Water Supply Mains	2.00%			-			-			-	-	-
10	310	Power Generation Equipment	5,00%			-			-	(1,725)	(388)	4,456	87,400	37,145
11	311	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			-			-			9,919	158,711	158,711
12	320	Water Treatment Equipment	3.33%			-			-			183	5,487	1,553
13	320.1	Water Treatment Plants	3.33%			-			-			-	-	-
14	320.2	Solution Chemical Feeders	20.00%			-			-			-	-	-
15	330	Distribution Reservoirs & Standpipes	2.22%						-			7,136	321,452	60,658
16	330.1	Storage Tanks	2.22%			-			-				-	_
17	330.2	Pressure Tanks	5.00%			-			-			-	-	-
18	331	Transmission & Distribution Mains	2.00%			-			-			3,233	161,632	25,457
19	333	Services	3.33%			-			-			2,872	86,250	24,413
20	334	Meters	8,33%			-			-			-		-
21	335	Hydrants	2.00%			-			-			690	34,500	5,865
22	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	6.67%			-			-			-	-	-
23	339	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	6.67%			-			-			-	-	-
24	340	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%	2,119		2,119			_			241	4,672	837
25	340.1	Computers & Software	20.00%						-					-
26	341	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-						-	_	_
27	342	Stores Equipment	4.00%			-						-	_	-
28	343	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5.00%			-			-					_
29	344	Laboratory Equipment	10.00%			-			-			-	-	
30		Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			-			-			-	-	_
31		Communication Equipment	10,00%			_			-			-	_	
32		Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			-			_			-		_
33		Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-			_			_	_	
34		Plant Held for Future Use				_			-				_	_
35														
36		TOTALS	 	2.119		2.119				(1,488,899)	(294,821)	125,757	2,496,640	716,486

Utility Source, LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment Number 2

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 4 Witness: Bourassa

Accumulated Depreciation

Line									
<u>No.</u>					_	<u>Adjustments</u>	_		
1				Δ	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>E</u>	
2									Rebuttal
3 4	Acct.		Adjusted Accum.	Adjustments To Reconcile Plant	Intentionally Left	Intentionally Left	Intentionally Left	Intentionally Left	Adjusted Accum.
5	No.	Description	Depr.	To Reconstruction	Blank	Blank	Blank		
6	301	Organization Cost	Dept.	10 Reconstruction	DIANK	Diank	Blank	<u>Blank</u>	Depr.
7	302	Franchise Cost	-	-					•
8	303	Land and Land Rights	•	•					-
9	304	Structures and Improvements	20,662	•					
10	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	20,002	-					20,662
11	306	Lake River and Other Intakes		•					-
12	307	Wells and Springs	381,185	•					-
13	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	301,103	-					381,185
14	309	Supply Mains		•					-
15	310	Power Generation Equipment	37,145	-					
16				(0.040)					37,145
17	311	Electric Pumping Equipment Water Treatment Equipment	168,630	(9,919)					158,711
	320		1,553	-					1,553
18		Water Treatment Plant	-	-					-
19		Chemical Solution Feeders	-	•					
20	330	Dist. Reservoirs & Standpipe	60,658	-					60,658
21	330.1		•	-					-
22	330.2		-	-					
23	331	Trans. and Dist. Mains	25,457	•					25,457
24	333	Services	24,413	-					24,413
25	334	Meters		-					-
26	335	Hydrants	5,865	-					5,865
27	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	•	•					-
28	339	Other Plant and Misc. Equip.	•	-					-
29	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	837	-					837
30	340.1		-	-					•
31	341	Transportation Equipment	-	-					-
32	342	Stores Equipment	•	-					-
33	343	Tools and Work Equipment	-	•					-
34	344	Laboratory Equipment	-	-					-
35	345	Power Operated Equipment	-	-					-
36	346	Communications Equipment	-	-					-
37	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	•	-					-
38	348	Other Tangible Plant	-	-					-
39				-					-
40		TOTALS	\$ 726,406	\$ (9,919)	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 716,486
41									
42	Accumu	ulated Depreciation per Books							\$ 726,406
43									
44	Increase	e (decrease) in Accumulated Depreci	ation						\$ (9,919)
45									
46	Adjustm	nent to Accumulated Depreciation							\$ (9,919)
47								1	

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES B-2, pages 4.1 B-2, pages 4.2

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment Number 2 - A

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 4.1 Witness: Bourassa

Line No.						
1	Reconc	ilation to Reconstructed Accumulated	1 Depreciation			
2	11000110	nation to recognist delea recommittee	2 Depreciation		Accumulated	
3			Adjusted	Adjusted	Depreciation	
4	Acct		Accumulated	Accumulated	Per Plant	
5	No.	Description	Depreciation	Depreciation	Reconstruction	Difference
6	301	Organization Cost	Deprediation	Depreciation	Reconstruction	Dillerence
7	302	Franchise Cost	-	•	-	•
8	303	Land and Land Rights	-	•	-	-
9	303		20.000			-
-		Structures and Improvements	20,662	20,662	20,662	-
10	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.	•	-	-	-
11	306	Lake River and Other Intakes	-	-		-
12	307	Wells and Springs	381,185	381,185	381,185	•
13	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels	-	-	-	-
14	309	Supply Mains	-	-	-	-
15	310	Power Generation Equipment	37,145	37,145	37,145	-
16	311	Electric Pumping Equipment	168,630	168,630	158,711	(9,919)
17	320	Water Treatment Equipment	1,553	1,553	1,553	-
18	320.1	Water Treatment Plant	-	-	-	-
19	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders	-	-	-	-
20	330	Dist. Reservoirs & Standpipe	60,658	60,658	60,658	-
21	330.1	Storage tanks	-	-	-	=
22	330.2	Pressure Tanks	-	-	-	_
23	331	Trans, and Dist. Mains	25,457	25,457	25,457	-
24	333	Services	24,413	24,413	24,413	-
25	334	Meters	· <u>-</u>	· -		-
26	335	Hydrants	5,865	5.865	5,865	-
27	336	Backflow Prevention Devices	· -	· -	´-	-
28	339	Other Plant and Misc. Equip.	_	<u>-</u>	_	-
29	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures	837	837	837	_
30	340.1	Computers and Software	-	-	-	-
31	341	Transportation Equipment			-	-
32	342	Stores Equipment	_	_	_	-
33	343	Tools and Work Equipment	_			_
34	344	Laboratory Equipment	_	_		_
35	345	Power Operated Equipment	_	_	_	_
36	346	Communications Equipment	_	_		_
37	347	Miscellaneous Equipment	_	<u>-</u>	-	- -
38	348	Other Tangible Plant	-	-	-	-
39	340	Plant Held for Future Use	•	-	-	-
		Figure 101 Fullife USE	-			
40		TOTALS	\$ 726,406	\$ 726,406	\$ 716,486	\$ (9,919)

41 42 43 <u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULE</u>
44 B-2, pages 4.1 45 B-2, pages 3.3 - 3.9

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment 3 Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 5.0 Witness: Bourassa

Contributions-in-Aid of Construction (CIAC) and Accumulated Amortization

LIIIC				
<u>No.</u>				
1				
2				
3		Gross	Acc	umulated
4		CIAC	Am	ortization
5	Computed balance at end of test year	\$ 294,745	\$	95,670
6				
7	Adjusted balance at end of test year	\$ 294,745	_\$	96,938
8				
9	Increase (decrease)	\$ -	\$	(1,267)
10				
11				
12	Adjustment to CIAC/AA CIAC	\$ <u> </u>	\$	1,267
13	Label	 3a	-	3b
14				

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

20 E-1 21 B-2,

Line

B-2, page 5.1

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Contributions-in-aid of Construction (CIAC)

Exhibit
Rebuttal Schedule B-2
Page 5.1
Witness: Bourassa

Line	
<u>No.</u>	
1	
2 3 4	
3	
4	
5	Gross CIAC
6	
7	Amortization Decision No. 70140
8	Amortization Rate
9	Amortization
10	Accumulated Amortization
11	
12	Net CIAC
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	Gross CIAC
22	
23	
24	Amortization Rate
25	Amortization
26	Accumulated Amortization
27	/ tood// diated / thoritzstori
28	Net CIAC
29	
29	

	2006		20	007	20	800	2009	
Balance 12/31/2005	Additions	Balance 12/31/2006	Additions	Balance 12/31/2007	Additions	Balance 12/31/2008	Additions	Balance 12/31/2009
294,745		294,745		294,745		294,745		294,745
16,207								
ĺ		3.67%		3.67%		3.66%		3.27%
		10,817		10,817		10,788		9,638
		27,024		37,841		48,629		58,267
278,538	-	267,721	-	256,904		246,116	-	236,478

20	10	20	11	20	12
Additions	Balance 12/31/2010	Additions	Balance 12/31/2011	Additions	Balance 12/31/2012
	294,745	-	294,745	-	294,745
	3.60% 10,611 68,878		3.59% 10,581 79,459		5.50% 16,211 95,670
-	225,867		215,286	_	199,075

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment 4 Customer Deposits

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 6.0 Witness: Bourassa

<u>No.</u>		
1		
2		
3		
4	Computed balance at end of test year	\$ 5,885
5		
6	Book balance at end of test year	\$ 5,885
7		
,		
8	Increase (decrease)	\$ -
8 9	Increase (decrease)	\$ -
	Increase (decrease)	\$ -
9	Increase (decrease)	\$ -
9 10	Increase (decrease)	\$ -

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

20 Testimony 21 Work papers

Line

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Computation of Working Capital

29

30

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SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:

Exhibit

Rebuttal Schedule B-5

Page 1

RECAP SCHEDULES:

B-1

Witness: Bourassa

Line No. 1 2 3	Cash Working Capital (1/8 of Allowance Operation and Maintenance Expense)	\$	10,275
3	Pumping Power (1/24 of Pumping Power)		2,783
4	Purchased Water (1/24 of Purchased Water)		-
5	Prepaid Expenses		
6			
7			
8			
9	Total Working Capital Allowance	\$	13,058
10			
11			
12	Working Capital Requested		
13			
14			
15			
16			
17	T. 1.0		ed Test Year
18	Total Operating Expense	\$	212,069
19	Less:		>
20	Income Tax	\$	(1,475)
21	Property Tax		7,464
22	Depreciation Purchased Water		57,091
23			
24 25	Pumping Power	Ф.	66,787
	Allowable Expenses	\$	82,202
26	1/8 of allowable expenses	\$	10,275
27			
28			

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Income Statement

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-1 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u> 1	Revenues	,	est Year Adjusted Results	<u>Adj</u>	ustment	1	Rebuttal Test Year Adjusted <u>Results</u>		Proposed Rate <u>Increase</u>	,	Rebuttal Adjusted with Rate Increase
2	Metered Water Revenues	\$	202,743	\$	_	\$	202,743	\$	226,783	¢	429,526
3	Unmetered Water Revenues	Ψ	202,143	Ψ	_	Ψ	202,743	Ψ	220,703	Ψ	429,320
4	Other Water Revenues		5,261		(1,820)		3,441				3,441
5	Other Water Revenues	\$	208,004	\$	(1,820)	\$	206,184	\$	226,783	\$	432,967
6	Operating Expenses	•	200,004	•	(1,020)	Ψ	200,104	•	220,100	Ψ	402,001
7	Salaries and Wages	\$	-		_	\$	-			\$	_
8	Purchased Water	•	_		_	•	_			Ψ	_
9	Purchased Power		66,787		_		66,787				66,787
10	Fuel For Power Production		00,107		_		00,707				-
11	Chemicals		1,460		_		1,460				1,460
12	Materials and Supplies		12,257				12,257				12,257
13	Office Supplies and Expense		2,399		_		2.399				2,399
14	Contractual Services - Accounting		20,253		_		20,253				20,253
15	Contractual Services - Professional		9,651		_		9,651				9,651
16	Contractual Services - Maintenance		-		_		-				5,551
17	Contractual Services - Other		_		_		_				_
18	Water Testing		8,107		(6,637)		1,470				1.470
19	Rents		-		(0,557)		1,470				- 1,470
20	Transportation Expenses		-		(1,750)		(1,750)				(1,750)
21	Insurance - General Liability		2,186		(1,750)		2,186				2,186
22	Insurance - Health and Life		2,100		_		2,100				2,100
23	Reg. Comm. Exp Other		-		-		•				-
24	Reg. Comm. Exp Other		10,000		6,667		16,667				16,667
25	Miscellaneous Expense		19,976		(2,366)		17,610				17,610
26	Bad Debt Expense		19,970		(2,300)		17,010				17,610
27	Depreciation and Amortization Expense		57,728		(637)		57.091				57,091
28	Taxes Other Than Income		51,126		(637)		57,091				57,091
29	Property Taxes		7,530		(66)		7.464		2 727		10 201
30	Income Tax		(2,064)		(66) 590		(1,475)		2,737 44,890		10,201 43,415
31	Total Operating Expenses	-\$	216,269	\$	(4,200)	Φ	212,069	\$	47,627	\$	259,696
32	Operating Expenses	\$	(8,265)	\$		\$	(5,885)		179,157		173,271
33	Other Income (Expense)	Φ	(8,203)	Ψ	2,360	Φ	(5,665)	Ф	179,137	Φ	173,271
34	Interest Income										
35	Other income		-		-		-				-
36	Interest Expense		-		-		-				-
37	Other Expense		-		-		-				-
38	Other Expense		-		-		-				-
39	Total Other Income (Expense)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
40	Net Profit (Loss)	\$	(8,265)	\$		\$	(5,885)	\$	179,157	\$	173,271
41	rect font (LOSS)	<u>Ψ</u>	(0,200)	Ψ	2,300	Ψ	(5,065)	4	179,137	φ	113,211
41	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:							ьс	CABCCUED		c.
42	C.1 page 2							즛	CAP SCHED	ULE	<u>s.</u>

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES: C-1, page 2

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43

44 45

A-1

		EL>>>> est Year		<u>1</u>		2		<u>3</u>			4		<u>5</u>		<u>6</u>		7
Line		Adjusted				Property		Rate			Revenue		Water		Auto	Tele	ephone
No.		Results	₽e	preciation		Taxes	<u>C</u>	ase Ex	<u>pense</u>	E	<u>Adjustment</u>	-	Testing	<u>E</u>	xpense	Ex	pense
1	Revenues																
2	Metered Water Revenues	\$ 202,743															
3	Unmetered Water Revenues	-															
4	Other Water Revenues	 5,261			_						(1,820)						
5		\$ 208,004	\$	-	\$	-	\$		-	\$	(1,820)	5	•	\$	•	\$	-
6	Operating Expenses																
7	Salaries and Wages	\$ -															
8	Purchased Water	-															
9	Purchased Power	66,787															
10	Fuel For Power Production	-															
11	Chemicals	1,460															
12	Materials and Supplies	12,257															
13	Office Supplies and Expense	2,399															
14	Contractual Services - Accounting	20,253															
15	Contractual Services - Professional	9,651															
16	Contractual Services - Maintenance	-															
17	Contractual Services - Other	-															
18	Water Testing	8,107											(6,637)				
19	Rents	-															
20	Transportation Expenses	-													(1,750)		
21	Insurance - General Liability	2,186															
22	Insurance - Health and Life	-															
23	Reg. Comm. Exp Other	-															
24	Reg. Comm. Exp Rate Case	10,000							6,667								
25	Miscellaneous Expense	19,976															(2,366)
26	Bad Debt Expense	-															
27	Deprec. and Amort, Exp.	57,728		(637)													
28	Taxes Other Than Income	-															
29	Property Taxes	7,530				(66)											
30	Income Tax	(2,064)															
31	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 216,269	\$_	(637)	\$	(66)	\$		6,667	\$	- "	\$	(6,637)	\$	(1,750)	\$	(2,366)
32	Operating Income	\$ (8,265)	\$	637	\$	66	\$	(6,667)	\$	(1,820)	\$	6,637	\$	1,750	\$	2,366
33	Other Income (Expense)																
34	Interest Income	-															
35	Other income	-															
36	Interest Expense	-															
37	Other Expense	-															
38	·																
39	Total Other Income (Expense)	\$	\$		\$	-	\$		-	\$		5	-	\$	-	\$	-
40	Net Profit (Loss)	\$ (8,265)		637	\$	66	\$	(6,667)		(1,820)	\$	6,637	\$	1,750	\$	2,366
41	, ,	 	-		_					_		_					

41 42 43 44 SUPPORTING SCHEDULES: C-2 E-2

		8 Intentionally	9 Intentionally	10 Intentionally			Rebuttal Test Year	Proposed	A	Rebuttal djusted
Line No.		Left Blank	Left Blank	Left Blank		ncome Faxes	Adjusted Results	Rate Increase		ith Rate ncrease
1	Revenues	Diam	<u>District</u>	<u> </u>	-	LSCHER	results		-	
2	Metered Water Revenues					\$	202,743	\$ 226,783	\$	429,526
3	Unmetered Water Revenues						-			-
4	Other Water Revenues						3,441			3,441
5		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	206,184	\$ 226,783	\$	432,967
6	Operating Expenses									
7	Salaries and Wages					\$	-		\$	•
8	Purchased Water									
9	Purchased Power						66,787			66,787
10	Fuel For Power Production									-
11	Chemicals						1,460			1,460
12	Materials and Supplies						12,257 2,399			12,257 2,399
13	Office Supplies and Expense						20,253			20,253
14	Contractual Services - Accounting						9,651			9,651
15 16	Contractual Services - Professional						9,031			9,051
17	Contractual Services - Maintenance Contractual Services - Other						-			
18	Water Testing						1,470			1,470
19	Rents						1,470			1,470
20	Transportation Expenses						(1,750)			(1,750)
21	Insurance - General Liability						2,186			2,186
22	Insurance - Health and Life						_,			-,
23	Reg. Comm. Exp Other									-
24	Reg. Comm. Exp Rate Case						16,667			16,667
25	Miscellaneous Expense						17,610			17,610
26	Bad Debt Expense						· -			-
27	Deprec, and Amort, Exp.						57,091			57,091
28	Taxes Other Than Income						-			-
29	Property Taxes						7,464	2,737		10,201
30	Income Tax					590	(1,475)	44,890		43,415
31	Total Operating Expenses	\$ - \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Ψ	590 \$	212,069	\$ 47,627	\$	259,696
32	Operating Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(590) \$	(5,885)	\$ 179,157	\$	173,271
33	Other Income (Expense)									
34	Interest Income						-			-
35	Other income						-			-
36	Interest Expense						-			-
37	Other Expense						-			-
38								•		
39	Total Other Income (Expense)	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>		- \$		\$ -	\$	470.074
40	Net Profit (Loss)	5 -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(590) \$	(5,885)	\$ 179,157	<u> </u>	173,271
41								DE04D 00:	- D	
42	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:							RECAP SCH	<u> </u>	.E5:
43 44	C-2							C-1, page 1		
44	E-2									

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2

Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line			<u>Adjustme</u>	nts to Revenues and	Expenses			
<u>No.</u>		<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Subto</u> tal
1 2		Donnesistica	Description	5	_			
3		Depreciation Expense	Property <u>Taxes</u>	Rate Case Expense	Revenue	Water	_ Auto	
4	Revenues	LADEIISE	Taxes	Expense	Adjustment (1,820)	Testing	Expense	/+\
5					(1,020)			(1,820)
6	Expenses	(637)	(66)	6,667		(6,637)	(1,750)	(2,423)
7						(0,007)	(1,730)	(2,423)
8	Operating							
9	Income	637	66	(6,667)	(1,820)	6,637	1,750	603
10							,	
11	Interest							
12 13	Expense						-	-
14	Other Income /							
15	Expense							-
16	Expense							
17	Net Income	637	66	(6,667)	(1,820)	6,637	1,750	000
18				(0,001)	(1,020)	0,037	1,750	603
19								
20								
20			Adjustmer	its to Revenues and	Expenses			
21		<u>7</u>	Adjustmer 8	ts to Revenues and		11		Subtotal
21 22		Z		its to Revenues and 9 Intentionally	Expenses 10 Intentionally	<u>11</u>		<u>Subtotal</u>
21 22 23		Telephone	8 Intentionally Left	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	11 Income		<u>Subtotal</u>
21 22 23 24			<u>8</u> Intentionally	<u>9</u> Intentionally	<u>10</u> Intentionally	_		Subtotal
21 22 23 24 25	Revenues	Telephone	8 Intentionally Left	<u>9</u> Intentionally Left	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income		Subtotal (1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26		Telephone <u>Expnese</u>	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u>		
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Revenues Expenses	Telephone	8 Intentionally Left	<u>9</u> Intentionally Left	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income		
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Expenses	Telephone <u>Expnese</u>	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u>	-	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Expenses Operating	Telephone Expnese (2,366)	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590	-	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Expenses	Telephone <u>Expnese</u>	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u>	-	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Expenses Operating	Telephone Expnese (2,366)	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590	<u>-</u>	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Expenses Operating Income	Telephone Expnese (2,366)	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590		(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Expenses Operating Income Interest	Telephone Expnese (2,366)	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590	<u>-</u> -	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Expenses Operating Income Interest Expense	Telephone Expnese (2,366)	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590	<u>-</u> -	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Expenses Operating Income Interest Expense Other	Telephone Expnese (2,366)	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590	<u>-</u>	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Expenses Operating Income Interest Expense Other Income / Expense	Telephone <u>Expnese</u> (2,366) 2,366	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590	<u>-</u>	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Expenses Operating Income Interest Expense Other Income /	Telephone Expnese (2,366)	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u>	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590	<u>-</u>	(1,820)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Expenses Operating Income Interest Expense Other Income / Expense	Telephone <u>Expnese</u> (2,366) 2,366	8 Intentionally Left	9 Intentionally Left <u>Blank</u> -	<u>10</u> Intentionally Left	Income <u>Taxes</u> 590 (590)	-	(1,820) (4,200) 2,380

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

Depreciation Expense

Line No.											
1											
2			A	djusted			-	Adjusted			
3	Acct.		C	Priginal	Non-depre	eciable/		Original	<u>Proposed</u>	<u>De</u>	<u>preciation</u>
4	<u>No.</u>	<u>Description</u>		Cost	Fully Depr	<u>eciated</u>		Cost	Rates	<u> </u>	xpense
5	301	Organization Cost		-		-		-	0.00%		-
6	302	Franchise Cost		-		-		-	0.00%		-
7	303	Land and Land Rights		210,000		(210,000)		-	0.00%		-
8	304	Structures and Improvements		72,997				72,997	3.33%		2,431
9	305	Collecting and Impounding Res.		-				-	2.50%		-
10	306	Lake River and Other Intakes		-				-	2.50%		-
11	307	Wells and Springs		1,353,539				1,353,539	3.33%		45,073
12	308	Infiltration Galleries and Tunnels		-				-	6.67%		-
13	309	Supply Mains						-	2.00%		-
14	310	Power Generation Equipment		89,125				89,125	5.00%		4,456
15	311	Electric Pumping Equipment		158,711		(158,711)		-	12.50%		-
16	320	Water Treatment Equipment		5,487				5,487	3.33%		183
17	320.1	Water Treatment Plant		-				-	3.33%		-
18	320.2	Chemical Solution Feeders		-				-	20.00%		-
19	330	Dist. Reservoirs & Standpipe		321,452				321,452	2.22%		7,136
20	330.1	Storage tanks		-				-	2.22%		-
21	330.2	Pressure Tanks		404.000					5.00%		
22	331	Trans. and Dist. Mains		161,632				161,632	2.00%		3,233
23	333	Services		86,250				86,250	3.33%		2,872
24	334	Meters		24.500				-	8.33%		-
25	335	Hydrants		34,500				34,500	2.00%		690
26 27	336 339	Backflow Prevention Devices		-		-		-	6.67%		-
		Other Plant and Misc. Equip.		- 0.047				0.047	6.67%		-
28 29	340	Office Furniture and Fixtures		2,947				2,947	6.67%		197
30	340.1 341	Computers and Software		-				-	20.00%		-
31	341	Transportation Equipment Stores Equipment		-				-	20.00% 4.00%		-
32	343	Tools and Work Equipment		-				-	5.00%		-
33	344	Laboratory Equipment		-				-	10.00%		-
34	345	Power Operated Equipment		-				-	5.00%		-
35	346	Communications Equipment		-				-	10.00%		-
36	347	Miscellaneous Equipment		-				-	10.00%		-
37	348	Other Tangible Plant						_	10.00%		-
38	040	TOTALS	\$	2,496,640	\$	(368,711)	\$	2,127,929	10.00 %	\$	66,270
39		101/120	Ψ	2,400,040	•	(000,711)	•	2,127,020		Ψ	00,270
40							Gi	oss CIAC	Amort. Rate		
41	Lece: An	nortization of Contributions					\$	294,745	3.1143%	œ	(0.170)
42		preciation Expense					Φ	294,745	3.114376	\$	(9,179) 57,091
43	TOtal De	preciation Expense								Ψ	37,091
44	Adjusted	Test Year Depreciation Expense									57,728
45	riajasica	rest rear Depressation Expense							•		37,720
46	Increase	(decrease) in Depreciation Expense									(637)
47		(200.000) III Boproolation Expense							:		(00,)
48 49	Adjustme	ent to Revenues and/or Expenses							:	\$	(637)
50	SUPPOR	RTING SCHEDULE									

50 <u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULE</u> 51 B-2, page 3

*Fully Depreciated

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule Page 3 Witness: Bourassa

Property Taxes

Line			Test Year	(Company
No.	DESCRIPTION	а	s adjusted		commended
1	Company Adjusted Test Year Revenues	\$ -	206,184	\$	206,184
2	Weight Factor		2		2
3	Subtotal (Line 1 * Line 2)		412,368		412,368
4	Company Recommended Revenue		206,184		432,967
5	Subtotal (Line 4 + Line 5)		618,552		845,336
6	Number of Years		3		3
7	Three Year Average (Line 5 / Line 6)		206,184		281,779
8	Department of Revenue Mutilplier		2		2
9	Revenue Base Value (Line 7 * Line 8)		412,368		563,557
10	Plus: 10% of CWIP (intentionally excluded)		-		-
11	Less: Net Book Value of Licensed Vehicles		-		-
12	Full Cash Value (Line 9 + Line 10 - Line 11)		412,368		563,557
13	Assessment Ratio		20.0%		20.0%
14	Assessment Value (Line 12 * Line 13)		82,474		112,711
15	Composite Property Tax Rate - Obtained from ADOR		9.0503%		9.0503%
16	Test Year Adjusted Property Tax Expense (Line 14 * Line 15)	\$	7,464	\$	10,201
17	Tax on Parcels		-		-
18	Total Property Taxes (Line 16 + Line 17)	\$	7,464		
19	Test Year Property Taxes	\$	7,530		
20	Adjustment to Test Year Property Taxes (Line 18 - Line 19)	\$	(66)		
21					
22	Property Tax on Company Recommended Revenue (Line 16 + Line 17)			\$	10,201
23	Company Test Year Adjusted Property Tax Expense (Line 18)				7,464
24	Increase in Property Tax Due to Increase in Revenue Requirement			<u>\$</u>	2,737
25					
26	Increase in Property Tax Due to Increase in Revenue Requirement (Line 2	24)		\$	2,737
27	Increase in Revenue Requirement	- •,		\$	226,783
28	Increase in Property Tax Per Dollar Increase in Revenue (Line 26 / Line 2	7)		•	1.20671%
29	Land to the second seco	.,			

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Adjustment to Revenues and Expenses Adjustment Number 3 Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 4 Witness: Bourassa

Rate Case Expense

Line		
No.		
1		
2		
3	Estimated Rate Case Expense	\$ 50,000
4		,
5	Estimated Amortization Period in Years	3
6		
7	Annual Rate Case Expense	\$ 16,667
8		 ·
9	Adjusted Test Year Rate Case Expense	\$ 10,000
10	· ·	
11	Increase(decrease) Rate Case Expense	\$ 6,667
12		
13	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$ 6,667
14	·	
15		
16	Reference	
17	Testimony	
18		
19		
20		

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 5 Witness: Bourassa

Revenue Adjustment

Line <u>No.</u>			
1 2 3	Revenue Adjustment	\$	(1,820)
4 5			
6 7	Total Revenue from Annualization	\$	(1,820)
8 9	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$	(1,820)
10			(1,020)
11 12	Reference Staff Adjustment # 1		
13	Stall Adjustitient # 1		
14			
15			
16 17			
18			
19			
20			

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 6 Witness: Bourassa

Water Testing

Line		
<u>No.</u>		
1		
2	Staff Recommended Water Testing Expense	\$ 1,470
3		
4	Adjuste Test Year Water Testing Expense	\$ 8,107
5		
6	Adjustment to purchased power expense (rounded)	\$ (6,637)
7		
8		
9	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	(6,637)
10		
11	Reference	
12	Staff Adjustment #3	
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		

18 19 20

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 7 Witness: Bourassa

Auto Expense

Line			
<u>No.</u>			
1			
2	Test Year Auto Expense	\$	1,500
3			
4	Staff Recommended Auto Expense		3,250
5	• • • • • • •		
6	Adjustment to Revenues	\$	(1,750)
7			
8			
9	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense		(1,750)
10		-	
11	Reference		
12	Staff Adjustment #4		
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

Test Year Ended December 31, 2001 Adjustment to Revenues and Expenses Adjustment Number 7 Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 8 Witness: Bourassa

Telephone Expense

Line <u>No.</u>		
1		
2 3	Staff Recommended Telephone Expense	\$ 2,366
4 5	Adjusted Test Year Telephone Expense	4,732
6 7	Adjustment to Revenues	\$ (2,366)
8		
9 10	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$ (2,366)
11	Reference	
12	Staff Adjustment #5	
13		
14		
15		
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17		
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Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 9 Witness: Bourassa

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Line	
<u>No.</u>	
1	
2	
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Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 10 Witness: Bourassa

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses Adjustment Number 11 Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 12 Witness: Bourassa

				• • • •	andee. Deara	
Line						
<u>No.</u>						
1	Income Taxes					
2			Te	st Year	Te	est Year
3			at Pre	sent Rates	at Proj	posed Rates
4	Compauted Income Tax		\$	(1,475)	\$	43,415
5	Test Year Income tax Expense			(2,064)		(1,475)
6	Adjustment to Income Tax Expe	nse	\$	590	\$	44,890
7				4	7.2.7	

SUPPORTING SCHEDULE

C-3, page 2

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division
Test Year Ended December 31, 2012
Computation of Gross Revenue Conversion Factor

Exhibit

Rebuttal Schedule C-3

Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

		Percentage of
		Incremental
Line	Depariation	Gross
<u>No.</u> 1	<u>Description</u> Combined Federal and State Effective Income Tax Rate	Revenues
2	Combined Federal and State Effective Income Tax Rate	20.036%
3	Property Taxes	0.965%
4	, ·	
5		
6	Total Tax Percentage	21.001%
7		
8	Operating Income % = 100% - Tax Percentage	78.999%
9		
10		
11		
12		
13	1 = Gross Revenue Conversion Factor	
14	Operating Income %	1.2658
15		
16		
17 18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:	RECAP SCHEDULES:
26	C-3, page 2	A-1
27	5 5, page 2	•••
28		
29		
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31		
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37		
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39		
40		

Utility Source. LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-3 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR

Line No.	Description	(A)	(8)	(C)	(D)	[E]	[F]
1	<u>Calculation of Gross Revenue Conversion Factor</u> Revenue	100.00009	%				
2	Uncollecible Factor (Line 11)	0.00009	/6				
3 4	Revenues (L1 - L2) Combined Federal and State Income Tax and Property Tax Rate (Line 23)	100.00009					
5	Subtotal (L3 - L4)	78.99919					
6	Revenue Conversion Factor (L1 / L5)	1.26583	8				
	Calculation of Uncollectible Factor:						
7	Unity	100.00009					
8 9	Combined Federal and State Tax Rate (L17) One Minus Combined Income Tax Rate (L7 - L8)	20.03609 79.96409					
10	Uncollectible Rate	0.00009	6				
11	Uncollectible Factor (L9 * L10)		0.0000%	-			
	Calculation of Effective Tax Rate:						
12 13	Operating Income Before Taxes (Arizona Taxable Income) Arizona State Income Tax Rate	100.00009					
14	Federal Taxable Income (L12 - L13)	3.15279 96.84739	<u>6</u>				
15	Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate (L55 Col F)	17.43299	~				
16 17	Effective Federal Income Tax Rate (L14 x L15) Combined Federal and State Income Tax Rate (L13 +L16)	16.88339	<u>6</u> 20.0360%				
.,			20.0360%	•			
18	<u>Calculation of Effective Property Tax Factor</u> Unity	100 0000	,				
19	Combined Federal and State Income Tax Rate (L17)	100.0000%					
20	One Minus Combined Income Tax Rate (L18-L19)	79.9640%					
21 22	Property Tax Factor Effective Property Tax Factor (L20*L21)	1.20679	<u>6</u> 0.96 4 9%				
23	Combined Federal and State Income Tax and Property Tax Rate (L17+L22)		0.9049%	21.0009%			
			'				
24 25	Required Operating Income AdjustedTest Year Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 173,271					
26	Required Increase in Operating Income (L24 - L25)	\$ (5,885	\$ 179,157				
27	Income Taxes on Recommended Revenue (Col. (F), L52)	\$ 43,415					
28	Income Taxes on Test Year Revenue (Col. (C), L52)	\$ 43,415					
29	Required Increase in Revenue to Provide for Income Taxes (L27 - L28)		\$ 44,890				
30	Recommended Revenue Requirement	\$ 432,967					
31	Uncollectible Rate (Line 10)	0.0000%					
32 33	Uncollectible Expense on Recommended Revenue (L24 * L25) Adjusted Test Year Uncollectible Expense	\$					
34	Required Increase in Revenue to Provide for Uncollectible Exp.		- s -				
35	Property Tax with Recommended Revenue	\$ 10,201					
36	Property Tax on Test Year Revenue	\$ 7,464	<u>_</u>				
37	Increase in Property Tax Due to Increase in Revenue (L35-L36)		\$ 2,737				
38	Total Required Increase in Revenue (L26 + L29 + L37)		\$ 226,783				
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(=)	(5)
		Tes	t Year	(0)		[E] ecommended	[F]
	Calculation of Income Tax:	Total		Water	Total		Water
	Revenue	\$ 206,184		\$ 206,184	\$ 432,967	\$	432,967
40 41	Operating Expenses Excluding Income Taxes Synchronized Interest (L47)	213,544		213,544	216,281		216,281
	Arizona Taxable Income (L39 - L40 - L41)	\$ (7,360)	\$ (7,360)	\$ 216,687	- 13	216,687
43 44	Arizona State Effective Income Tax Rate (see work papers)	3.1527%	6	3.1527%	3.1527%		3.1527%
44 45	Arizona Income Tax (L42 x L43) Federal Taxable Income (L42-L44)	\$ (232 \$ (7,128		\$ (232) \$ (7,128)	\$ 6,831 \$ 209,855	\$	6,831 209,855
46	Federal Tax Rate	17.4329%		17.4329%	17.4329%	*	17.4329%
47 48	Federal Tax	\$ (1,243) i	\$ (1,243)	\$ 36,584	\$	36,584
49							1
50							
51 52						1	
53	Total Federal Income Tax	\$ (1,243		\$ (1,243)	\$ 36,584	s	36,584
54	Combined Federal and State Income Tax (L35 + L42)	\$ (1,475)	\$ (1,475)	\$ 43,415	\$	43,415
55	COMBINED Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate [Col. [D], L53 - Col. [A], L53	/ [Col. [D], L45 - Col. [A], L45]			17.4329%		
56 57	WASTEWATER Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate [Col. [E], L53 - Col. [B], WATER Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate [Col. [F], L53 - Col. [C], L53] / [C	L53) / [Col. [E], L45 - Col. [B], L45]				0.0000%	17.4329%
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	for the stand					17.732970
	Calculation of Interset Synchronization		Manhentos	Motor			

Calculation of Interest Synchronization;
 Rate Base
 Weighted Average Cost of Debt
 Synchronized Interest (L59 X L60)

Was	stwater	Wa	iter
\$	1,575,194	\$	1,575,194
	0.0000%		0.0000%
\$		\$	

Utility Source, LLC - Water Division Revenue Summary Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-1 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u>	Meter Size	Classification		Total Revenues at Present <u>Rates</u>		Total Revenues at Proposed <u>Rates</u>		Dollar <u>Change</u>	Percent <u>Change</u>	Percent of Present Water <u>Revenues</u>	Percent of Proposed Water <u>Revenues</u>
1	3/4 Inch	Residential	\$	159,301	\$	327,130	\$	167,829	105.35%	77.26%	75.56%
2	3/4 Inch	Commercial		322		811		490	152.32%	0.16%	0.19%
3	2 Inch	Commercial		38,120		89,877		51,757	135.78%	18.49%	20.76%
4 5	2 Inch	Irrigation		1,776		3,898		2,122	119.50%	0.86%	0.90%
6 7	Bulk/Constructio	n		3,482		7,339		3,856	110.74%	1.69%	1.69%
8 9	Subtotals of Re	venues	-\$	203,001	\$	429,056	\$	226,055	111.36%	98.46%	99.10%
10	Revenue Annua		Ψ	200,001	Ψ	429,030	Ψ	220,033	111.3076	90.40%	99.10%
11	3/4 Inch	Residential	\$	328	•	634	\$	306	93.31%	0.16%	0.15%
12	074 111011	residential	Ψ	320	Ψ	034	Ψ	300	93.31/0	0.10%	0.15%
13											
14											
15	Bulk/Constructio	n		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
16 17	Subtotal Reven	ue Annualization		328		634		306	93.31%	0.16%	0.31%
18	Total Revenues	w/ Annualization	\$	203,328	\$	429,689	\$	226,361	111.33%	98.61%	99.24%
19	Misc Revenues	, as adjusted		3,441		3,441		-	0.00%	1.67%	0.79%
20	Reconciling Am	ount		(585)		(163)		422	-72.14%	-0.28%	-0.04%
21	Total Revenues		\$	206,184	\$	432,967	\$	226,783	109.99%	100.00%	100.00%
22 23											

Utility Source, LLC - Water DivisionAnalysis of Revenue by Detailed Class Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-2 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

		Customer	(a) Average Number of <u>Customers</u>		<u>Avera</u>	ge	<u>Bill</u>	Proposed Inc	<u>:rease</u>	Percent
Line		Classification	at	Average	Present		Proposed	Dollar	Percent	of
<u>No.</u>	and	d/or Meter Size	<u>12/31/2012</u>	<u>Consumption</u>	Rates		Rates Page 1	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Customers</u>
1	3/4 Inch	Residential	320	4,123	\$ 38.58	\$	75.54	\$ 36.96	95.81%	98.16%
2	3/4 Inch	Commercial	1	1,667	26.50		66.86	40.36	152.30%	0.31%
3	2 Inch	Commercial	3	115,286	1,004.10		2,268.34	1,264.24	125.91%	0.92%
4 5	2 Inch	Irrigation	1	-	\$ 148.00	\$	324.86	\$ 176.86	119.50%	0.31%
6 7 8 9	Construction	n/Bulk	1	26,251	290.19		611.56	321.36	110.74%	0.31%
11	T		000						-	
12 13	Totals		326						=	100.00%
14	Actual Year	End Number								
15	of Custome	ers:	327							
16 17 18 19										

Docekt No. WS-04235A-13-0331

Utility Source, LLC - Water DivisionAnalysis of Revenue by Detailed Class
Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

18

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-2 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

		Customer	(a) Average Number of <u>Customers</u>		<u>Medi</u> :	an I	<u>Bill</u>	Proposed I	ncrease	Percent
Line		Classification	at	Median	Present		Proposed	Dollar	Percent	of
No.	<u>a</u>	nd/or Meter Size	<u>12/31/2012</u>	Consumption	Rates		Rates Page 1	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Customers</u>
1	3/4 Inch	Residential	320	3,500	\$ 35.30	\$	69.48	\$ 34.18	96.83%	98.16%
2	3/4 Inch	Commercial	1	1,500	\$ 25.70	\$	64.23	38.53	149.93%	0.31%
3	2 Inch	Commercial	3	65,000	613.40		1,348.61	735.21	119.86%	0.92%
4	2 Inch	Irrigation	1	-	\$ 148.00	\$	324.86	\$ 176.86	119.50%	0.31%
5		_								
6	Constructi	on/Bulk	1	40,501	437.69		921.50	483.82	110.54%	0.31%
7										
8										
9										
10										
11	Totals		326						_	100.00%
12									=	
13	Actual Yea	ar End Number								
14	of Custor		327							
15	0. 000.0									
16										
17										
17										

Utility Source, LLC - Water Division Revenue Breakdown Summary Present Rates

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-2 Page 3 Witness: Bourassa

		M	lonthly <u>Mins</u>		mmodity irst Tier		ommodity econd Tier	Commodity <u>Third Tier</u>		<u>Total</u>
3/4 Inch	Residential	\$	71,262	\$	54,684	\$	23,774	\$	9,908	\$ 159,629
3/4 Inch	Commercial	\$	222	\$	89	\$	11	\$	_	\$ 322
2 Inch	Commercial	\$	5,328	\$	14,424	\$	18,368	\$	_	\$ 38,120
2 Inch	Irrigation	\$	1,776	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,776
Construction/Bu	lk	\$	222	\$	3,260	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,482
	TOTALS	\$	78,810	\$	72,457	\$	42,153	\$	9,908	\$ 203,328
	Percent of Total		38.76%		35.64%		20.73%		4.87%	100.00%
	Cummulative %		38.76%		74.40%		95.13%		100.00%	
				,	Amount	% o	f Revenues			
	Monthly Minimum	n Rev	<u>enues</u>	\$	78,810		38.76%			
	Commodity Reve	nues								
	Lowest Commod	ity Ra	te	\$	54,773		26.94%			
	Middle Commodt	y Rat	е	\$	38,209		18.79%			
	Highest Commod	lity ra	te	\$	31,536		15.51%			
	Subtotal Commo	dity R	evenues	\$	124,518		61.24%			
	Total Revenues			\$	203,328		100.00%			

Utility Source, LLC - Water Division Revenue Breakdown Summary Proposed Rates

Exhibit

Rebuttal Schedule H-2

Page 4 Witness: Bourassa

			onthly <u>Mins</u>		ommodity First Tier		Commodity Second Tier	Commodity Third Tier		<u>Total</u>
3/4 Inch	Residential	\$	156,420	\$	93,988	\$	52,297	\$	25,059	\$ 327,764
3/4 Inch	Commercial	\$	487	\$	291	\$	33	\$	-	\$ 811
2 Inch	Commercial	\$	11,695	\$	31,729	\$	46,454	\$	-	\$ 89,877
2 Inch	Irrigation	\$	3,898	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,898
Construction/B	ulk	\$	487	\$	6,851	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,339
	TOTALS	\$	172,988	\$	132,860	\$	98,783	\$	25,059	\$ 429,689
	Percent of Total		40.26%		30.92%		22.99%		5.83%	100.00%
	Cummulative %		40.26%		71.18%		94.17%		100.00%	
	Monthly Minimum	Dava	21100	\$	Amount	<u>% (</u>	of Revenues			
	Monthly Minimum	Rever	iues	Ф	172,988		40.26%			
	Commodity Reven	ues								
	Lowest Commodity	y Rate)	\$	94,280		21.94%			
	Middle Commodty	Rate		\$	84,058		19.56%			
	Highest Commodit	y rate		\$	78,364		18.24%			
	Subtotal Commodi	ty Re	venues	\$	256,701		59.74%			
	Total Revenues		,	\$	429,689		100.00%			

Utility Source, LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Present and Proposed Rates

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-3 Page 1

Line No.	Monthly Usage Charge for:		Present Rates		Proposed Rates		Change	Percent Change
1	Meter Size (All Classes):		111111					
2	5/8x3/4 Inch	\$	18.50	\$	40.61	\$	22.11	119.50%
2	3/4 Inch	•	18.50	•	40.61	•	22.11	119.50%
3	1 inch		46.50		101.52		55.02	118.32%
4	1 1/2 Inch		92.50		203.04		110.54	119.50%
5	2 Inch		148.00		324.86		176.86	119.50%
6	3 Inch		296.00		649.72		353.72	119.50%
7	4 Inch		462,50		1,015,19		552.69	119.50%
8	6 Inch		925.00		2,030.38		1,105.38	119.50%
9								
10								
11								
12	Gallons In Minimum (All Classes)		-		-			
13								
14					(Per 1,000	gall	lons)	
15					Present	F	roposed	
16	Commodity Rates	<u>Block</u>			Rate		Rate	
17								
18	5/8x3/4 Inch (Residential, Commercial)	1 gallons to 4,000 gallons		\$	4.80	\$	8.25	
19		4,001 gallons to 9,000 gall	lons	\$	7.16		15.75	
20		over 9,000 gallons		\$	8.60	\$	21.75	
21								
22	3/4 Inch Meter (Residential, Commercial)	1 gallons to 4,000 gallons		\$	4.80	-	8.25	
23		4,001 gallons to 9,000 gall	lons	\$	7.16		15.75	
24		over 9,000 gallons		\$	8.60	\$	21.75	
25						_		
26	1 Inch Meter (Residential, Commercial)	1 gallons to 27,000 gallons	S	\$	4.80		15.75	
27		over 27,000 gallons		\$	7.16	\$	21.75	
28	451 141 (5 21 21 6 21 6 21 6	0 - 14:1		•	4.00	•	15.75	
29	1.5 Inch Meter (Residential, Commercial)	Over Minimum up to 57,00	ou gallons	\$	4.80		15.75	
30		Over 57,000 gallons		\$	7.16	2	21.75	
31	0	4	_	•	4.00	•	45.75	
32	2 Inch Meter (Residential, Commercial)	1 gallons to 94,000 gallons	S	\$ \$	4.80 7.16		15.75 21.75	
33		over 94,000 gallons		Ф	7.16	2	21.75	
34	2 book Masso (Basidassial Communical)	1 to 105 000 calls		¢	4.80	\$	15.75	
35 36	3 Inch Meter (Residential, Commercial)	1 gallons to 195,000 gallor over 195,000 gallons	iis	\$ \$	7.16		21.75	
37		over 195,000 gailons		Þ	7.10	Φ	21.75	
38								
39								
40	NT = No Tariff							
41	141 - 140 1 01111							
41								

Utility Source, LLC - Water Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Present and Proposed Rates

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-3 Page 2

Line						
<u>Ņo.</u> 1				(Per 1,000		
2				Present		posed
3	Commodity Rates	Block		Rate		Rate
4	4 Inch Meter (Residential, Commercial)	1 gallons to 309,000 gallons	\$	4.80		15.75
5	4 Inchi Meter (Residential, Commercial)	over 309,000 gallons	\$	7.16		21.75
6		ovor ovorovo gamento	•	,,,,,	•	
7	6 Inch Meter (Residential, Commercial)	1 gallons to 615,000 gallons	\$	4.80	\$	15.75
8		over 615,000 gallons	\$	7.16	\$	21.75
9						
10	Irrigation Meters	All gallons	\$	9.26	\$	15.75
11						
12	Standpipe or Bulk	All gallons	\$	10.35	\$	21.75
13			•	40.05		04.75
14	Construction	All gailons	\$	10.35	3	21.75
15 16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30 31						
32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						
38						
39						
40						
41					_	
42	Construction/Standpipe	All gallons		NT	\$	21.75
43						
44	NT = No Tariff					

Utility Source, LLC - Water Division Present and Proposed Rates Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-3 Page 3 Witness: Bourassa

Line No.							
1914.	Manage of Complete Line C	·1					
1	Meter and Service Line C	narges	D			D	
2			Present			Proposed	
3		Present	Meter		Proposed	Meter	_
4		Service	Install-	Total	Service	Install-	Total
5		Line	ation	Present	Line	ation	Proposed
6		<u>Charge</u>	Charge	Charge	Charge	<u>Charge</u>	<u>Charge</u>
7	5/8 x 3/4 Inch			\$ 520.00	\$ 385.00	\$ 135.00	\$ 520.00
8	3/4 Inch			575.00	415.00	205.00	620.00
9	1 Inch	(700-45) (700-45)		660.00	465.00	265.00	730.00
10	1 1/2 Inch			900.00	520.00	475.00	995.00
11	2 Inch Turbo			1,525.00	800.00	995.00	1,795.00
12	2 Inch, Compound	A STATE OF		2,320.00	800.00	1,840.00	2,640.00
13	3 Inch Turbo		7.	2,275.00	1,015.00	1,620.00	2,635.00
14	3 Inch, compound			3,110.00	1,135.00	2,495.00	3,630.00
15	4 Inch Turbo			3,360.00	1,430.00	2,570.00	4,000.00
16	4 Inch, compound			4,475.00	1,610.00	3,545.00	5,155.00
17	6 Inch Turbo			6,035.00	2,150.00	4,925.00	7,075.00
18	6 Inch, compound			8,050.00	2,270.00	6,820.00	9,090.00
19	/-						

²⁰ 21 22 23 24 ¹ Based on ACC Staff Engineering Memo dated Feburary 21, 2008

Other Charges:

25		
26	Establishment	\$ 20.00
27	Establishment (After Hours)	\$ 40.00
28	Reconnection (Delinquent)	\$ 50.00
29	Reconnection (After hours)	\$ 40.00
30	Meter Test	\$ 20.00
31	Minimum Deposit Requirement	PER RULE
32	Deposit Interest	PER RULE
33	Re-establishment (Within 12 months)	PER RULE
34	NSF Check	\$ 20.00
35	Deferred Payment, per month	1.5%
36	Meter Re-read	\$ 10.00
37	Late Charge	1.5%
38	Customer requested Meter Test	\$ 20.00
39	After hours service charge	\$ 40.00
40	Moving Customer Meter (at customer request)	Cost
41		

\$	20.00	
*Removed		
 \$	50.00	
 *Removed		
 \$	20.00	
PEF	RULE	
 PEF	RULE	
 PEF	RULE	
 \$	20.00	
	1.5%	
\$	10.00	
	1.5%	
 \$	20.00	
\$	40.00	
Co	st	

^{41 2 42 43 44 (}a) \$ 5.00 minimum or 1.5% of unpaid balance whichever is greater. 45 *After hours service charge will apply when service requested by customer after hours.

REBUTTAL SCHEDULES WASTEWATER DIVISION

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Computation of Increase in Gross Revenue Requirements As Adjusted Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule A-1 Page 1

Witness: Bourassa

Line			
<u>No.</u> 1	Fair Value Rate Base	\$	005 056
2	rail value Rate base	Ф	825,856
2 3	Adjusted Operating Income		(83,387)
4			
5	Current Rate of Return		-10.10%
6		_	
7	Required Operating Income	\$	90,844
8	Described Data of Datama		44.000/
9	Required Rate of Return		11.00%
10		•	474.000
11	Operating Income Deficiency	\$	174,232
12			
13	Gross Revenue Conversion Factor		1.2021
14			
15	Increase in Gross Revenue		
16	Requirement	\$	209,436
17			
18	Adjusted Test Year Revenues	\$	119,464
19	Increase in Gross Revenue Revenue Requirement	\$	209,436
20	Proposed Revenue Requirement	\$	328,900
21	% Increase		175.31%
22			

22 23	Customer		Present	Proposed	Dollar	Percent
24	<u>Classification</u>		<u>Rates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Increase</u>
25	3/4 Inch	Residential	\$ 92,479	\$ 287,729	\$ 195,250	211.13%
26	3/4 Inch	Commercial	114	740	626	547.81%
27	2 Inch	Commercial	23,698	36,829	13,131	55.41%
28					-	0.00%
29	Revenue Annua	alization	173	741	567	327.23%
30	Subtotal		\$ 116,465	\$ 326,039	\$ 209,574	179.95%
31						
32	Other Water Re	evenues	3,441	3,441	-	0.00%
33	Reconciling Am	nount	(442)	(580)	(138)	31.22%
34	Rounding				-	0.00%
35	Total of Water	Revenues	\$ 119,464	\$ 328,900	\$ 209,436	175.31%

36 37 38

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:

39 B-1 40 C-1

41 C-3 42 H-1

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Summary of Rate Base Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-1 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u> 1		iginal Cost Rate base	air Value Rate Base
2 3	Gross Utility Plant in Service Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 1,397,271 455,092	\$ 1,397,271 455,092
4 5 6	Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 942,179	\$ 942,179
7 8 9	<u>Less:</u> Advances in Aid of Construction	-	-
10 11	Contributions in Aid of Construction	197,973	197,973
12 13	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC	(86,715)	(86,715)
14 15 16 17	Customer Meter Deposits Deferred Income Taxes & Credits	5,065 -	5,065 -
19 20	Plus: Unamortized Finance		
21	Charges	-	-
22	Prepayments	-	-
23	Materials and Supplies	-	-
24 25 26 27	Allowance for Working Capital	-	-
28 29 30	Total Rate Base	\$ 825,856	\$ 825,856

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:

B-2 B-3

46 B-5 47 E-1

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Exhibit

Rebuttal Schedule B-2

Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line			Adjusted at end of <u>Test Year</u>	Proforma <u>Adjustment</u>		Rebuttal Adjusted at end of Test Year
1	Gross Utility	_				
2	Plant in Service	\$	1,397,271	-	\$	1,397,271
3						
4	Less:					
5	Accumulated					
6	Depreciation		455,064	28		455,092
7						
8						
9	Net Utility Plant					
10	in Service	\$	942,207		\$	942,179
11		•	0 .2,20.		•	0 12, 170
12	Less:					
13	Advances in Aid of					
14	Construction					
	Construction		-	-		-
15	0 17 17 7 47 1					
16	Contributions in Aid of					
17	Construction - Gross		197,973	-		197,973
18						
19	Accumulated Amortization of CIAC		(86,711)	(4)		(86,715)
20						
21	Customer Meter Deposits		-	5,065		5,065
22	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax		-	-		-
23						-
24						_
25						
26	Plus:					
27	Unamortized Finance					
28	Charges		-	_		_
29	Prepayments		_	_		_
30	Materials and Supplies		_	_		_
31	Working capital		_			_
32	VVOIKING Capital		-	-		-
33						-
34	Total	-\$	920.045		-	925 956
	Total	<u> </u>	830,945		\$	825,856
35						
36						
37						
38						
39						
40						
41						
42						
43						
44						
45	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:			REG	CAP S	CHEDULES:
46	B-2, pages 2			B-1		
47	E-1					
40						

Utility Source. LLC - Wastewater Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

								ma Adjus	stments					Rebuttal
			Adjusted	1	Ļ		2	<u>3</u>		<u>4</u>		<u>5</u>		Adjusted
Line			at end of	Plan	t in	٨٠٠	umulated			Customer	int	entionally Left		at end of
No.			Test Year	Sen			oredation	CIAC		Deposits		Blank		Test Year
1	Gross Utility		103(104)	001	VICC.	00	<u> </u>	OIAO		Doposia		DIGITA		1030 1001
2	Plant in Service	\$	1,397,271		-								\$	1,397,271
3			, ,										•	,,
4	Less:													
5	Accumulated													
6	Depredation		455,064				28							455,092
7		_												
8														
9	Net Utility Plant	•	0.40.007	•		•	(00) •							0.40.470
10 11	in Service	\$	942,207	\$	-	\$	(28) \$	-	. \$	-	\$	-	\$	942,179
12	Less:													
13	Advances in Aid of													
14	Construction		_											_
15	o on our doubt.													
16	Contributions in Aid of													
17	Construction (CIAC)		197,973											197,973
18	, ,													·
19	Accumulated Amort of CIAC		(86,711)						(4)					(86,715)
20														
21	Customer Meter Deposits		-							5,065				5,065
22	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		-											-
23														
24														
25 26	Plus: Unamortized Finance													
26 27	Charges													
28	Prepayments		•											-
29	Materials and Supplies		-											-
30	Allowance for Cash Working Capital							_						-
31	The state of the s													
32	Total	\$	830,945	\$	-	\$	(28) \$		4 \$	(5,065) \$	-	\$	825,856
33														
34														
35														
36	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:											AP SCHED	ULES:	
37	B-2, pages 3-5										B-1			
38	E-1													
39														
40														

Utility Source, LLC - Wastewater Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment Number 1

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 3 Witness: Bourassa

Line			<u> </u>	lant-in-Service					
No.						Adjustments			
1				A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	D	E	
2				Adjustments			_	_	Rebuttal
3			Adjusted	Required to	Intentionally	Intentionally	Intentionally	Intentionally	Adjusted
4	Acct.		Original	Reconcile to	Left	Left	Left	Left	Original
5	<u>No.</u>	Description	Cost	Reconstruction	<u>Blank</u>	<u>Blank</u>	<u>Blank</u>	<u>Blank</u>	Cost
6 7	351 352	Organization Cost Franchise Cost	-	-					•
8	353	Land and Land Rights	105,000	•					
9	354	Structures & Improvements	56,350	•					105,000
10	355	Power Generation Equipment	2,879	-					56,350
11	360	Collection Sewers - Force	2,010						2,879
12	361	Collection Sewers - Gravity	260,553	_					260,553
13	362	Special Collecting Structures		_					200,000
14	363	Servcies to Customers	60,375	-					60,375
15	364	Flow Measuring Devices	· -	-					-
16	365	Flow Measuring Installations		-					•
17	366	Reuse Services	3,450						3,450
18	367	Reuse Meters and Meter Installation:	-	-					-
19	370	Receiving Wells	•	-					
20 21	371 374	Pumping Equipment	-	-					-
22	374	Reuse Distribution Reserviors Reuse Transmission and Distribution		•					•
23	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	903.992	•					
24	381	Plant Sewers	903,992	-					903,992
25	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	_						-
26	389	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	_	-					•
27	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	4,672	(421)					4,251
28	390.1		· -	421					421
29	391	Transportation Equipment	-	-					-
30	392	Stores Equipment	-	•					-
31	393	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	•	-					-
32	394	Laboratory Equipment	-	-					-
33	395	Power Operated Equipment	-	-					-
34 35	396 397	Communication Equipment Miscellaneous Equipment	-	-					•
36	398	Other Tangible Plant	-	-					-
37	350	TOTALS \$	1,397,271	\$ (0)	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,397,271
38		1017/20	1,337,271	3 (0)	•	-	•	• -	\$ 1,397,271
39	Plant-in	-Service per Books							\$ 1,397,271
40		,							Ψ 1,397,27 1
41	Increas	e (decrease) in Plant-in-Service							\$ -
42									
43	Adjustn	nent to Plant-in-Service							\$ -
44									

45 SUPPORTING SCHEDULES
46 B-2, pages 3.1
47

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012
Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments
Adjustment Number 1 -A

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 3.1 Witness: Bourassa

2	1.12.22.12				
3			Adjusted	Plant	
4	Acct.		Orginal	Per	Adjustment
5	No.	Description	Cost	Reconstruction	Required
6	351	Organization Cost		-	-
7	352	Franchise Cost	-	-	-
8	353	Land and Land Rights	105,000	105,000	-
9	354	Structures & Improvements	56,350	56,350	-
10	355	Power Generation Equipment	2,879	2,879	-
11	360	Collection Sewers - Force	-	· -	-
12	361	Collection Sewers - Gravity	260,553	260,553	-
13	362	Special Collecting Structures	_	-	-
14	363	Servcies to Customers	60,375	60,375	-
15	364	Flow Measuring Devices	_	-	-
16	365	Flow Measuring Installations	-	-	-
17	366	Reuse Services	3,450	3,450	-
18	367	Reuse Meters and Meter Installation	-	-	-
19	370	Receiving Wells	-	-	-
20	371	Pumping Equipment	-	=	-
21	374	Reuse Distribution Reserviors	-	-	-
22	375	Reuse Transmission and Distributio	-	-	-
23	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	903,992	903,992	-
24	381	Plant Sewers	-	-	-
25	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	-	-	-
26	389	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	-	-	-
27	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	4,672	4,251	(421)
28	390.1	Computers & Software	-	421	421
29	391	Transportation Equipment	-	-	-
30	392	Stores Equipment	-	-	-
31	393	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	-	-	-
32	394	Laboratory Equipment	-	-	-
33	395	Power Operated Equipment	-	-	-
34	396	Communication Equipment	-	-	-
35	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	-	-	-
36	398	Other Tangible Plant	-		
37		TOTALS \$	1,397,271	\$ 1,397,271	\$ (0)
38					
39					
		DTIMO COLIEDIUE			

40 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE

B-2, pages 3.2 - 3.8

41 42

Line <u>No.</u> 1

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 3.2 Witness: Bourassa

				Per Decisi	on 70140	2006										
	NARUC	;	Allowed		Accum.	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted					
Line	Account	1	Deprec.	Plant at	Deprec, At	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.	
No.	No.	Description	Rate	12/31/2005	12/31/2005	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.	
1	351	Organization	0.00%					_							-	
2	352	Franchise	0.00%	-	-			-					-	-	-	
3	353	Land	0,00%	105,000	-			-			-			105,000		
4	354	Structures & Improvements	3.33%	56,350	2,815			-			-		1,876	56,350	4,69	
5	355	Power Generation	5.00%	2,879	216			-			-		144	2,879	36	
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.00%	-	-	Į.		-			-		-	-		
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.00%	260,553	7,817			-			-		5,211	260,553	13,02	
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	2.00%	-	-			-			-		-	-		
9	363	Customer Services	2.00%	60,375	1,811			-			-		1,208	60,375	3,01	
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	10.00%		-			-			-		-	-		
10	365	Flow Measuring Installations	10.00%	-	-			-					-	-	-	
10	366	Reuse Services	2.00%	3,450	518			-			-		69	3,450	58	
12	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8.33%					-			-		-	-	-	
13	370	Receiving Wells	3.33%	-	-			-			-		-	-		
14	371	Pumping Equipment	12.50%	-	-			-			-		-	-	-	
15	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2,50%					-			-		-	-	-	
16	375	Reuse Trans, and Dist, System	2.50%					-						-	-	
17	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	5.00%	890,485	66,786			-			-		44,524	890,485	111,31	
18	381	Plant Sewers	5.00%	-	-			-					-	-	-	
19	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	3,33%	-	-			-			-			-	-	
20	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	6.67%		-			-			-			-	-	
21	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%	-	-			-			-		-	-	-	
22	390.1	Computers and Software	20.00%	-	-			-			-		-	-	-	
23	391	Transportation Equipment	20.00%	-	-			-			-		-	-	-	
24	392	Stores Equipment	4.00%	-	-	1		-			-		-	-	-	
25	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5.00%	-	-	i					-		-	-	-	
26	394	Laboratory Equip	10.00%	-	-	İ		-			-		•	-	-	
26	395	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%	-	-	ŀ		-			-		-	-		
26	396	Communication Equip	10.00%	-	-			-			-		-	-		
26	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%	-	-			-			•		-	-		
26	398	Other Tangible Plant	10,00%	-	-			-			-		•			
29				-	-			-			-		-	-		
30				-	-			-			-		-	-	-	
31				-				-			-			-	-	
32				-		İ		-			-		-	-	-	
33				-				-			-		-	-	-	
34								-			-		•	-	-	
35																
36		TOTALS	1	1,379,092	79,962	-	-						53,032	1,379,092	132,99	

								200					
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	<u>No.</u>	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec_
1	351	Organization	0.00%										_
2	352	Franchise	0.00%										_
3	353	Land	0.00%			-						105,000	_
4	354	Structures & Improvements	3.33%								1.876	56.350	6.56
5	355	Power Generation	5,00%						-		144	2,879	504
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.00%			-			-			-	-
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.00%			-			-		5,211	260,553	18,239
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	2,00%			-			-		-		-
9	363	Customer Services	2.00%			-			-		1,208	60,375	4,226
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	10,00%						-		-	-	-
10	365	Flow Measuring Installations	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
10	366	Reuse Services	2.00%			-					69	3,450	656
12	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8.33%			-			-		-		-
13	370	Receiving Wells	3.33%			-			-		-		-
14	371	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			-			-		-	-	-
15	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2.50%									-	-
16	375	Reuse Trans, and Dist. System	2.50%			-					_		_
17	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	5.00%			-					44,524	890,485	155,835
18	381	Plant Sewers	5.00%			-			•				-
19	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	3,33%			-			-			-	-
20	369	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	6,67%	ì		-			-			-	-
21	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%			-			-		-		-
22	390.1	Computers and Software	20.00%			-			-		-	-	-
23	391	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-			-		-	-	-
24	392	Stores Equipment	4,00%			-			-		-	-	-
25	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5,00%			-			-		-	-	-
26	394	Laboratory Equip	10,00%			-			-		-	-	-
26	395	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			-			-		-	-	-
26	396	Communication Equip	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
26	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			-			-			-	
26	398	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
29						-					-	-	-
30						-			-		-	-	-
31						-			-		-	-	-
32			1			-			-		-	-	
33						-			-		-	-	
34									-		-	-	
35													
36		TOTALS	1	-		-		-	-		53,032	1,379,092	186,027

			2008											
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted					
Line	Account	t .	Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum,	
No.	No.	Description	<u>Rate</u>	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	<u>Balance</u>	Deprec.	
1	351	Organization	0.00%			-			_			_		
2	352	Franchise	0.00%			-			-		-	-	_	
3	353	Land	0.00%			-			-		_	105,000	-	
4	354	Structures & Improvements	3.33%			-			_		1,876	56,350	8,444	
5	355	Power Generation	5,00%			-					144	2,879	648	
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.00%			-			-		-	-	-	
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.00%			-			-		5,211	260,553	23,450	
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	2.00%			-			-		-			
9	363	Customer Services	2.00%			-			-		1,208	60,375	5,434	
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	10.00%			-					_	-	-	
10	365	Flow Measuring Installations	10.00%			-			-		-		-	
10	366	Reuse Services	2.00%			-			-		69	3,450	725	
12	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8,33%			-			-		-		-	
13	370	Receiving Wells	3.33%			-			-		-			
14	371	Pumping Equipment	12,50%			-			-		-	-		
15	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2.50%						-		-	-	-	
16	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	2.50%			-			-		-	-	-	
17	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	5.00%	13,507		13,507			-		44,862	903,992	200,697	
18	381	Plant Sewers	5.00%			-			-		-	-	-	
19	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	3.33%						-		-	_	-	
20	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	6.67%			-			-		-	_	-	
21	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%	2,552		2,552					85	2,552	85	
22	390.1	Computers and Software	20.00%			-					-	-	-	
23	391	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-					-	-	-	
24	392	Stores Equipment	4,00%			-					-	-	-	
25	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5,00%			-					-	-	-	
26	394	Laboratory Equip	10,00%			-					-	-	-	
26	395	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			-			-		-		-	
26	396	Communication Equip	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-	
26	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-	
26	398	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-	
29						-			-		-	-	-	
30						-					-	-	-	
31						-			-			-	-	
32						-			-		-	-		
33						-			-		-	-		
34						-			-		-	-		
35			l i											
36		TOTALS	1 1	16,059	-	16,059		-	-	-	53.455	1,395,151	239,482	

								2	1009				
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec,	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	<u>No.</u>	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	351	Organization	0.00%			-						-	
2	352	Franchise	0.00%			_					-	_	
3	353	Land	0.00%			_					-	105,000	
4	354	Structures & Improvements	3.33%			_			-		1,876	56,350	10,321
5	355	Power Generation	5,00%			-			-		144	2,879	792
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.00%			-			-		-	-	
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.00%						-		5,211	260,553	28,661
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	2.00%			-			-				-
9	363	Customer Services	2,00%			-			-		1,208	60,375	6,641
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	10,00%			-							-
10	365	Flow Measuring Installations	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
10	366	Reuse Services	2.00%			-			-		69	3,450	794
12	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8.33%			-			-				-
13	370	Receiving Wells	3.33%			-			-		-	-	-
14	371	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			-			-		-	-	-
15	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2.50%			-			-		-	-	
16	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	2.50%			-			-		-	_	-
17	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	5.00%			-			-		45,200	903,992	245,896
18	381	Plant Sewers	5.00%			-			-		-	-	-
19	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	3,33%			-			-		-	-	-
20	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	6,67%			-			-		-	-	-
21	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%			-			-		170	2,552	255
22	390.1	Computers and Software	20.00%			-			-		-		-
23	391	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-					-	•	
24	392	Stores Equipment	4.00%			-			-		-	-	-
25	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5.00%			-			-		-	-	-
26	394	Laboratory Equip	10.00%			•			-		-	-	-
26	395	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%						-		-	-	-
26	396	Communication Equip	10.00%			-			-		•	-	-
26	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			-			-		•	-	-
26	398	Other Tangible Plant	10,00%			-					-	•	-
29						-			-		-	-	
30						•			-		•	-	-
31									-		•	-	-
32									-		-	-	-
33						•			-			-	-
34						•			-		•	-	-
35													
36		TOTALS		-	-	-			-	-	53,878	1,395,151	293,360

								20					
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum.
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	351	Organization	0.00%			-			_		-	_	-
2	352	Franchise	0.00%			-			-		_	-	
3	353	Land	0.00%			-			-		_	105,000	_
4	354	Structures & Improvements	3.33%			-			_		1,876	56,350	12,197
5	355	Power Generation	5,00%			-			-		144	2,879	936
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.00%			_					-		-
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.00%			_			-		5.211	260.553	33,872
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	2.00%			_			-		-	,	-
9	363	Customer Services	2.00%						-		1,208	60,375	7.849
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	10.00%								-	-	-
10	365	Flow Measuring Installations	10.00%			-			_			_	_
10	366	Reuse Services	2.00%			-			_		69	3,450	863
12	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8.33%			-			-			-	-
13	370	Receiving Wells	3,33%			-			-			-	_
14	371	Pumping Equipment	12,50%			-			-			_	_
15	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2,50%									_	_
16	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	2.50%			-			-		_	-	-
17	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	5.00%			-			-		45,200	903,992	291,096
18	381	Plant Sewers	5.00%			-			-				
19	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	3.33%			-			-		_	-	_
20	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	6.67%			-			-		-	-	-
21	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%			-			-		170	2,552	426
22	390.1	Computers and Software	20.00%			-			-			-	-
23	391	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			-						_	-
24	392	Stores Equipment	4.00%			-			-		-	_	-
25	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5,00%			-			-			-	-
26	394	Laboratory Equip	10.00%			-			-		-	_	_
26	395	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%			-			-		-		-
26	396	Communication Equip	10.00%			-			-		-	-	-
26	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%						-		-		-
26	398	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%			-			-		-	-	
29						-			-		-	-	-
30									-		-	-	-
31									-		-	-	-
32			1			-			-			_	
33			1			-			-			-	
34						-			-		-	_	
35													
36		TOTALS	l i	-		-	-	-		-	53,878	1,395,151	347,237

								20	011				
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum,
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	351	Organization	0.00%			_							
2	352	Franchise	0.00%			_							_
3	353	Land	0.00%			_						105,000	
4	354	Structures & Improvements	3.33%			_					1,876	56,350	14,073
5	355	Power Generation	5.00%			_					144	2.879	1.080
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2.00%	ļ		_					-	-,	
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.00%			_			-		5,211	260,553	39.083
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	2.00%			_			_		-		
9	363	Customer Services	2.00%			_					1,208	60,375	9,056
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	10.00%			-					-	-	
10	365	Flow Measuring Installations	10.00%						_		_		_
10	366	Reuse Services	2.00%						_		69	3,450	932
12	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8,33%								-		-
13	370	Receiving Wells	3.33%								_	_	-
14	371	Pumping Equipment	12.50%			_					_	_	_
15	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2,50%			_			-		_	_	_
16	375	Reuse Trans. and Dist. System	2.50%						-				-
17	360	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	5.00%						-		45,200	903,992	336,296
18	381	Plant Sewers	5,00%										-
19	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	3,33%			-							
20	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	6,67%			-					_	-	-
21	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%			_			-		170	2,552	596
22	390.1	Computers and Software	20.00%			_			-			2,002	
23	391	Transportation Equipment	20.00%			_			_				
24	392	Stores Equipment	4.00%			-			_		-		
25	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5,00%			_			_		_	-	
26	394	Laboratory Equip	10,00%			_			_		_	_	-
26	395	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%						-		_	_	-
26	396	Communication Equip	10,00%						-		_	_	_
26	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%						-		_	_	_
26	398	Other Tangible Plant	10.00%						-		-	_	_
29		•				-							
30						_			-				
31						_			-			-	
32						_			-			-	
33						_							
34						_							_
35											_	_	-
36		TOTALS					-				53.878	1,395,151	401,115

								20	12				
	NARUC		Allowed	Plant		Adjusted	Plant		Adjusted				
Line	Account		Deprec.	Additions	Plant	Plant	Retirements	Retirement	Plant	Salvage	Depreciation	Plant	Accum,
No.	No.	Description	Rate	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Additions	(Per Books)	Adjustments	Retirements	A/D Only	(Calculated)	Balance	Deprec.
1	351	Organization	0,00%	i		_					-	_	
2	352	Franchise	0.00%			-					_		
3	353	Land	0,00%	l		-					_	105,000	
4	354	Structures & Improvements	3,33%	•		-					1,876	56,350	15,9
5	355	Power Generation	5.00%								144	2,879	1,2
6	360	Collection Sewer Forced	2,00%	ļ		-			-		-		
7	361	Collection Sewers Gravity	2.00%			-			-		5,211	260,553	44,2
8	362	Special Collecting Structures	2,00%	1		-			-		-		-
9	363	Customer Services	2,00%			-					1,208	60,375	10,2
10	364	Flow Measuring Devices	10,00%	•		-					-	-	
10	365	Flow Measuring Installations	10.00%								-	-	
10	366	Reuse Services	2.00%								69	3.450	1.0
12	367	Reuse Meters And Installation	8.33%								_		
13	370	Receiving Wells	3.33%	ì									
14	371	Pumping Equipment	12.50%										
15	374	Reuse Distribution Reservoirs	2.50%	i								_	
16	375	Reuse Trans, and Dist. System	2.50%								_		
17	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	5.00%			-					45,200	903.992	381.4
18	381	Plant Sewers	5.00%			-					-		
19	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	3.33%								_	_	
20	389	Other Sewer Plant & Equipment	6.67%	ļ							-	_	
21	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	6.67%	1,698		1.698			_		227	4,251	٤
22	390.1	Computers and Software	20,00%	421		421			_		42	421	
23	391	Transportation Equipment	20.00%						_				
24	392	Stores Equipment	4.00%						_		_	_	
25	393	Tools, Shop And Garage Equip	5.00%						-		_	-	
26	394	Laboratory Equip	10.00%						_		_		_
26	395	Power Operated Equipment	5.00%						_		_	_	_
26	396	Communication Equip	10.00%	1					_		_	_	
26	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	10.00%			_			_		_	_	
26	398	Other Tangible Plant	10,00%			_					_		
29				i		_			_		_	_	
30											_	_	
31			1								_	_	
32						_			-		_		
33			,	1								-	
34			i						-				
35						-			-		-	-	
36		TOTALS		2.119		2,119					53,977	1,397,271	455,0

Utility Source. LLC - Wastewater Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment Number 2

Accumulated Depreciation

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 4 Witness: Bourassa

455,064

\$ 28

1				<u>A</u> Adjustments	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	₫	<u>E</u>	Rebuttal
3			Adjusted	Required to	Intentionally	Intentionally	Intentionally	Intentionally	Adjusted
4	Acct.		Accum.	Reconcile to	Left	Left	Left	Left	Accum.
5	No.	Description	Depr.	Reconstruction	Blank	Blank	Blank	Blank	Depr.
6	351	Organization Cost							
7	352	Franchise Cost	-	-					-
8	353	Land and Land Rights	-	-					-
9	354	Structures & Improvements	15,950	-					15,950
10	355	Power Generation Equipment	1,224	-					1,224
11	360	Collection Sewers - Force	-	-					-
12	361	Collection Sewers - Gravity	44,294	-					44,294
13	362	Special Collecting Structures	10,264	-					10,264
14	363	Servcies to Customers	-	-					-
15	364	Flow Measuring Devices	1,001	-					1,001
16	365	Flow Measuring Installations	-	-					-
17	366	Reuse Services	-	-					•
18	367	Reuse Meters and Meter Installations	-	-					-
19	370	Receiving Wells	-	-					•
20	371	Pumping Equipment	381,495	-					381,495
21	374	Reuse Distribution Reserviors	-	-					-
22	375	Reuse Transmission and Distribution	-	-					-
23	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	837	(14)					823
24	381	Plant Sewers	-	42					42
25	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	-	-					•
26	389	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	-	-					-
27	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	-	-					•
28	390.1	Computers & Software	-	-					-
29	391	Transportation Equipment	÷	-					•
30	392	Stores Equipment	~	-					-
31	393	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	-	-					•
32	394	Laboratory Equipment	•	-					-
33	395	Power Operated Equipment	-	•					-
34	396	Communication Equipment	-	-					-
35	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	-	-					-
36	398	Other Tangible Plant							- 455.000
37		TOTALS	\$ 455,064	\$ 28	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455,092
38									

Adjustments

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES B-2, pages 4.1

Accumulated Depreciation per Books increase (decrease) in Accumulated Depreciation

Adjustment to Accumulated Depreciation

Line No.

Utility Source. LLC - Wastewater Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments Adjustment Number 2 -A

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 4.1 Witness: Bourassa

Line					
<u>No.</u> 1	Pagana	ilation to Pacanetrustad Accumulated [Conreciation		
2	Reconc	ilation to Reconstructed Accumulated [<u>Jepreciation</u>	Accumulated	
3			Adjusted	Depreciation	
4	Acct.		Accumulated	Per Plant	Adjustment
5	No.	Description			Required
6	351	Organization Cost	<u>Depreciation</u>	Reconstruction	Required
7	352	Franchise Cost	-	•	-
8	352 353	Land and Land Rights	-	-	-
9	353 354	5	15,950	15,950	-
		Structures & Improvements	1,224	15,950	-
10	355	Power Generation Equipment	1,224	•	-
11	360	Collection Sewers - Force	-	44.004	-
12	361	Collection Sewers - Gravity	44,294	44,294	-
13	362	Special Collecting Structures	10,264	10,264	-
14	363	Servcies to Customers	-		-
15	364	Flow Measuring Devices	1,001	1,001	-
16	365	Flow Measuring Installations	-	-	-
17	366	Reuse Services	-	-	-
18	367	Reuse Meters and Meter Installation	- '	-	-
19	370	Receiving Wells	-	•	-
20	371	Pumping Equipment	381,495	381,495	-
21	374	Reuse Distribution Reserviors	-	-	-
22	375	Reuse Transmission and Distributio	-	-	-
23	380	Treatment & Disposal Equipment	837	823	(14)
24	381	Plant Sewers	-	42	42
25	382	Outfall Sewer Lines	-		-
26	389	Other Plant & Misc Equipment	-	-	-
27	390	Office Furniture & Equipment	-	-	-
28	390.1	Computers & Software	-	-	-
29	391	Transportation Equipment	-	-	-
30	392	Stores Equipment	-	-	-
31	393	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	-	-	-
32	394	Laboratory Equipment	-	-	-
33	395	Power Operated Equipment	-	-	-
34	396	Communication Equipment	-	-	-
35	397	Miscellaneous Equipment	-	=	-
36	398	Other Tangible Plant	-		-
37		TOTALS	#REF!	\$ 455,092	\$ 28

40 41 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE

B-2, pages 3.2 - 3.8

42

Utility Source. LLC - Wastewater Division
Test Year Ended December 31, 2012
Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments
Adjustment 3

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 5.0 Witness: Bourassa

Contributions-in-Aid of Construction (CIAC) and Accumulated Amortization

<u>No.</u>					
1					
2					
3			Gross	Acc	umulated
4			CIAC	Ame	ortization
5	Computed balance at end of test year	\$	197,973	\$	86,715
6					,
7	Adjusted balance at end of test year	\$	197,973	\$	86,711
8					
9	Increase (decrease)	\$	-	\$	4
10					
11					
12	Adjustment to CIAC/AA CIAC	\$	-	\$	(4)
13	Label	-	3a		3b

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

E-1

Line

B-2, page 5.1

Utility Source. LLC - Wastewater Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Contributions-in-aid of Construction (CIAC) Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 5.1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u>	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	CIAC
6	
7	Amortization Decision No. 70140
8	Amortization Rate
9	Amortization (1/2 yr convention)
10	Accumulated Amortization
11	
12	Net CIAC
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	

[2006		2007		2008		2009	
Balance		Balance		Balance		Balance		Balance
12/31/2005	Additions	12/31/2006	Additions	12/31/2007	Additions	12/31/2008	Additions	12/31/2009
197,973		197,973		197,973		197,973		197,973
12,425								
12,420		4.16%		4.16%		4.14%		4.18%
		8,240		8,240		8,203		8,268
		20,665		28,906		37,108		45,376
185,548	-	177,308		169,067	-	160,865	-	152,597

18	
19	
20	CIAC
21	
22	
23	
24	Amortization Rate
25	Amortization (1/2 yr convention)
26	Accumulated Amortization
27	
28	Net CIAC
29	
30	

20	10	20	11	2012		
Additions	Balance 12/31/2010	Additions	Balance 12/31/2011	Additions	Balance 12/31/2012	
-	197,973	-	197,973	-	197,973	
	4,18%		4.18%		4.18%	
	8,268		8,268		8,269	
	70,178		78,446		86,715	
-	127,795	-	119,527	-	111,258	

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012
Original Cost Rate Base Proforma Adjustments
Adjustment 4
Customer Deposits

Line

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

Testimony

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule B-2 Page 6 Witness: Bourassa

<u>No.</u>		
1		
2		
3		
4	Staff recommended balance	\$ 5,065
5		·
6	Book balance at end of test year	\$ -
7		·
8	Increase (decrease)	\$ 5,065
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Computation of Working Capital Exhibit

Rebuttal Schedule B-5

Page 1

Witness: Bourassa

Line No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Cash Working Capital (1/8 of Allowance Operation and Maintenance Expense) Pumping Power (1/24 of Pumping Power) Purchased Water (1/24 of Purchased Water) Prepaid Expenses	\$	16,175 1,092 527
8	Taballada di Constitutati		47.70
9 10	Total Working Capital Allowance	_\$	17,795
11			
12	Working Capital Requested	\$	
13	oup.taloquootou		
14			
15			
16			
17			ed Test Year
18	Total Operating Expense	\$	202,851
19	Less:		
20	Income Tax	\$	(15,616)
21	Property Tax		4,401
22	Depreciation		45,791
23	Purchased Water		12,659
24	Pumping Power		26,213
25	Allowable Expenses	<u>\$</u> \$	129,403
26	1/8 of allowable expenses	_\$	16,175
27			

RECAP SCHEDULES: B-1

E-1

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:

Utility Source. LLC - Wastewater Division
Test Year Ended December 31, 2012
Income Statement

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-1 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u> 1	Revenues	A	est Year Adjusted Results	<u>Ad</u>	<u>justment</u>		Rebuttal Test Year Adjusted Results		Proposed Rate Increase	V	Rebuttal Adjusted vith Rate ncrease
2	Flat Rate Revenues	\$		\$		æ		•		•	
3		Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	446.000	\$	-	\$	-
	Unmetered Water Revenues		116,023		(4.000)		116,023		209,436		325,458
4	Other Water Revenues		5,261		(1,820)		3,441				3,441
5	0	\$	121,284	\$	(1,820)	Þ	119,464	\$	209,436	\$	328,900
6	Operating Expenses	•				_				_	
7	Salaries and Wages	\$	-		-	\$	-			\$	-
8	Purchased Water				-		-				-
9	Purchased Power		26,213		-		26,213				26,213
10	Sludge Removal		12,659		-		12,659				12,659
11	Chemicals		5,400		-		5,400				5,400
12	Materials and Supplies		7,187		-		7,187				7,187
13	Office Supplies and Expense		2,446		-		2,446				2,446
14	Contractual Services - Accounting		20,135		-		20,135				20,135
15	Contractual Services - Professional		1,920		-		1,920				1,920
16	Contractual Services - Maintenance		-		-		-				-
17	Contractual Services - Other		46,650		-		46,650				46,650
18	Water Testing		5,669		8,858		14,527				14,527
19	Rents		-		-		-				-
20	Transportation Expenses		3,250		(1,750)		1,500				1,500
21	Insurance - General Liability		2,186				2,186				2,186
22	Insurance - Health and Life		-		-		-				_,
23	Reg. Comm. Exp Other		-		-		-				_
24	Reg. Comm. Exp Rate Case		10,000		6,667		16,667				16,667
25	Miscellaneous Expense		13,152		(2,366)		10,786				10,786
26	Bad Debt Expense		-		(2,000)		10,100				-
27	Depreciation and Amortization Expense		45,744		48		45,791				45,791
28	Taxes Other Than Income				-						45,791
29	Property Taxes		4,476		(75)		4,401		2.576		6.977
30	Income Tax		(13,545)		(2,071)		(15,616)		32,628		
31	income rax		(13,343)		(2,071)		(13,616)		32,626		17,012
32	Total Operating Expenses	\$	193,541		9,310	\$	202,851	_	35,204		238,056
33	Operating Income	-		<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$	
34		Ф	(72,257)	Þ	(11,130)	Ф	(83,387)	Ф	174,232	\$	90,844
35	Other Income (Expense)										
	Interest Income		-		-		-				-
36	Other income		=		-		=				-
37	Interest Expense		-		-		-				-
38	Other Expense		-		-		-				-
39							-				
40	Total Other Income (Expense)	_\$		_\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
41	Net Profit (Loss)	\$	(72,257)	\$	(11,130)	\$	(83,387)	\$	174,232	\$	90,844
42							<u></u>				
40	OURDODAING COLLEDING									–	_

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES: C-1, page 2 E-2

43 44

45 46

RECAP SCHEDULES:

A-1

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-1 Page 2.1 Witness: Bourassa

			EL>>>> est Year	1			2		3 Rate		4	<u>5</u>		<u>6</u>	Z
			djusted			Dro	perty		Case		Revenue	Water		Auto	Telephone
Line			Results	Depre	sistion		ixes		Expense		Adjustment	Testing	1	Expense	Expense
<u>No.</u> 1	Revenues		Kesuits	Debied	adnoti.	1.5	W.		EXPONSE	-	- Coldottilicia	TOOMIG		300	
2	Flat Rate Revenues	\$													
3	Measured Revenues	•	116,023												
4	Other Water Revenues		5,261								(1,820)				
5	Outer Water Revenues	\$	121,284	•		s	-	-\$		\$	(1,820) \$	-	\$	- S	-
6	Operating Expenses	Ψ	121,204	•		•		•		•	(1,525)				
7	Salaries and Wages	\$	-												
á	Purchased Water	•	_												
9	Purchased Power		26,213												
10	Sludge Removal		12,659												
11	Chemicals		5,400												
12	Materials and Supplies		7,187												
13	Office Supplies and Expense		2,446												
14	Contractual Services - Accounting		20,135												
15	Contractual Services - Accounting		1,920												
16	Contractual Services - Maintenance		,,52.0												
17	Contractual Services - Other		46,650												
18	Water Testing		5,669									8,858			
19	Rents		3,003									-,,,,,			
20	Transportation Expenses		3,250											(1,750)	
21	Insurance - General Liability		2,186											(/////	
22	Insurance - Health and Life		2,100												
23	Reg. Comm. Exp Other														
24	Reg. Comm. Exp Rate Case		10,000						6.667						
25	Miscellaneous Expense		13,152						0,007						(2,366)
26	Bad Debt Expense		10,102												(-1/
26 27	Deprec, and Amort, Exp.		45,744		48										
28	Taxes Other Than Income		43,744		70										
29	Property Taxes		4,476				(75	5)							
30	Income Tax		(13,545)				(1)	"							
31	income rax		(13,343)												
32	Total Operating Expenses	\$	193,541	\$	48	\$	(75	5) \$	6,667	\$	- 5	8,858		(1,750) \$	(2,366)
33	Operating Income		(72,257)		(48)			\$	(6,667		(1,820) \$			1,750 \$	2,366
34	Other Income (Expense)	•	(12,201)	•	(40)	•	, .	•	(0,007	, -	(//020)	(-,	′ -		
35	Interest Income		_												
36	Other income														
37	Interest Expense		-												
38	Other Expense		-												
39	Other Expense		_												
40	Total Other Income (Expense)	\$		s		\$	-	- \$		\$	- \$		S	- \$	-
41	Net Profit (Loss)	\$	(72,257)		(48)			\$	(6,667		(1,820) \$	(8,858)	5	1,750 \$	
42	inci i rom (Loss)		(, =,=01)	<u> </u>	1,01				72,30,	-	11111111	1-/			
	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:														
43 44	C-2														
44 45	E-2														
40	L-2														

Utility Source, LLC - Wastewater Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Income Statement

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-1 Page 2.2 Witness: Bourassa

Line No.			8 entionally Left	1	9 ntentionally Left	In	10 tentionally Left		11 Income		Rebuttal Test Year Adjusted	Propo Rai	e		Rebuttal Adjusted with Rate
1	Revenues		<u>Blank</u>		<u>Blank</u>		Blank		<u>Taxes</u>		Results	Incre	așe		ncrease
2	Flat Rate Revenues									_					
3	Measured Revenues									\$				\$	-
4	Other Water Revenues										116,023	209	,436		325,458
5	Outci Tratai Neveldes	\$		s		-		_			3,441				3,441
6	Operating Expenses	•	-	ð	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	119,464	\$ 209	,436	\$	328,900
7	Salaries and Wages									_					
8	Purchased Water									\$	-			\$	-
9	Purchased Power														-
10	Sludge Removal										26,213				26,213
11	Chemicals										12,659				12,659
12	Materials and Supplies										5,400				5,400
13	Office Supplies and Expense										7,187				7,187
14	Contractual Services - Accounting										2,446				2,446
15	Contractual Services - Accounting										20,135				20,135
16	Contractual Services - Maintenance										1,920				1,920
17	Contractual Services - Maintenance														-
18	Water Testing										46,650				46,650
19	Rents										14,527				14,527
20	Transportation Expenses														-
21	insurance - General Liability										1,500				1,500
22	Insurance - Health and Life										2,186				2,186
23	Reg. Comm. Exp Other										-				-
24	Reg. Comm. Exp Rate Case										40.007				
25	Miscellaneous Expense										16,667				16,667
26	Bad Debt Expense										10,786				10,786
27	Deprec. and Amort, Exp.														
28	Taxes Other Than Income										45,791				45,791
29	Property Taxes											_			
30	Income Tax								(0.074)		4,401		,576		6,977
31	moonie rux								(2,071)		(15,616)	32	,628		17,012
32	Total Operating Expenses	•		\$		-		_	(0.074)	_					
33	Operating Income	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u> \$		\$	(2,071)				,204	\$	238,056
34	Other Income (Expense)	•		Ψ	-	Ф	-	•	2,071	2	(83,387)	5 174	,232	\$	90,844
35	Interest Income														
36	Other income										-				-
37	Interest Expense										•				-
38	Other Expense										-				-
39	outer Expense										-				-
40	Total Other Income (Expense)	\$		\$		-		-		_					-
41	Net Profit (Loss)	-		\$	-	\$	-	\$	2.074	\$			-	\$	
42				<u> </u>		*		•	2,071	\$	(83,387)	174	232	\$	90,844
43	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:										-				
44	C-2											ECAP S		DULE	S
45	E-2										(C-1, pag	e 1		
,,															

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line			<u>Adjustmer</u>	nts to Revenues an	d Expenses			
<u>No.</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	
1 2 3 4	Revenues	Depreciation <u>Expense</u>	Property <u>Taxes</u>	Rate Case Expense	Revenue Adjustment (1,820)	Water Testing	Auto Expense	Subtotal (1.830)
5	revendes	_	_	-	(1,820)	-	-	(1,820)
6	Expenses	48	(75)	6,667	<u>-</u>	8,858	(1,750)	13,747
7								
8	Operating	(40)		/a aa=:				
9 10	Income	(48)	75	(6,667)	(1,820)	(8,858)	1,750	(15,567)
11	Interest							
12	Expense							
13	Other						-	-
14	Income /							_
15	Expense							
16	·							
17	Net Income	(48)	75	(6,667)	(1,820)	(8,858)	1,750	(15,567)
18							<u></u>	
19								
20				its to Revenues and	<u>Expenses</u>			
21		<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>		<u>Subtotal</u>
22			Intentionally	Intentionally	Intentionally			
23		Telephone	Left	Left	Left	Income		
24 25	Revenues	Expense	<u>Blank</u>	<u>Blank</u>	<u>Blank</u>	<u>Taxes</u>		/ · · · · · · ·
26	Revenues	-	-	•	-	-		(1,820)
27	Expenses	(2,366)	_	_		(2,071)		9,310
28	LAPONGO	(2,500)			·····	(2,071)	-	9,310
29	Operating							
30	Income	2,366	-	-	-	2,071	_	(11,130)
31		·				_,		(////
32	Interest							
33	Expense							-
34	Other							
35	Income /							-
36	Expense	***						
37								
38	Net Income	2,366	-	-	-	2,071		(11,130)
39								
40								

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

Depreciation Expense

No.	Line No.							
No. Description Cost Fully Depreciable Cost Fully Depreciable Cost Cos								
No. Description Cost Fully Depreciated Cost Rates Expense Cost					hatzuihA			
No. Description Cost Fully Depreciated Cost Rates Cognition Co		Acct.		Original	Non-depreciable/		Proposed	Denreciation
Signatur Continue			Description	_	•	_		
Second Communication Second Communication				<u> </u>	- unit Depresiated	<u>5031</u>	***************************************	LAPENSE
353					_	_		_
Second Communication Second Communication	-			105 000	(105,000)			_
335			J	,	(100,000)			1 876
1	-		•	,				.,
1 361 Collection Sewers - Gravity 260,553 260,553 2.00% 5,211 2 362 Special Collecting Structures -				2,070		2,070		
12 362 Special Collecting Structures 2.00% 1.208 1				260 553		260 553		
13 363 Services to Customers 60,375				,		200,555		· ·
1						60 375		
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				-		-		1,200
16				-		_		_
17 367 Reuse Meters and Meter Installations -				3 450		3 450		69
18				0,400		0,400		-
1						_		_
20 374 Reuse Distribution Reserviors			· ·			_		_
1				_				
23 380 Treatment & Disposal Equipment 903,992 903,992 5,00% 45,200 23 381 Plant Sewers - - - 5,00% - 24 382 Outhall Sewer Lines - - 6,67% - 25 389 Other Plant & Misc Equipment - - 6,67% - 26 390 Office Furniture & Equipment 4,251 4,251 6,67% 284 27 3901 Computers & Software 421 20,00% 84 28 391 Transportation Equipment - - 20,00% - 39 392 Stores Equipment - - 10,00% - 31 394 Laboratory Equipment - - 10,00% - 31 395 Power Operated Equipment - - 10,00% - 34 397 Miscellaneous Equipment - - 10,00% - 38<				_				
Supporting Schebolle Supporting Schebolle				903 992		903 992		45 200
382					_			
State Stat				_				
390 Office Furniture & Equipment 4,251 4,251 6,67% 284								
390.1 Computers & Software 421 20.00% 84				4 251				-
Sumbor S								
Store Stor			•					-
393 Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment - 10.00% -								-
394 Laboratory Equipment - 10.00% -				_				
395 Power Operated Equipment - 5,00% -				-		_		
33 396 Communication Equipment - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00% - 10.00%				_				_
397 Miscellaneous Equipment - 10.00% -				_		_		_
398 Other Tangible Plant - 10.00% -				_		_		_
TOTALS 1,397,271 105,000 1,292,271 54,075 54,			• •	_				_
TOTALS 1,397,271 105,000 1,292,271 54,075 10,00% 1,292,271 54,075 10,00% 1,292,271 10,00%			o and i rangelo i lant				10.0070	
TOTALS 1,397,271 (105,000) 1,292,271 54,075 54,075 6								
TOTALS 1,397,271 \$ (105,000) \$ 1,292,271 \$ 54,075						_	10.00%	_
40			TOTALS -	\$ 1397271	\$ (105,000)	\$ 1 292 271	. 10.0070	\$ 54.075
Adjusted Test Year Depreciation Expense Lore Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expense Lore Adjustment to Rev			1017120	4 1,007,271	(100,000)	Ψ 1,202,211		Ψ 34,073
42 Less: Amortization of Contributions \$ 197,973 4.1845% \$ (8,284) 43 Total Depreciation Expense \$ 45,791 44 Adjusted Test Year Depreciation Expense 45,744 46 Increase (decrease) in Depreciation Expense 48 49 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses \$ 48 50 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE						Gross CIAC	Amort Rate	
43 Total Depreciation Expense \$ 45,791 44 45 45 Adjusted Test Year Depreciation Expense 45,744 46 Increase (decrease) in Depreciation Expense 48 48 49 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses \$ 48 50 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE		Loss: An	partization of Contributions					¢ (0.004)
44 45 Adjusted Test Year Depreciation Expense 45,744 46 Increase (decrease) in Depreciation Expense 48 48 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses \$ 48 50 \$ 48 51 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE						\$ 197,973	4.1845%	
45 Adjusted Test Year Depreciation Expense 45,744 46 Increase (decrease) in Depreciation Expense 48 49 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses \$ 48 50 \$ UPPORTING SCHEDULE		Total De	preciation Expense					\$ 45,791
46 47 Increase (decrease) in Depreciation Expense		Adjusted	Tost Voor Donrociation Evnance					45 744
47 Increase (decrease) in Depreciation Expense 48 48 49 49 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses \$ 48 50 \$ 51 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE		Aujustea	rest real Depreciation Expense				-	45,744
48 49 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses \$ 48 50 51 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE		Increase	(docrosse) in Doprosistion Evpones					40
49 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses \$ 48 50 51 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE		increase	(decrease) in Depreciation Expense					46
50 51 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE		A directors	ont to Boyonyaa and/or Cyronas					• 40
51 SUPPORTING SCHEDULE		Aujustme	ent to Revenues and/or Expenses					a 48
		OU DDCC	TIMO COLIEDUI E					
						*E. II - Danier 11 1		
52 B-2, page 3 *Fully Depreciated	ЭZ	ь-∠, pag	e 3			rully Depreciate	ď	

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule Page 3 Witness: Bourassa

Property Taxes

No. DESCRIPTION Test Year as adjusted Company Recommended 1 Company Adjusted Test Year Revenues \$ 119,464 \$ 119 2 Weight Factor 2 3 Subtotal (Line 1 * Line 2) 238,928 238 4 Company Recommended Revenue 119,464 328 5 Subtotal (Line 4 + Line 5) 358,391 567
1 Company Adjusted Test Year Revenues \$ 119,464 \$ 119 2 Weight Factor 2 3 Subtotal (Line 1 * Line 2) 238,928 238 4 Company Recommended Revenue 119,464 328 5 Subtotal (Line 4 + Line 5) 358,391 567
2 Weight Factor 2 3 Subtotal (Line 1 * Line 2) 238,928 238 4 Company Recommended Revenue 119,464 328 5 Subtotal (Line 4 + Line 5) 358,391 567
4 Company Recommended Revenue 119,464 328 5 Subtotal (Line 4 + Line 5) 358,391 567
5 Subtotal (Line 4 + Line 5) 358,391 567
5 Subtotal (Line 4 + Line 5) 358,391 567
6 Number of Years 3
7 Three Year Average (Line 5 / Line 6) 119,464 189
8 Department of Revenue Mutilplier 2
9 Revenue Base Value (Line 7 * Line 8) 238,928 378
10 Plus: 10% of CWIP (intentionally excluded) -
11 Less: Net Book Value of Licensed Vehicles 421
12 Full Cash Value (Line 9 + Line 10 - Line 11) 238,507 378
13 Assessment Ratio 20.0%
14 Assessment Value (Line 12 * Line 13) 47,701 75
15 Composite Property Tax Rate - Obtained from ADOR 9.2262% 9.2
16 Test Year Adjusted Property Tax Expense (Line 14 * Line 15) \$ 4,401 \$
17 Tax on Parcels -
18 Total Property Taxes (Line 16 + Line 17) \$ 4,401
19 Adjusted Test Year Property Taxes \$ 4,476
20 Adjustment to Test Year Property Taxes (Line 18 - Line 19) \$ (75)
21
22 Property Tax on Company Recommended Revenue (Line 16 + Line 17)
23 Company Test Year Adjusted Property Tax Expense (Line 18) 24 Increase in Property Tax Due to Increase in Revenue Requirement \$ 2
25
26 Increase in Property Tax Due to Increase in Revenue Requirement (Line 24) \$
27 Increase in Revenue Requirement \$ 209
28 Increase in Property Tax Per Dollar Increase in Revenue (Line 26 / Line 27) 1,23
29

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 4 Witness: Bourassa

Rate Case Expense

Line			
<u>No.</u>			
1			
2			
3	Estimated Rate Case Expense	\$	50,000
4			
5	Estimated Amortization Period in Years		3
6			
7	Annual Rate Case Expense	\$	16,667
8			
9	Adjusted Test Year Rate Case Expense	\$	10,000
10		_	
11	Increase(decrease) Rate Case Expense	\$	6,667
12			
13	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$	6,667
14			
15			
16	Reference		
17	Testimony		
18			
19			
20			

Exhibit Schedule C-2 Page 5 Witness: Bourassa

Revenue Adjustment

Line <u>No.</u> 1			
2 3	Revenue Adjustment	\$	(1,820)
4 5			
6	Total Revenue from Annualization	\$	(1,820)
7			
8		•	(4.000)
9	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$	(1,820)
10			
11	Reference		
12	Staff Adjustment # 1		
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Adjustment to Revenues and Expenses Adjustment Number 5 Exhibit Schedule C-2 Page 6 Witness: Bourassa

Water Testing

Line <u>No.</u> 1		
2	Staff Recommended Water Testing Expense	\$ 14,527
4 5	Adjuste Test Year Water Testing Expense	\$ 5,669
6 7	Adjustment to purchased power expense (rounded)	\$ 8,858
8		
9 10	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	 8,858
11	Reference	
12	Staff Adjustment #3	
13		
14		
15		
16 17		
18		

Exhibit Schedule C-2 Page 7 Witness: Bourassa

Auto Expense

Line No. 1 2		
3	Test Year Auto Expense	\$ 1,500
5 6	Staff Recommended Auto Expense	3,250
7 8	Adjustment to Revenues	\$ (1,750)
9 10	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	 (1,750)
11 12	Reference	
13 14	Staff Adjustment #3	
15 16		
17 18		
19 20		
21 22		

Test Year Ended December 31, 2001 Adjustment to Revenues and Expenses Adjustment Number 7 Exhibit Schedule C-2 Page 8 Witness: Bourassa

Telephone Expense

Line <u>No.</u> 1		
2 3	Staff Recommended Telephone Expense	\$ 2,366
4 5	Adjusted Test Year Telephone Expense	4,732
6 7	Adjustment to Revenues	\$ (2,366)
8		
9 10	Adjustment to Revenue and/or Expense	\$ (2,366)
11	Reference	
12	Staff Adjustment #4	
13		
14 15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		

Test Year Ended December 31, 2001 Adjustment to Revenues and Expenses Adjustment Number 8

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Exhibit Schedule C-2 Page 9 Witness: Bourassa

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Adjustment to Revenues and Expenses Adjustment Number 9

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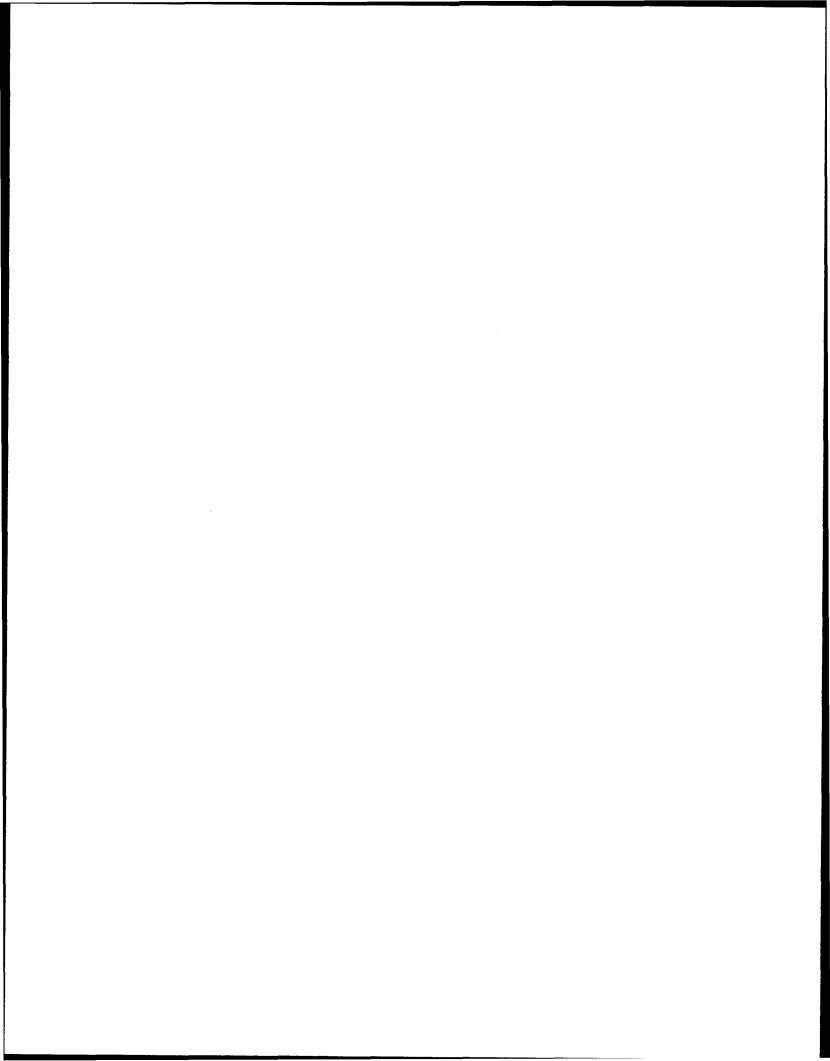
Line No.

Exhibit Schedule C-2 Page 10 Witness: Bourassa

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Adjustment to Revenues and Expenses Adjustment Number 10

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Exhibit Schedule C-2 Page 11 Witness: Bourassa



Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Adjustment to Revenues and/or Expenses Adjustment Number 11

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-2 Page 12 Witness: Bourassa

	Adjustment Number 11	1 Witness: Bourassa					
Line							
<u>No.</u>							
1	Income Taxes						
2		Т	est Year	Te	est Year		
3		at Pr	esent Rates	at Pro	posed Rates		
4	Compauted Income Tax	\$	(15,616)	\$	17,012		
5	Test Year Income tax Expense		(13,545)		(15,616)		
6	Adjustment to Income Tax Expense	\$	(2,071)	\$	32,628		
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13	SUPPORTING SCHEDULE						
14	C-3, page 2						

Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Computation of Gross Revenue Conversion Factor Exhibit

Rebuttal Schedule C-3

Page 1

Witness: Bourassa

		Percentage
		of Incremental
Line		Gross
<u>No.</u>	Description	Revenues
1 2	Combined Federal and State Effective Income Tax Rate	15.773%
3	Property Taxes	1.036%
4	Troporty rando	1.00070
5		
6	Total Tax Percentage	16.809%
7		
8	Operating Income % = 100% - Tax Percentage	83.191%
9 10		
11		
12		
13	1 = Gross Revenue Conversion Factor	
14	Operating Income %	1.2021
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21 22		
23		
24		
25	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:	RECAP SCHEDULES:
26	C-3, page 2	A-1
27	· · ·	
28		
29		
30		
31		
32 33		
34		
35		
36		
37		
38		
39		
40		

Utility Source. LLC - Wastewater Division Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule C-3 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

GROSS REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR

Line <u>No.</u>	Description	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	[E] [F]
						
1 2 3 4 5 6	Calculation of Gross Revenue Conversion Factor: Revenue Uncollecible Factor (Line 11) Revenues (L1 - L2) Combined Federal and State Income Tax and Property Tax Rate (Line 23) Subtotal (L3 - L4) Revenue Conversion Factor (L1 / L5)	100.0000% 0.0000% 100.0000% 16.8091% 83.1909% 1.202055				
7 8 9 10	Calculation of Uncollectible Factor Unity Combined Federal and State Tax Rate (L17) One Minus Combined Income Tax Rate (L7 - L8) Uncollectible Rate Uncollectible Factor (L9 * L10)	100.0000% 15.7730% 84.2270% 0.0000%	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	<u>.</u>		
12 13 14 15 16	Calculation of Effective Tax Rate: Operating Income Before Taxes (Arizona Taxable Income) Arizona State Income Tax Rate Federal Taxable Income (L12 - L13) Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate (L55 Col F) Effective Federal Income Tax Rate (L14 x L15) Combined Federal and State Income Tax Rate (L14 x L15)	100.0000% 2.8074% 97.1926% 13.3401% 12.9656%		<u>.</u>		
18 19 20 21 22 23	Calculation of Effective Property Tax Factor Unity Combined Federal and State Income Tax Rate (L17) One Minus Combined Income Tax Rate (L18-L19) Property Tax Factor Effective Property Tax Factor (L20*L21) Combined Federal and State Income Tax and Property Tax Rate (L17+L22)	100.0000% 15.7730% 84.2270% 1.2302%		16.8091%		
24 25 26	Required Operating Income AdjustedTest Year Operating Income (Loss) Required Increase in Operating Income (L24 - L25)	\$ 90,844 \$ (83,387)	\$ 174,232			
27 28 29	Income Taxes on Recommended Revenue (Col. (F), L52) Income Taxes on Test Year Revenue (Col. (C), L52) Required Increase in Revenue to Provide for Income Taxes (L27 - L28)	\$ 17,012 \$ (15,616)	\$ 32,628			
32	Recommended Revenue Requirement Uncollectible Rate (Line 10) Uncollectible Expense on Recommended Revenue (L24 * L25) Adjusted Test Year Uncollectible Expense Required Increase in Revenue to Provide for Uncollectible Exp.	\$ 328,900 0.0000% \$ -	\$ -			
36	Property Tax with Recommended Revenue Property Tax on Test Year Revenue Increase in Property Tax Due to Increase in Revenue (L35-L36)	\$ 6,977 \$ 4,401	\$ 2,576			
38	Total Required Increase in Revenue (L26 + L29 + L37)		\$ 209,436	-		
	Orbertine of the season Torre	(A) Test	Year (B)	(C)	(D) Company Re	[E] [F]
40 41 42 43 44 45 46	Calculation of Income Tax: Revenue Oper alting Expenses Excluding Income Taxes Synchronized Interest (L47) Arizona Taxable Income (L39 - L40 - L41) Arizona State Effective Income Tax Rate (see work papers) Arizona Income Tax (L42 x L43) Federal Tax Able Income (L42 - L44) Federal Tax Rate Federal Tax Rate	\$ 119,464 218,467 \$ (99,003) 2.80774% \$ (2,779) \$ (96,224) 13,3401% \$ (12,836)		Wastewater	\$ 328,900 221,043 \$ 107,856 2.8074% \$ 3,028 \$ 104,828 13,3401% \$ 13,984	Wastewater \$ 328,900 221,043 \$ 107,856 2,8074% \$ 3,022 \$ 104,828 13,3401% \$ 13,984
49 50 51 52 53 54	Total Federal Income Tax Combined Federal and State Income Tax (L35 + L42)	\$ (12,836) \$ (15,616)		\$ (12,836) \$ (15,616)	\$ 13,984 \$ 17,012	\$ 13,984 \$ 17,012
56	COMBINED Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate [Col. [D], L53 - Col. [A], L53 WASTEWATER Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate [Col. [E], L53 - Col. [B], WATER Applicable Federal Income Tax Rate [Col. [F], L53 - Col. [C], L53] / [C	L531 / [Col. [E], L45 - Col. [B], L45)			13.3401%	13.3401%

1,575,194 \$ 825,856 0.0000% 0.0000%

Utility Source, LLC - Wastewater Division Revenue Summary Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-1

Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Meter Size 3/4 Inch 3/4 Inch 2 Inch	Classification Residential Commercial Commercial	\$	Total Revenues at Present Rates 92,479 114 23,698	\$ Total Revenues at Proposed <u>Rates</u> 287,729 740 36,829	\$	Dollar Change 195,250 626 13,131	Percent <u>Change</u> 211.13% 547.81% 55.41%	Percent of Present Water Revenues 77.41% 0.10% 19.84%	Percent of Proposed Water Revenues 87.48% 0.22% 11.20%
9	Subtotals of Re	venues	\$	116,291	\$ 325,298	\$	209,007	179.73%	97.34%	98.90%
10	Revenue Annua									
11	3/4 Inch	Residential	\$	173	\$ 741	\$	567	327.23%	0.15%	0.23%
12										
13										
14										
15					 					
16	Subtotal Reven	ue Annualization		173	741		567	327.23%	0.15%	0.62%
17	T D		_	110.105	 	_	000 574	170.050/	07.400/	00.400/
18		w/ Annualization	\$	116,465	\$ 326,039	\$	209,574	179.95%	97.49%	99.13%
19	Misc Revenues	•		3,441	3,441		-	0.00%	2.88%	1.05%
20	Reconciling Am		_	(442)	 (580)		(138)	31.22%	-0.37%	-0.18%
21	Total Revenues	;	\$_	119,464	\$ 328,900	\$	209,436	175.31%	100.00%	100.00%
22										
23										

Utility Source, LLC - Wastewater Division Analysis of Revenue by Detailed Class Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-2 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

		Customer	(a) Average Number of <u>Customers</u>		Avera		Proposed Inc		Percent
Line		lassification	at	Average	Present	Proposed	Dollar	Percent	of
<u>No.</u>		/or Meter Size	<u>12/31/2012</u>	Consumption	Rates	Rates	<u>Amount</u>	Amount	Customers
1	3/4 Inch	Residential	320	4,123	\$ 	\$ 74.91	\$ 50.83	211.13%	98.77%
2	3/4 Inch	Commercial	1	1,667	9.52	61.66	52.14	547.81%	0.31%
3	2 Inch	Commercial	3	115,286	658.29	1,023.04	364.75	55.41%	0.93%
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5									
6									
/									
8 9									
10									
11									
12	Totals		324						100.00%
13	Totals								100.0070
14	Actual Year I	End Number							
15	of Custome		325						
16	or oustorne								
17									
18									
19									
19									

Utility Source, LLC - Wastewater Division Analysis of Revenue by Detailed Class Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-2 Page 2 Witness: Bourassa

		Customer	(a) Average Number of <u>Customers</u>		<u>Medi</u>		Proposed I		Percent
Lìne		Classification	at	Median	Present	Proposed	Dollar	Percent	of
<u>No.</u>		d/or Meter Size	<u>12/31/2012</u>	Consumption	Rates	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Customers</u>
1	3/4 Inch	Residential	320	3,500	20.44	\$ 71.60	\$ 51.16	250.30%	98.77%
2	3/4 Inch	Commercial	1	1,500	\$ 8.57	\$ 60.79	52.23	609.80%	0.31%
3	2 Inch	Commercial	3	65,000	371.15	761.75	390.60	105.24%	0.93%
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10								_	
11	Totals		324					_	100.00%
12								_	
13	Actual Year	End Number							
14	of Custome	ers:	325						
15									
16									
17									
18									

Utility Source, LLC - Wastewater Division Present and Proposed Rates Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-3 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

2 5/8 x 3/4 Inch \$ 53.00 3 3/4 Inch - 53.00 4 1 Inch - 132.50 5 1 1/2 Inch - 265.00 6 2 Inch - 424.00 8 4 Inch - 1,325.00 8 4 Inch - 1,325.00 9 6 Inch - - 1,325.00 10 - -	Line <u>No.</u> 1	Customer Classification <u>and Meter Size (Residential, Commercial)</u> Monthly Usage Charge for:	resent <u>Rates</u>	Proposed <u>Rates</u>	
3 3/4 Inch - 53.00 4 1 Inch - 132.50 5 1 1/2 Inch - 426.00 6 2 Inch - 424.00 7 3 Inch - - 4848.00 8 4 Inch - 1,325.00 9 6 Inch - - - 10 - - - - 11 Gallons In Minimum - - - - 12 All Meter Sizes - - - - - 13 Residential \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 5.31 -	2	5/8 x 3/4 Inch	\$ -	\$ 53.00	
5 1 1/2 Inch - 265.00 6 2 Inch - 424.00 7 3 Inch - 848.00 8 4 Inch - 1,325.00 9 6 Inch - - 2,650.00 10 Callons In Minimum 12 All Meter Sizes - - - 13 Residential \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 16 Commercial and Industrial \$ 5.71 5.20 17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20 18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 486.85 486.85	3	3/4 Inch	-		
6 2 Inch	4	1 Inch	-	132.50	
7 3 Inch - 848.00 8 4 Inch - 1,325.00 9 6 Inch 2,650.00 10 Gallons In Minimum 12 All Meter Sizes - - 13 Residential 14 Residential industrial 15 Residential industrial 17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20 18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 26 27 28 29 1 Feature In Industrial 20 1 Feature Industrial 21 2 Feature Industrial 22 <td colspa<="" td=""><td>5</td><td>1 1/2 Inch</td><td></td><td>265.00</td></td>	<td>5</td> <td>1 1/2 Inch</td> <td></td> <td>265.00</td>	5	1 1/2 Inch		265.00
8 4 Inch - 1,325.00 9 6 Inch 2,650.00 10 Gallons In Minimum 12 All Meter Sizes - - 13 Residentiai \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 16 Commercial and Industrial \$ 5.71 5.20 17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20 18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	6	2 Inch	•	424.00	
9 6 Inch 2,650.00 10 2,650.00 11 Gallons In Minimum - - 12 All Meter Sizes - - 13 Residential \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 16 Commercial and Industrial 5.71 5.20 17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20 18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	7	3 Inch	-	848.00	
Callons In Minimum All Meter Sizes - - - - - - - - -	8	4 Inch	-	1,325.00	
10	9	6 Inch			
All Meter Sizes	10				
13 Rate per 1,000 Gallons of Water Usage 15 Residential \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 16 Commercial and Industrial 5.71 5.20 17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 7.66 6.97 18 Hotels, Motels 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	11	Gallons In Minimum			
Rate per 1,000 Gallons of Water Usage \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 15 Residential \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 16 Commercial and Industrial 5.71 5.20 17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20 18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171,20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171,20 155.79 4 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	12	All Meter Sizes	-		
15 Residential \$ 5.84 \$ 5.31 16 Commercial and Industrial 5.71 5.20 17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20 18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171,20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149,80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171,20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 486.85 26 27 28 29 29 29 20	13				
Commercial and Industrial Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20	14	Rate per 1,000 Gallons of Water Usage			
17 Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing 5.71 5.20 18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 4 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	15	Residential	\$ 5.84	\$ 5.31	
18 Hotels, Motels 7.66 6.97 19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	16	Commercial and Industrial			
19 Restauarants 9.46 8.61 20 Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	17	Car washes, laudromats, Commercial, Manufacturing	5.71	5.20	
Industrial Laundries 8.39 7.63 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 Standard	18	Hotels, Motels	7.66	6.97	
21 Waste haulers 171.20 155.79 22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29		Restauarants	9.46	8.61	
22 Restuarant Grease 149.80 136.32 23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	20	Industrial Laundries	8.39	7.63	
23 Treatment Plant Sludge 171.20 155.79 24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29		Waste haulers	171.20	155.79	
24 Mud Sump Waste 535.00 486.85 25 26 27 28 29	22	Restuarant Grease	149.80	136.32	
25 26 27 28 29		Treatment Plant Sludge	171.20	155.79	
26 27 28 29		Mud Sump Waste	535.00	486.85	
27 28 29					
28 29					
29					
30					
	30				

Utility Source, LLC - Wastewater Division Present and Proposed Rates Test Year Ended December 31, 2012

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule H-3 Page 3 Witness: Bourassa

Line

Other Charges:

Line		
<u>No.</u>		
1		
2	Other Charges:	
3		
4		
5	Establishment	\$ 20.00
6	Establishment (After Hours)	\$ 40.00
7	Reconnection (Delinquent)	\$ 50.00
8	Reconnection (Delinquent and After hours)	\$ <u>40.00</u>
9	Minimum Deposit Requirement	PER RULE
10	Deposit Interest	PER RULE
11	Re-establishment (Within 12 months)	PER RULE
12	NSF Check	\$ 20.00
13	Deferred Payment, per month	PER RULE
14	Late Charge	PER RULE
15	After hours service charge	\$ 40.00
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17		
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22		
23		
24	* After hours service charge will apply when service re	equested by customer after h

\$	20.00
 *Re	moved
\$	50.00
*Re	moved
 PER	RULE
PER	RULE
PER	RULE
\$	20.00
 PE	R RULE
PE	R RULE
 \$	40.00

^{*} After hours service charge will apply when service requested by customer after hours.

ATTACHMENT 2

1	BEFORE THE ARIZONA CO	RPORATION COMMISSION				
2						
3	BOB STUMP, CHAIRMAN					
4	GARY PIERCE BRENDA BURNS					
5	SUSAN BITTER SMITH BOB BURNS					
6		DOCKET NO: SW-03437A-13-0331				
7	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF UTILITY SOURCE,					
8	LLC, AN ARIZONA CORPORATION, FOR A DETERMINATION OF THE FAIR					
9	VALUE OF ITS UTILITY PLANTS AND PROPERTY AND FOR INCREASES IN					
10	ITS WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES AND CHARGES FOR UTILITY					
11	SERVICE BASED THEREON.					
12						
13	REBUTTAL TI	ESTIMONY OF				
14		BOURASSA				
15	(COST OF	CAPITAL)				
16	,	per 3, 2014				
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1	TABLE OF CONTENTS	
2	I. INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS	1
3 4	II. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY AND THE PROPOSED COST OF CAPITAL FO	
5	III. Summary of the Staff and RUCO Recommendations	
6	IV. REBUTTAL TO THE COST OF EQUITY RECOMMENDATIONS OF STAFF	•
7	AND RUCO	
8	A. Rebuttal to the Cost of Equity Recommendations of Staff	
9	B. Responses to Staff's Criticisms of the Company's Cost of Capital Analysis	.15
0	C. Rebuttal to the Cost of Equity Recommendations of RUCO	.23
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For convenience, that testimony and my related schedules are contained in separate volumes.

HAVE YOU UPDATED YOUR COST OF CAPITAL ANALYSIS? Q.

Yes. The range of my rebuttal DCF, CAPM, and Build-up Method analyses is 9.0 A. percent to 11.6 percent with a mid-point of 10.3 percent compared to my direct DCF, CAPM, and Build-up Method analyses is 8.5 percent to 11.7 percent with a mid-point of 10.1 percent. My opinion that a return on equity of 11.0 percent for USLLC given its size and greater risk compared to the public traded water utilities has not changed.

HAVE YOU CHANGED ANY OF YOUR METHODS AND INPUTS? Q.

I continue to use the three methods I used in my direct testimony; the DCF, CAPM, and the Build-up Method. My inputs have been updated to use more current data. I also changed the methodology for computing the current market risk premium ("MRP") for the current MRP CAPM. Instead of using the median 3-5 year projected price appreciation for the Value Line 1700 stocks in the estimation of the current MRP, I used the median 3-5 year projected earnings per share growth ("EPS") growth and median 3-5 year projected dividend per share growth ("DPS") growth. Using these inputs is consistent with the methodology recommended by Dr. Morin for computing the current MRP. Using EPS and DPS inputs is more consistent with the DCF method used to estimate the current MRP. Just as important, I have found that using EPS growth and DPS growth inputs in the MRP estimation approach is less volatile than using the 3-5 year price appreciation which I noted in my direct was a concern of its use.2

Roger A. Morin, New Regulatory Finance (Public Utility Reports 2006), ("Morin") pp. 165-166.

² See Direct Testimony of Thomas J. Bourassa ("Bourassa Dt.") at 39.

A. As noted above, I recommend a return on equity of 11.0 percent which is above the mid-point of the range of my DCF, CAPM, and Build-up Method analyses of 10.2 percent but well below the top end of the range of 11.5 percent.³ I also recommend a capital structure consisting of 0 percent debt and 100 percent equity. Based on these recommendations with weighted average cost of capital ("WACC") is 11.0 percent. Therefore, I recommend an 11.0 percent return be applied to USLLC's fair value rate base ("FVRB").

III. SUMMARY OF THE STAFF AND RUCO RECOMMENDATIONS

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE RESPECTIVE RECOMMENDATIONS OF STAFF AND RUCO FOR THE RATE OF RETURN ON FAIR VALUE RATE BASE.

A. Staff is recommending a capital structure consisting of 0 percent debt and 100 percent equity.⁴ Staff determined a cost of equity of 9.6 percent based on the average cost of equity produced by its DCF and CAPM models, a financial risk adjustment and an economic assessment adjustment (EAA).⁵ Staff used a sample of seven publicly traded water utilities; six of which are the same as those I used in my analysis.⁶ Staff did not consider firm size or firm-specific risks in its analysis.

³ See USLLC Direct Scendule D-4.1.

⁴ Direct Testimony of John A. Cassidy ("Cassidy Dt.") at 27.

⁵ Id. at 28.

⁶ Staff has added York Water (YORW) to its proxy group.

Based on its capital structure recommendation, Staff determined the WACC for USLLC to be 9.6 percent.⁷

RUCO is recommending a capital structure consisting of 0 percent debt and 100 percent equity. RUCO determined a cost of equity of 9.25 percent based on the average cost of equity produced by its DCF and CAPM models as wells as a Comparable Earnings analysis. RUCO used a sample of seven publicly traded water utilities; six of which are the same as those I used in my analysis. RUCO did not consider firm size or firm-specific risks in its analysis. Based on its capital structure recommendation, RUCO determined the WACC for USLLC to be 9.25 percent.

Q. PLEASE COMPARE THE PARTIES' RESPECTIVE COST OF EQUITY ESTIMATES AND RECOMMENDATIONS AT THIS STAGE OF THE PROCEEDING.

A. The respective parties' cost of equity recommendations are summarized below:

			11.5% N/A				
<u>Party</u>	<u>DCF</u>	<u>CAPM</u>		Average	Risk/EAA	Adjusted	Recommended
USLLC	9.6%	9.7%	11.5%	10.3%	N/A	10.3%	11.0%
Staff	9.0%	N/A	N/A	9.0%	0.6%	9.6%	9.6%
RUCO	8.86	7.24	9.8	8.63	N/A	8.63	9.25%

⁷ Cassidy Dt. at 28.

⁸ Direct Testimony of Robert B. Mease ("Mease Dt.") at 4.

Id. at 3

¹⁰ Staff has added York Water (YORW) to its proxy group.

¹¹ Cassidy Dt. at 47.

Q. HOW DO THE PARTIES' RECOMMENDATIONS COMPARE TO OTHER FORECASTS OF COMMON EQUITY RETURNS AND CURRENTLY AUTHORIZED RETURNS?

A. They are much lower. *Value Line*, a reputable publication used by the Company and Staff cost of capital witnesses in the instant case, publishes forecasts of returns on common equity for larger publicly traded companies. Six water utilities are included in my sample group while Staff and RUCO include seven. *Value Line* (July 18, 2014) shows actual and projected returns on equity for those water utilities:

Company	Actual			
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2017-19</u>
American States Water (AWR)	12.7%	12.5%	12.0%	12.5%
Aqua America (WTR)	13.4%	13.5%	14.5%	14.0%
California Water (CWT)	7.9%	8.0%	9.0%	10.0%
Connecticut Water (CTWS)	9.2%	10.0%	9.0%	8.5%
Middlesex Water (MSEX)	8.7%	8.5%	8.5%	9.0%
SJW Corp. (SJW)	7.3%	7.5%	8.0%	8.0%
York Water. (YORW)	<u>9.3%</u>	11.5%	12.0%	12.0%
Averages	9.8%	10.2%	10.4%	10.6%

Furthermore, the currently <u>authorized ROEs</u> for the sample water utility companies as reported by AUS Utility Reports (September 2014) average 10.03 percent. They are as follows:

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Company

American States Water (AWR)	9.99%
Aqua America (WTR)	10.29%
California Water (CWT)	9.99%
Connecticut Water (CTWS)	9.75%
Middlesex Water (MSEX)	10.15%
SJW Corp. (SJW)	9.99%
York Water. (YORW)	<u>NM</u>
Average	10.03%

Q. WHAT CONCLUSIONS CAN BE DRAWN FROM THE RETURN DATA YOU JUST PRESENTED, MR. BOURASSA?

- A. For one, they are all much higher than the Staff and RUCO returns produced by their models, before any consideration of financial or other risks. For another, since we are applying a return to a book value rate base, book equity returns have relevance. In fact, if we are to meet the comparable earnings standards set forth in *Hope* and *Bluefield*, then a comparison to book returns is an essential element. These utilities' rates will be in effect during approximately the same time period as USLLC. Yet, if the Staff or RUCO recommendation is adopted, USLLC will be allowed to earn much less, failing the *Hope and Bluefield* standard.
- Q. IS IT YOUR VIEW THAT USLLC'S ROE IS HIGHER THAN THE PUBLICLY TRADED UTILITIES?

Yes. Staff uses two versions of the DCF model - a constant growth DCF and a multi-stage DCF. For unexplained reasons, Staff has not incorporated estimates derived from it CAPM.¹³

IS THE USE OF ONLY ONE METHODOLOGY TO ESTIMATE THE Q. **COST OF EQUITY APPROPRIATE?**

No. As Dr. Morin states:14 A.

> Each methodology requires the exercise of considerable judgment on the reasonableness of the assumptions

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¹² Bourassa COC Dt. at 25-27.

¹³ Cassidy Dt. at 3.

¹⁴ Roger A. Morin. *New Regulatory Finance*, Public Utility Reports, Inc., 2006. pp. 428-429.

underlying the methodology and on the reasonableness of the proxies used to validate a theory. The inability of the DCF model to account for changes in relative market valuation, discussed below, is a vivid example of the potential shortcomings of the DCF model when applied to a given company. Similarly, the inability of the CAPM to account for variables that affect security returns other than beta tarnishes its use. (emphasis added)

No one individual method provides the necessary level of precision for determining a fair return, but each method provides useful evidence to facilitate the exercise of an informed judgment. Reliance on any single method or preset formula is inappropriate when dealing with investor expectations because of possible measurement difficulties and vagaries in individual companies' market data

When measuring equity costs, which essentially deals with the measurement of investor expectations, no single methodology provides a foolproof panacea. Each methodology requires the exercise of considerable judgment on the reasonableness of the assumptions underlying the methodology and on the reasonableness of the proxies used to validate the theory. It follows that more than one methodology should be employed in arriving at a judgment on the cost of equity and that these methodologies should be applied across a series of comparable risk companies.

Q. IS THE DCF A SUPERIOR METHODOLOGY?

Α. No. Again, I concur with Dr. Morin who states:¹⁵

> While it is certainly appropriate to use the DCF methodology to estimate the cost of equity, there is no proof that the DCF produces a more accurate estimate of the cost of equity than other methodologies. Sole reliance on the DCF model ignores the capital market evidence and financial theory formalized in the CAPM and other risk premium methods. The DCF model is one of many tools to be employed in conjunction with other methods to estimate the cost of equity. It is not a superior methodology that supplants other financial

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¹⁵ Morin, p. 431.

theory and market evidence. The broad usage of the DCF methodology in regulatory proceedings in contrast to its virtual disappearance in academic textbooks does not make it superior to other methods. The same is true of the Risk Premium and CAPM methodologies. (emphasis added)

Q. DOES THE DCF TEND TO UNDERSTATE THE INVESTORS' REQUIRED RETURN?

A. Yes, when the market value of assets is significantly higher or lower than book value, a market-based DCF cost rate applied to the book value of common equity will not produce investors' expected returns. Dr. Morin also provides an explanation for this flaw in the DCF:¹⁶

The third reason and perhaps most important for caution and skepticism is that application of the DCF model produces estimates of common equity cost that are consistent with investors' expected return only when stock price and book value are reasonably similar, that is when the market-to-book ratio (M/B) is close to unity. As shown below, application of the standard DCF model to utility stocks understates the investor's expected return when the M/B ratio of a given stock exceeds unity. This was particularly relevant in the capital market environment of the 1990s and 2000s where utility stocks were trading at M/B ratios well above unity and have been for nearly two decades. The converse is also true, that is the DCF model overstates the investor's return when the M/B ratio is less than unity. The reason for the distortion is that the DCF market return is applied to a book value rate base by the regulator, that is, a utility's earnings are limited to earnings on a book value rate base.

At Mr. Cassidy's average DCF estimate of 9.0 percent, USLLC would have no realistic opportunity to actually earn Mr. Cassidy's market-based rate of return.

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¹⁶ Morin, p. 434.

For example, the average market price per share of his proxy group is \$25.25¹⁷ and the average book value per share is \$12.50.¹⁸ Under these circumstances, Mr. Cassidy's 9.0 percent market-based cost rate implies an annual return per share of \$2.27¹⁹ consisting of \$0.73 in dividends²⁰ and \$1.54 in growth (market-price appreciation).²¹ However, application of a 9.0 percent return rate to book value per share (\$12.50) produces an opportunity to earn a total annual return of just \$1.13.²² With annual dividends of \$0.73²³, the utility could reasonably expect market-price appreciation of just \$0.40²⁴, or only 1.58 percent.

As should be evident from the above example, the application of the DCF model produces estimates of the cost of equity that are consistent with investor expectations <u>only</u> when the market price of a stock and the stock's book value are approximately the same.²⁵ This is because in a regulatory setting the return is applied to book value, not market value. An underlying assumption of the standard DCF is that the stock price, book value, dividends, and earnings all grow at the

¹⁷ Average of stock prices for Cassidy proxy group at October 28, 2014.

¹⁸ Average of book value per share as of December 31, 2013, as reported by *Value Line*.

¹⁹ 9.0 percent times \$25.25.

 $^{^{20}}$ Average adjusted dividend yield (D₀) for Cassidy proxy group of 2.9 percent times the average stock price of \$25.25.

²¹ Implied growth of 6.1 percent (the return of 9.0 percent less adjusted dividend yield of 2.9 percent) times the average stock price of \$25.25.

²² 9.0 percent times \$12.50.

²³ \$1.13 times average payout ratio of 60%

²⁴ \$1.13 minus \$0.68.

²⁵ Roger A. Morin, *New Regulatory Finance* (Public Utility Reports, Inc., 2006) ("Morin"), pp. 435.

same rate.²⁶ None of these assumptions have been historically true for the sample electric utility companies. Thus, one must be careful in the application of the DCF model in a cost of equity analysis; particularly when it is the <u>only</u> method employed.

We should also be concerned with the DCF model's applicability under current market conditions. The Federal Reserve's bond buying programs have kept longer-term bond yields low. Interest rates are expected to rise when the Federal Reserve ends its bond buying program and the economy continues to improve, but in the meantime and because bond yields are extremely low, investors are "chasing yields" and driving up the stock prices of companies that pay dividends, like utilities. ²⁷ In fact, according to the Wall Street Journal, utilities have provided the best returns among the S&P 500's 10 sectors so far this year, returning 14 percent including dividends. ²⁸ The 1-year, 3-year, and 5 – year annualized total returns for Mr. Cassidy's water proxy group are 12.76 percent, 12.57 percent, and 11.56 percent, respectively, which are all significantly higher than Mr. Cassidy's estimate

²⁶ Morin p. 292.

²⁷ "Dividend Paying Stocks Fit the Bill: Utilities and REITS Are Among Those Beating Major Indices; 'The Search for Yield Hasn't Abated,'" *Wall Street Journal*, July 8, 2014.

of the cost of equity.²⁹ The recent higher returns expected by investors does not line up with recent experience in the markets. As Dr. Morin notes,

To the extent that increase (decreases) in relative market valuation are anticipated by investors, especially myopic investors with short-term investment horizons, the standard DCF model will understate (overstate) the cost of equity.

Another way of stating this point is that the DCF model does not account for the ebb and flow of investor sentiments over the course of the business cycle. The problem was particularly acute in the mid 1990's and mid 2000's where investors, faced with very low returns on short-term fixed-income securities and an uncertain market outlook, sought higher yields offered by utility stocks in a so-called flight to quality, boosting their stock price and lowering the dividend yield.³⁰

The understatement/overstatement of investors' required return associated with the application of the market price-based DCF model to the book value of common equity clearly illustrates why reliance upon a single common equity cost rate model should be avoided.

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. CASSIDY'S DISCUSSION (AT PAGES 22-23 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY) REGARING THE FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS OF A MARKET-TO-BOOK RATIO OF GREATER THAN 1.0.

²⁹ Value Line Anlayzer data from August 28, 2014.

³⁰ Morin, p. 433 (emphasis added).

A. There are a number of reasons investors may bid up market prices for stocks above book values, other than an expectation that a water utility will earn more than its cost of equity. One reason is that investors may expect a city or some other public entity to condemn all or part of a water utility, meaning the municipality will acquire the assets at the fair market value. Water utilities typically have assets that have a value based on reproduction cost that is well in excess of book value, and investors would be aware that a condemnation award could be well in excess of book values, even if the utility earns no more than its cost of equity.

Second, investors may anticipate a merger or acquisition that produces premium prices. With such anticipated sale prices well above book values, a water utility would also be priced above book value even if the water utility made no more than its cost of equity. There are other reasons as well. These include; (1) public utility commissions do not issues orders simultaneously in all jurisdictions, (2) not all of a company's earnings are regulated, (3) regulatory expenses, revenue and rate base adjustments may cause accounting returns to differ from those calculated on a rate case basis, (4) actual sales do not equal sales assumed in a rate case, (5) market expected ROEs change frequently while rate-case authorized ROEs do not, and (6) regulated subsidiaries constitute only a piece of a holding company pie.

The argument that utilities are earning more than their cost of capital because the market-to-book ratio is greater than 1.0 is superficial. There is ample evidence that for at least a decade now, regulated water utilities in Arizona have not been earning their costs of service, let alone overearning. Mr. Cassidy's claim - that one would expect market forces to move the stock price lower, close to a market-to-book ratio of 1.0, to reflect investor expectations of reduced expected

32 Blue Chip Financial Forecast, August 2014.

future cash flows - is also flawed. Mr. Cassidy has ignored many of the things of importance to investors and why it is reasonable to expect market-to-book ratios to exceed 1.0 even if water utilities are expected to earn no more than their costs of equity. If regulators were to force the market-to-book ratios to 1.0 by intentionally lowering the allowed returns, such action would place utilities at a disadvantage in competing for investment capital with industrials and other unregulated companies, whose stock trades well above book value.

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON STAFF'S ECONOMIC RISK ASSESSMENT, OR EAA.

A. I can't, at least not in any meaningful way. Staff does not really explain the basis for this adjustment in its testimony except to say that its EAA reflects the uncertain status of the economy and the market.³¹ But Staff provides no analysis, study or authoritative reference upon which Mr. Cassidy's judgment rests for me to consider. Of course, I agree with Staff that the current economic environment supports increased ROEs. Interest rates are expected to increase as the FED curtails its easy money policies.³² Yet, I have never seen an adjustment of this type from Staff or anyone else until the past couple of years. When economic conditions were far worse in 2008 through 2010, Staff never advanced an EAA. I am left a bit perplexed by the whole thing, but my skepticism, and the fact that the EAA has popped into existence out of nowhere, leads me to conclude that it is an ill-considered band-aid to cover up an unreasonably low ROE. Recall that without

³¹ Cassidy Dt. at 28.

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the EAA, Staff's ROE model would be only 9.0 percent (9.6 percent average of Staff's models less EAA of 60 basis points). 33

Responses to Staff's Criticisms of the Company's Cost of Capital В. Analysis

- MR. CASSIDY CRITICIZES YOU (ON PAGE 30 OF HIS DIRECT Q. TESTIMONY) FOR RELYING SOLEY ON ANALYSTS FORECASTS OF EPS GROWTH IN THE DCF MODEL. IS THIS TRUE?
- No. I rely on both historical growth rates and forecasts of growth. For the A. historical growth rates, I use historical per share price growth, historical BVPS growth, historical EPS growth, and historical DPS growth. ³⁴ For the forecast growth rate, I used long-term analyst estimates of EPS growth.³⁵ I just give more weight to the analyst forecasts of growth. It is important to note that Mr. Cassidy disagrees with the additional weight I give the analyst forecasts, but he is not saying these forecasts have no merit, nor did I rely solely on analyst forecasts of growth. The dispute between Mr. Cassidy and me comes down to something between 50 percent and my "greater" emphasis. In my direct testimony I explained why a weight greater than 50 percent should be given to analysts' estimates.³⁶

³³ Cassidy Dt. at 28.

³⁴ Bourassa COC Dt. at 35.

³⁶ Bourassa COC Dt. at 31.

Q. AREN'T YOUR GROWTH ESTIMATES SIMILAR TO STAFF'S DESPITE THE GREATER EMPHASIS YOU PLACE ON ANALYSTS' FORECASTS OF GROWTH?

- A. Yes. Staff's growth estimate for its constant growth DCF is 5.7 percent.³⁷ The implied growth for Staff's multi-stage DCF is 6.4 percent.³⁸ My two DCF growth estimates are 5.2 percent and 5.7 percent with a median of 5.5 percent.³⁹ In other words, my growth estimates are lower than Staff's. Any criticisms by Mr. Cassidy of my greater emphasis on analysts growth and the implication that my DCF estimate is overstated as a result is unfounded. As such, I will not respond at this time to Mr. Cassidy's criticisms of my use of analyst growth estimates on pages 31 through 35 of his testimony.
- Q. DO YOU HAVE EVIDENCE THAT THE GROWTH FORECASTS USED BY BOTH STAFF AND THE COMPANY ARE SIGNIFICANTLY UNDERSTATED?
- A. Yes. The 1-year, 3-year, and 5-year annualized total returns reported by *Value Line* (August 28, 2014) for Mr. Cassidy's water proxy group are approximately 12.8 percent, 12.6 percent, and 11.6 percent, respectively. These indicated returns would imply a growth rate for the DCF model in the range of 8.7 to 9.9 percent. Compare this to Staff's 5.7 percent growth rate and 6.4 percent

³⁷ See Staff Schedule JAC-3. Solving the DCF model as set forth in Mr. Bourassa's Direct Testimony at page 31 yields g = k - D1/P0. Substituting Staff's dividend yield of 2.9% for D1/P0 and the Staff 9.3% result for k we get: g = 6.4 = 9.3 - 2.9

³⁸ See Staff Schedule JAC-3. The multi-stage DCF indicated cost of equity is 9.3 percent. Using the

³⁹ See USLLC Schedule D-4.8.

⁴⁰ A stock's total return is the percentage increase in the value of a shareholder's investment, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and adjusted for any stock splits.

⁴¹ Solving the DCF model as set forth in Mr. Bourassa's Direct Testimony at page 31 yields g = k - D1/P0. Substituting Staff's dividend yield of 2.9 for D1/P0 and the high end of the range of 12.8 percent for k we get: g = k - D1/P0.

mentioned above. Even the growth rate based on analyst estimates that I use -5.2 percent and 5.7 percent as shown on Schedule D-4.8 - falls far short of the implied growth rate investors have realized over the recent past. What this shows is that even when using forecasts of earnings growth, the indicated cost of equity can vastly understate the cost of equity.

- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. CASSIDY'S TESTIMONY (AT PAGE 37)
 CRITICIZING YOU FOR CONSIDERING THE FORECASTED
 INTEREST RATES AS A PROXY FOR THE RISK FREE RATE.
- A. By nature, the cost of capital is an opportunity cost: the prospective return available to investors from alternative investments of similar risk. In addition, we are setting rates that will be in effect for some future time period, the cost of capital estimation must be forward-looking. Since the cost of capital is prospective in nature it necessarily requires the use of a forward-looking bond yield.
- Q. ANYTHING ELSE.
- A. Yes. First, the average expected 30-year Treasury bond rates of 4.3 percent I employ in my CAPM analyses is higher than rates currently, but lower than Treasury bond rates were during most years used to determine historical relationships between interest rates and equity costs (and thus, risk premiums); the long-term risk-free rate (1926-2013) is 5.09 percent.⁴² As a result, risk premiums today are expected to be higher than in the past.
- Q. WHY IS THAT RISK PREMIUMS TODAY ARE EXPECTED TO BE HIGHER THAN RISK PREMIUMS IN THE PAST?
- A. There is a theoretical reason and many sources of empirical data that support the

^{8.7 = 11.6 - 2.9} and and the low end of the range of 11.6 percent for k we get: g = 9.9 = 12.8 - 2.9.

⁴² Morningstar, *Ibbotson SBBI 2014 Classic Yearbook*, Table 11-5.

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23 Growth

26 Bourassa

proposition that equity risk premiums increase when interest rates decrease.⁴³

Q. THANK YOU. PLEASE CONTINUE.

- A. The Federal Reserve has kept bond yields artificially low through its aggressive bond buying programs and other measures.⁴⁴ The Federal Reserve's bond buying programs are not sustainable and the continuation of these programs is not unlimited. The ending of these programs is expected later this year and the Federal Reserve is expected to begin raising interest rates by the middle of next year.⁴⁵ Therefore, interest rate levels since 2008 and current interest rate levels are not representative of the long-term cost of capital.
- Q. HAS MR. CASSIDY PROVIDED ANY ANALYSES OR STUDIES THAT SUGGEST THAT CURRENT INTEREST RATES ARE BETTER PROXIES FOR THE RISK FREE RATE IN THE CAPM.
- A. No. Staff typically uses spot interest rates in its CAPM. In my view, the currently low interest rates (as the result of the Fed's unprecedented actions to spur the economy in recent years)⁴⁶ contribute to distortions in Staff's CAPM, particularly when spot rates are used. This may be one of the reasons why Staff has abandoned its CAPM at this time while I have not.
- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. CASSIDY'S TESTIMONY (AT PAGE 38)
 CRITICIZING YOU FOR CONSIDERING THE DIFFERENCES IN RISK
 DUE TO THE SIZE OF USLLC COMPARED TO THE PUBLICLY
 TRADED SAMPLE UTILITIES.

⁴³ Morin, Chapter 4.; Harris and Marston, "Estimating Shareholders Risk Premia Using Analysts' Growth Rates," *Financial Management*, Summer 1992.;

⁴⁴ Bourassa Dt. at 9-11.

⁴⁵ Blue Chip Financial Forecast, August 2014.

⁴⁶ Bourassa Dt. at 9-11.

A. I have not made a specific size adjustment for USLLC; rather, I have pointed out the differences in risk stemming from USLLC's higher business risk, operating leverage, and liquidity and have recommended a return on equity that is above the mid-point.⁴⁷ My recommendation of 11.0 percent, which is 70 basis points higher than the mid-point of my analyses of 10.3 percent, is conservative given the risks of an investment in USLLC. That said, Mr. Cassidy does not dispute that smaller companies are more risky than larger companies.⁴⁸

- Q. TO REBUT ANY IMPACT OF SIZE FOR UTILITY COMPANIES, MR. CASSIDY REFERENCES A STUDY BY ANNIE WONG (AT PAGE 38). ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THIS STUDY?
- A. I sure am. Over the past 10 plus years or so Staff's witnesses have repeatedly trotted out this one study to refute the notion that utilities like USLLC are more risky than the proxy companies because they are considerably and significantly smaller. Mr. Cassidy has done so in the past. In one recent case, he admitted on cross examination that he had never read Ms. Wong's actual paper, wasn't even sure what kind of paper it was (he thought it might be her doctoral thesis), and did not know whether it had ever been published. 49 Mr. Cassidy also stated that he was unaware of any other person that had published a similar conclusion. 50 I do not know what else Ms. Wong has done since, but I suspect this item of Ms. Wong's work, and its questionable conclusions, have found no greater audience than at public utility commissions where some party is trying to justify an unreasonably low ROE for a utility that is not publicly traded.

⁴⁷ Bourassa Dt. at 25.

⁴⁸ Cassidy Dt. at 38.

⁴⁹ Transcript from March 28, 2013 hearing at 237:18 – 239:8, Rio Rico Utilities, Inc.

⁵⁰ Id. 238:13-20

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Q. HAS MS. WONG DISPROVED THE EXISTENCE OF A SIZE PREMIUM FOR SMALL UTILITY STOCKS?

- No. Actually, Ms. Wong's study has been criticized soundly: "[her] weak evidence A. provides little support for a small firm effect existing or not existing in either the industrial or the utility sector."51 Dr. Zepp found that Ms. Wong's empirical results were not strong enough to conclude that beta risk of utilities is unrelated to size; he found that her use of monthly, weekly, and daily data may be the cause of her inability to find a relationship; and he found other studies that show trading infrequency to be a powerful cause of bias in beta risk when time intervals of a month or less are used to estimate beta's for small stocks.⁵² The studies relied on in Mr. Zepp's published paper found, "when a stock is thinly traded, its stock price does not reflect the movement of the market, which drives down the covariance with the market and creates an artificially low beta estimate."53 Thus, Ms. Wong's weak results were due to a flawed analysis.
- Q. DON'T PASCHALL AND HAWKINS (QUOTED BY MR. CASSIDY ON PAGE 39) SUPPORT MS. WONG AND MR. CASSIDY'S VIEW THAT SMALLER WATER UTILITIES ARE NOT MORE RISKY THAN LARGER WATER UTILITIES?
- A. No, the authors do not argue against a small company risk premium for small water utilities. Instead, they merely suggest that the small company risk premium may be lower than the average company for the reasons they state. 54 A very low risk

⁵³ *Id*

⁵¹ Thomas M. Zepp, "Utility Stocks and the Size Effect – Revisited," The Quarterly Review Economics and Finance, Vol. 43, Issue 3, Autumn 2003, 578-582.

⁵² *Id.* at 579.

⁵⁴ Micheal A. Paschall and George B. Hawkins, "Do Smaller Companies Warrant a Higher Discount Rate for Risk": The Size Effect' Debate," CCH Business Valuation Alert, Vol 1, Issue No. 2, December 1999.

premium for USLLC compared to the average company is exactly what I recommend in this case.

According to the empirical financial market data provided by Duff & Phelps, the indicated size premium over for a company the size of USLLC would be 12.12 percent over the average company the size of USLLC.⁵⁵ A size premium analysis provided in **Exhibit TJB-COC-RB1** indicates a size premium in the range of 99 to 377 basis points over the water proxy group. My implied risk premium is just 70 basis points⁵⁶, which is about 6 percent of the indicated small company risk premium for an average company the size of USLLC based on Duff&Phelps market data, and well below the bottom end of the range of the indicated additional risk premium over my water proxy group. Therefore, I think Paschall and Hawkins support my analysis not Mr. Cassidy's. That's true with respect to both, whether size matters, and, whether my recommended 11.0 return is conservative.

Q. DO YOU FIND ANY FURTHER SUPPORT IN PASCHALL AND HAWKINS?

A. Yes, as a matter of fact, I do. One of the main points of the authors' discussion was that the use of small company risk premium without consideration of the specific risks of the subject company could be subject to challenge. Recognition of the additional risk associated with an investment in USLLC compared to his water proxy group is something Mr. Cassidy fails to do.

That said, a great deal of my direct testimony was devoted to comparing the differences between the large publicly traded company and USLLC that would

⁵⁵ Duff&Phelps, 2014 Valuation Handbook. Exhibit 7.3, Decile 10z.

⁵⁶ 11.0 percent recommendation less mid-point of 10.2 percent.

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25 See Id. at 580.

reflect differences in risk, which is exactly what the authors would recommend. As Paschall and Hawkins conclude:

Failing to consider the additional risk associated with most smaller companies, however, is to fail to acknowledge reality. Measured properly, small company stocks have proven to be more risky over a long period of time than have larger company stock. This makes sense due to the various advantages that larger companies have over smaller companies. Investors looking to purchase a riskier company will require a greater return on investment to compensate for that risk. ⁵⁷

- Q. DO PASCHALL AND HAWKINS REFERENCE ANY STUDIES TO SUPPORT THE PROPOSITION THAT A PRIVATELY HELD SMALL WATER UTILITY HAS THE SAME RISK AS A LARGE PUBLICLY TRADED UTILITY?
- A. No.
- Q. ARE THERE ANY STUDIES THAT CONTRADICT MS. WONG'S FINDINGS?
- A. Yes, besides basic business sense, I am aware of two other studies that support the conclusion that small utilities are more risky than larger utilities. The first, a study conducted by the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC") looked at 58 water utilities. Based on that study, the CPUC Staff concluded that smaller water utilities are more risky and required higher equity returns than larger water utilities. This position was adopted by the CPUC. A second study, conducted by Dr. Zepp, showed that on average, the smaller water utilities in his study had a

⁵⁹ Zepp, supra.

⁵⁷ Paschall supra.

99 basis point higher cost of equity.⁶⁰ In short, Ms. Wong's now 20 year-old study of unknown providence, should be given little to no weight in these proceedings.

- Q. DOES MR. CASSIDY DISPUTE YOUR ASSESSMENTS OF THE RELATIVE BUSINESS RISK BETWEEN THE PUBLICLY TRADED UTILTIES AND USLLC?
- A. No. As I showed in my direct testimony, USLLC is nearly 9 times more risky than the publicly traded utilities as measured by the co-efficient of variation of earnings. USLLC is roughly 8 times risky as measured by operating leverage. Each operation of the co-efficient of variation of earnings. These are quantitative measures of relative business risk and not simply an opinion.

C. Rebuttal to the Cost of Equity Recommendations of RUCO

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE RUCO DCF ANALYSIS?

A. As discussed previously on pages 9-12, the DCF model has a tendency to misspecify investors' required return rate when the market value of common stock differs significantly from its book value. The market-based DCF model will result in a total annual dollar return on book common equity equal to the total annual dollar return expected by investors only when market and book values are equal, but market values and book values of common stocks are rarely at unity.

Q. WHAT ARE THE RESULTS OF RUCO'S DCF ANALYSIS?

A. RUCO DCF results are just 7.3 percent to 7.4 percent.⁶³ By comparison of the actual and authorized returns of the public traded utilities as discussed on pages 5 and 6 (9.8 percent to 10.6 percent) and the recent annualized total market returns

⁶⁰ Id

⁶¹ Bourassa Dt. at 25.

⁶² *Id.* at 26.

 $^{^{63}}$ See RUCO Schedule RBM-4, page 1.

indicated a return of 9.8 percent. Mr. Mease's results are extremely low by comparison and do not pass the smell test.

DOESN'T MR. MEASE REPORT (AT PAGE 11) THAT HIS DCF

for the water utilities of 11.6 to 12.8 percent. Mr. Mease's own CE analysis

- Q. DOESN'T MR. MEASE REPORT (AT PAGE 11) THAT HIS DCF ANALYSIS RESULTS ARE IN THE RATE OF 7.3 to 8.7 PERCENT?
- A. Yes. Mr. Mease gets his 8.7 percent by reporting a composite median which he does not define or explain. The 8.7 percent is the result he reports on his summary cost of capital schedule (Schedule RDM-2) as the result for his DCF analysis. This "slight of hand" makes me think he is reporting statistics which he can then pick and choose from to cover up for his unreasonably low results. Regardless, like the Staff DCF results, USLLC would have no realistic opportunity to actually earn Mr. Mease's market-based rate of return at either 7.3 percent of 8.7 percent. I could perform the same analysis for the Staff DCF result as I did on pages 9-10 to demonstrate my assertion.

O. ANTHING ELSE?

A. Yes. Mr. Mease reports a 3.9 percent indicated cost of equity for Middlesex Water on Schedule RBM-4. This is less than the current yield on Baa investment grade bonds of 4.73 percent.⁶⁴ In fact, there is only one DCF indicated cost of equity in Mr. Mease's schedule that is above 8.7 percent.

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE RUCO CAPM ANALYSIS?

A. Mr. Mease's CAPM analysis produces an indicated cost of equity of just 7.25 percent. I am not surprised by his low CAPM results. His analysis is flawed in at least five respects. First, he has incorrectly relied upon a historical risk-free rate

⁶⁴ Moody's Seasoned Baa bond yield as of October 1, 2014 as reported by the Federal Reserve.

despite the fact that both ratemaking and the cost of capital are prospective. Second, he has exclusively relied on historical measures of the market risk premium and does not employ a forward looking market risk premium. Third, his historical measures of the market risk premium are measured on market indices which are made up of the largest publicly traded companies and he does not recognize the additional risk premium of much smaller firms. Fourth, he employs a market risk premium that is based in part on historic geometric means, which should not be used in a prospective model like the CAPM. Fifth, he uses total returns on long-term government bonds in computing the market risk premium, which is inconsistent with treating the security as a riskless asset.

Q. PLEASE ELABORATE ON MR. MEASE'S USE OF HISTORICAL YIELDS ON LONG-TERM U.S. TREASURIES.

A. Mr. Mease relies on historical yields on long-term U.S. Treasury bond yields (i.e. 3 month recent historical average of 20-year U.S. Treasury bond yields) for his CAPM analysis. I have several concerns about the use of current interest rates. First, it ignores the fact that both the cost of capital and ratemaking are prospective. Second, the average 20-year Treasury bond rates of 3.47 percent computed by Mr. Mease is lower than Treasury bond rates were during most years used to determine historical relationships between interest rates and equity costs (and thus, risk premiums). Because risk premium vary inversely with interest rates, risk premiums today are expected to be higher than in the past. Thus, Mr. Mease's MRP which are based on an historical time period from 1926 to 2012 conflicts with the current low interest rate levels. Let me explain. On page 14 of his testimony,

⁶⁵ Mease Dt. at 12.

⁶⁶ Id.

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Mr. Mease shows the arithmetic mean and geometric mean total return on longterm government bonds for the years 1926-2012 were 6.1 percent and 5.7 percent. respectively. On a correct income return basis, the arithmetic mean and geometric mean income return on long-term government bonds for the year 1926-2012 were 5.2 and 5.1 percent, respectively. All of these bond returns are higher than Mr. Mease's estimate of the risk free rate of 3.47 percent. As the historical data shows interest rates upon which Mr. Mease's MRP is developed far exceed the 3.47 percent he employs in his CAPM for the risk free rate

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHAT YOU MEAN BY "CORRECT INCOME **RETURN BASIS".**

A. I will discuss this in more depth at page 26. For now, total return is comprised of three components; the income return, the capital appreciation return and the reinvestment return. Only the income return is the unbiased estimate of the riskless rate because it represents the riskless portion of the return. Because bond prices vary with prevailing bond yields over time, the inclusion of the capital appreciation return and reinvestment returns introduces price risk into the total return. Therefore, the total return does not represent a riskless return.

Q. PLEASE CONTINUE.

The arithmetic mean and geometric mean for long-term income returns on Q. government bonds have remained fairly stable at around 5.1 to 5.2 percent since 2009 (i.e. 1926-2009, 1926 2010, 1926-2011, 1926-2012, and 1926-2013).⁶⁷ While interest rate levels have been and are expected to remain low in the short-term, long-term interest rate levels are expected to rise in the next few years.

⁶⁷ As reported by Morrningstar.

Q. DO LOWER INTEREST RATES OVER THE PAST SEVERAL YEARS MEAN THAT THE COST OF EQUITY IS LOWER TODAY THAN IN THE PAST?

- All things being equal, the cost of equity moves in the same direction as interest A. rates. Lower interest rates on U.S Treasuries ("risk-free" rate) imply lower equity returns and visa-versa. However, the risk premium required to compensate investors also impacts the cost of equity. Lower interest rates are associated with higher equity risk premiums. Higher risk premiums required by investors imply higher equity costs and vice versa. Risk premiums are impacted by uncertainty not only future interest rates, but business and economic conditions, expected inflation (or deflation), and other risk factors including business risk, regulatory risk, financial risk, construction risk, and liquidity risk. As noted on page 11, investors in Mr. Mease's water proxy group have realized market returns of 11.6 percent to 12.8 percent over the past several years despite the low interest rate environment.
- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. MEASE'S FAILURE TO USE A PROSPECTIVE MARKET EQUITY RISK PREMIUM.
- A. As noted on pages 16-17 above, the cost of capital is prospective in nature. As such, it necessarily requires the use of a forward-looking MRP. .
- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. MEASE'S USE OF LARGE COMPANY INDEXES TO COMPUTE HIS MARKET RISK PREMIUM.
- A. In his CAPM analysis, Mr. Mease uses the total returns on the S&P 500 (1926-2012) in the computation of his market risk premium.⁶⁸ The S&P 500 consists of the 500 largest companies and only approximately 20 percent of the S&P 500

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⁶⁸ Mease Dt. at 14.

- Q. SHOULD THE CAPM RESULTS BE ADJUSTED TO REFLECT THE SMALL SIZE OF USLLC COMPARED TO MR. MEASE'S PROXY GROUP?
- A. Yes. The empirical evidence shows that smaller firms have higher betas. Morningstar reports that beta is inversely related to size. ⁷⁰ In other words, as firm size decreases, beta increases. Because the CAPM is incomplete it should be adjusted to reflect the additional risks of smaller firms.⁷¹
- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. MEASE'S USE OF GEOMETRIC MEANS IN ESTIMATING THE HISTORICAL MARKET RISK PREMIUM FOR HIS CAPM ANALYSIS.
- A. Mr. Mease employs a geometric mean in calculating the market risk premium in his primary CAPM.⁷² His choice to use geometric average is incorrect and depresses his cost of equity estimate. As various finance experts have explained,

⁶⁹ Morningstar, *Ibbotson SBBI 2014 Classic Yearbook*, p. 152.

Morningstar, *Ibbotson SBBI 2013 Valuation Yearbook*, Table 7-5, Table 7-8, Table 7-10, Table 7-11, and Table 7-12. Morningstar reports betas by portfolio for ten decile sizes using several alternative benchmarks. All alternatives show that as firm size decreases beta increases.

⁷¹ Bourassa Dt. at 37 and 42.

⁷² Mease Testimony, p. 14.

an arithmetic mean is the correct approach to use in estimating the cost of capital.⁷³ As Dr. Morin states:

Because valuation is forward-looking, the appropriate average is the one that most accurately approximates the expected future rate of return. The best estimate of the expected returns over a future holding period is the arithmetic average....

There is no theoretical or empirical justification for the use of geometric mean rates as a measure of the appropriate discount rate or computing present values. In any event, the CAPM is developed on the premise of expected returns being averages and risk being measured with standard deviation. Since the latter is estimated around the arithmetic average, not the geometric average, it is logical to stay with the arithmetic averages to estimate the market risk premium. ⁷⁴

The consensus among these experts makes sense. Only arithmetic mean return rates and yields are appropriate for cost of capital purposes because ex-post (historical) total returns and equity risk premiums differ in size and direction over time, providing insight into the variance and standard deviation of returns. The geometric mean of ex-post equity risk premiums provides no insight into the potential variance of future returns because the geometric mean relates the change over many periods to a constant rate of change, rather than the year-to-year fluctuations, or variance, which are critical to risk analysis. In short, the

⁷³ Zvi Bode, Alex Kane, Alan J. Marcus, Investments (McGraw-Hill 6th ed., 2005)("Bode"), pp. 864-865.

Richard A. Brealey, Stewart C. Myers, Frankin Allen, Principles of Corporate Finance (McGraw-Hill 11th ed.)("Brealey"), pp. 162-163.

⁷⁴ Morin, pp. 156-57 (emphasis added).

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⁷⁵ Mease Testimony, p. 54.

conclusion of these financial experts is that while the geometric mean is useful in comparing what happened in the past, it should not be used to determine estimates of expected future returns or market risk premiums.

Q. WHAT OTHER ISSUE DO YOU HAVE WITH MR. MEASE'S COMPUTATION OF THE MARKET RISK PREMIUM?

A. As mentioned earlier on page 24, Mr. Mease incorrectly uses total returns on long-term government bonds when computing his estimate of the market risk premium. Although he has relied on *Morningstar*'s historical returns in his CAPM analysis, 75 Mr. Mease has ignored *Morningstar*'s recommendations regarding the use of the income return, and not the total return on U.S. Treasury securities, in deriving an equity risk premium. Pages 55 and 56 of the Ibbotson SBBI - 2013 Valuation Yearbook states:

Another point to keep in mind when calculating the equity risk premium is that the income return on the appropriate-horizon Treasury security, rather than the total return, is used in the calculation. The total return is comprised of three return components: the income return, the capital appreciation return, and the reinvestment return. The income return is defined as the portion of the total return that results from periodic cash flow or, in this case, the bond coupon payment. The capital appreciation return results from the price change of a bond over a specific period. Bond prices generally change in reaction to unexpected fluctuations in yields. Reinvestment return is the return on a given month's investment income when reinvested into the same asset class in the subsequent months of the year. The income return is thus used in the estimation of the

equity risk premium because it represents the truly riskless portion of the return.

* * * *

Anticipated changes in yields are assessed by the market and figured into the price of a bond. Future changes in yields that are not anticipated will cause the price of the bond to adjust accordingly. Price changes in bonds due to unanticipated changes in yields introduce price risk into the total return. Therefore, the total return on the bond series does not represent the riskless rate of return. The income return better represents the unbiased estimate of the purely riskless rate of return, since an investor can hold a bond to maturity and be entitled to the income return with no capital loss. 76

Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY ON COST OF CAPITAL?

A. Yes. Although my silence on other positions of the other parties in this case on cost of capital and that were not addressed in my rebuttal testimony does not constitute agreement with them.

⁷⁶ Morningstar, Ibbotson SBBI 2013 Valuation Yearbook, 55-56 (emphasis added).

D SCHEDULES

Utility Source, LLC Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Summary of Cost of Capital

Exhibit Rebuttal Rebuttal Schedule D-1 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Consolidated Capital Structure

Actual End of Test Year

Projected Capital Structure

			Percent				Percent		
Line		Dollar	of	Cost	Weighted	Dollar	of	Cost	Weighted
No.	Item of Capital	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Total</u>	Rate	Cost	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cost
1	Long-Term Debt	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
2									
3	Stockholder's Equity	3,722,209	100.00%	11.00%	11.00%	3,649,952	100.00%	11.00%	11.00%
4				•					
5	Totals	3,722,209	100.00%	_	11.00%	3,649,952	100.00%		11.00%
6				•			-	,	
7									
8									
9									

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RECAP SCHEDULES:

Utility Source, LLC Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Cost of Long Term Debt

Exhibit Rebuttal Rebuttal Schedule D-2 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

		End of Test Year End of Pro					ected Year		
Line No.	Description of Debt	Amount Outstanding	Annual Interest	Interest Rate	Weighted Cost	Amount Outstanding	Annual Interest	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Weighted Cost
1								·	
2			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
3			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
4			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
5			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
6			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
7			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
8			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
9			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
10			-	0.000%	0.000%		-	0.000%	0.000%
11									
12									
13	Totals	\$ -	-		0.000%	\$ -	-		0.000%
14									
15	O and the Oak dates								
16	Supporting Schdules:								

17 E-1 18 E-2

Utility Source, LLC
Test Year Ended December 31, 2012 Cost of Preferred Stock

Exhibit Rebuttal Rebuttal Schedi Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u>								
1 2		<u>En</u>	d of Test \	<u>/ear</u>		End o	f Projected	<u>l Year</u>
3 4	Description of Issue	Shares	Amount	Dividend Requiremen	L	Shares Outstanding	Amount	Dividend Requirement
5	or issue	Outstanding	Amount	Requiremen	l	Outstanding	Amount	Requirement
6 7	NOT APPLICABLE, N	NO PREFERRE	ED STOCK	(ISSUED OR	OUTSTANI	DING		
8 9								
10								
11 12								
13								
14 15								
16								
17 18								
19 20								
21	SUPPORTING SCHE	DULES:				CHEDULES:		
22 23	E-1				D-1			
24								
25 26								
27 28								
29								
30 31								
32								
33 34								
35								
36 37								
38 39								
40								

Utility Source, LLC
Test Year Ended December 31, 2012
Cost of Common Equity

Exhibit Rebuttal Rebuttal Schedule D-4 Page 1 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No .</u> 1		
2	The Company is proposing a cost of common equity of	11.00% .
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17	SUPPORTING SCHEDULES:	RECAP SCHEDULES:
18	E-1	D-1
19	D-4.1 to D-4.18	
20		

Utility Source, LLC Summary of Results

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.1 Witness: Bourassa

Line		VVIII CSS. DOC
No.		
1		
2 3		Median
4 5	Method	<u>Result</u>
6 7	DCF Constant Growth Estimates ¹	9.0%
8 9	CAPM Estimates ²	9.7%
10 11	Build-up Method Estimates ³	11.6%
12 13 14 15	Mid-point	10.3%
16 17 18	Recommended Cost of Equity ⁴	11.0%
19	1 See Rebuttal Schedule D-4-8	
20	2 See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.12	
21	3 See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.18	
22 23	⁴ Testimony	

Utility Source, LLC Selected Characteristics of Sample Group of Water Utilities

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.2 Witness: Bourassa

			Witness, Dourassa							
Line							_			
<u>No.</u>				erating		Net	S&P	Moody's		
1		% Water		venues		Plant	Bond	Bond	Allowed	Book
2		Revenues ¹	<u>(m</u>	illions)1	<u>(n</u>	nillions) ¹	Rating ¹	Rating ¹	ROE (%) ¹	ROE (%)
3	Company ¹									
4	American States	71%	\$	458.4	\$	988.7	A+	A2	9.99	12.30
5	2. Aqua America	98%	\$	770.9	\$	4,233.8	AA-	NR	10.29	14.60
6	3. California Water	100%	\$	587.0	\$	1,539.5	AA-	NR	9.99	7.90
7	Connecticut Water	100%	\$	94.9	\$	483.8	A/A-	NR	9.75	11.10
8	5. Middlesex	88%	\$	115.1	\$	451.4	Α	NR	10.15	8.90
9	6. SJW Corp.	95%	\$	277.5	\$	915.0	Α	NR	9.99	6.70
10										
11	Average	92%	\$	384.0	\$	1,435.4			10.03	10.25
12										
13	Utility Source, LLC	100%	\$	0.3	\$	4.0	NR	NR		
14	(Adjusted as of December 31, 2012)									
15	•									
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21	¹ AUS Utility Reports (September 2014).									
22	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
23										
24										
25										

Utility Source, LLC Capital Structures

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.3 Witness: Bourassa

No.		Book \	√alue¹	Market Value ¹	
1		Long-Term	Common	Long-Term	Common
2		<u>Debt</u>	<u>Equity</u>	Debt	<u>Equity</u>
3	Company				
4	1. American States	39.8%	60.2%	21.5%	78.5%
5	2. Aqua America	48.9%	51.1%	25.9%	74.1%
6	3. California Water	41.6%	58.4%	28.0%	72.0%
7	Connecticut Water	47.0%	53.0%	32.7%	67.3%
8	5. Middlesex	40.7%	59.3%	29.0%	71.0%
9	6. SJW Corp.	51.0%	49.0%	38.1%	61.9%
10					
11	Average	44.8%	55.2%	29.2%	70.8%
12					
13	Utility Source, LLC	0.0%	100.0%	N/A	N/A
14	(Actual December 31, 2012)				
15	,				
16					
17	¹ Value Line Analyzer Data (September 28, 2014)				
18	2 Adjusted Per Rebuttal Schedule D-1				
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					

¹ Value Line Analyzer Data (September 28, 2014)

² Adjusted Per Rebuttal Schedule D-1

Utility Source, LLC Comparisons of Past and Future Estimates of Growth

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.4 Witness: Bourassa

Line								
<u>No.</u>								
1								
2		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]
3								Average of
4								Future and
5		<u>Five-yea</u>	r historical av e	rage annual cha	anges		Average	Historical
6			Book			Average	Future	Growth
7	Company	Price ¹	∨alue²	EPS ²	DPS ²	Col 1-4	Growth ³	Col 5-6
8	American States	16.07%	6.50%	13.00%	6.50%	10.52%	2.67%	6.59%
9	Aqua America	11.70%	6.00%	11.00%	7.00%	8.92%	6.00%	7.46%
10	California Water	4.27%	4.50%	4.00%	1.50%	3.57%	6.50%	5.03%
11	 Connecticut Water 	12.77%	8.00%	8.00%	2.00%	7.69%	5.00%	6.35%
12	Middles ex	8.36%	3.00%	1.50%	1.50%	3.59%	3.60%	3.60%
13	SJW Corp.	4.24%	2.50%	0.50%	3.50%	2.69%	10.50%	6.59%
14								
15								
16	GROUP AVERAGE	9.57%	5.08%	6.33%	3.67%	6.16%	5.71%	5.94%
17	GROUP MEDIAN	10.03%	5.25%	6.00%	2.75%	5.64%	5.50%	6.47%
18								
19								

¹ Average of changes in annual stock prices ending on December 31 through 2012. Data from Yahoo Finance website. ² Value Line Analyzer Data, September 28, 2014

20

³ See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.6.

Utility Source, LLC Comparisons of Past and Future Estimates of Growth

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.5 Witness: Bourassa

Line								
<u>No.</u>								
1								
2		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]
								Average of
3								Future and
4		<u>Ten-year</u>	historical aver	age annual ch	anges		Average	Historical
5			Book			Average	Future	Growth
6	Company	Price ¹	<u>Value²</u>	EPS ²	DPS ²	Col 1-4	Growth ³	Col 5-6
7	 American States 	12.91%	5.00%	6.50%	3.00%	6.85%	2.67%	4.76%
8	Aqua America	10.31%	8.50%	7.00%	7.50%	8.33%	6.00%	7.16%
9	California Water	10.19%	5.00%	4.00%	1.00%	5.05%	6.50%	5.77%
10	Connecticut Water	6.58%	4.00%	0.50%	1.50%	3.14%	5.00%	4.07%
11	Middlesex	4.38%	4.50%	3.50%	1.50%	3.47%	3.60%	3.53%
12	6. SJW Corp.	12.91%	5.50%	4.00%	5.00%	6.85%	10.50%	8.68%
13								
14								
15	GROUP AVERAGE	9.54%	5.42%	4.25%	3.25%	5.62%	5.71%	5.66%
16	GROUP MEDIAN	10.25%	5.00%	4.00%	2.25%	5.95%	5.50%	5.27%
17								

¹ Average of changes in annual stock prices ending December 31, 2013. Data from Yahoo Finance website.
² Value Line Analyzer Data, September 28, 2014.

³ See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.6.

Utility Source, LLC Analysts Forecasts of Earnings Per Share Growth

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.6 Witness: Bourassa

Line					
No.					
1		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
2		1.1	t3	1-1	1.1
3					
4		ESTIMATES	OF EARNING	S GROWTH	Average
5				Value	Growth (G)
6	Company	Yahoo ¹	Zacks ¹	Line ²	(Cols 1-3)3
7	1. American States	1.00%	1.00%	6.00%	2.67%
8	2. Aqua America	4.00%	5.50%	8.50%	6.00%
9	California Water	6.00%	6.00%	7.50%	6.50%
10	Connecticut Water	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
11	Middlesex	2.70%		4.50%	3.60%
12	6. SJW Corp.	14.00%		7.00%	10.50%
13					
14					
15	GROUP AVERAGE	5.45%	4.38%	6.42%	5.71%
16	GROUP MEDIAN				5.50%
17					
18					
19	1 Data as of October 2, 2014				

20 21 22

² Data as of September 28, 2014.

² Where no data available or single estimate, average of other utilities assumed to estimate for utility.

Utility Source, LLC Current Dividend Yields for Water Utility Sample Group

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.7 Witness: Bourassa

	verage Stock ice (P ₀) ¹	_	urrent end (D ₀) ¹	Current Dividend Yield (D ₀ /P ₀) ¹	Average Annual Dividend <u>Yield (D₀/P₀)^{1,2}</u>
Company					
American States	\$ 31.20	\$	0.87	2.79%	3.15%
Aqua America	\$ 24.24	\$	0.66	2.72%	2.80%
3. California Water	\$ 23.41	\$	0.66	2.82%	3.36%
Connecticut Water	\$ 32.48	\$	1.03	3.17%	3.62%
5. Middlesex	\$ 20.24	\$	0.77	3.80%	3.96%
6. SJW Corp.	\$ 26.85	\$	0.76	2.83%	2.95%
Average				3.02%	3.31%
Median				2.83%	3.26%

¹ Yahoo Finance. 60 day average of stock prices as of October 2, 2014.

Line

² Average Annual Dividend is dividends declared per share for a year divided by the average annual price of the stock in the same year, expressed as a percentage. For comparison purposes only.

Utility Source, LLC Discounted Cash Flow Analysis DCF Constant Growth

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.8 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u> 1 2 3		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4] Indicated Cost of
4			Expected		Equity
5		Dividend Yield $(D_0/P_0)_1^1$	Dividend Yield $(D_1/P_0)^2$	Growth (g)	k=Div Yld + g (Cols 2+3)
6 7		Tield (DWF)	Tield (D1/F0)	Glowiii (g)	[COS 2+3]
8 9	DCF - Past and Future Growth	3.02%	3.20%	5.94% ³	9.1%
10 11	DCF - Future Growth	3.02%	3.20%	5.71% 4	8.9%
12					
13	Average	3.02%	3.20%	5.82%	9.0%
14 15	Median	3.02%	3.20%	5.82%	9.0%
16	MECIAII	3.0270	0.2070	0.0270	3.070
17					

¹ Spot Dividend Yield = D0/P0. See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.7.

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² Expected Dividend Yield = $D_1/P_0 = D_0/P_0 * (1+g)$.

Growth rate (g). Average of Past and Future Growth. See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.4, column 7
 Growth rate (g). Average of Analyst Estimates Future Growth. See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.6.

Utility Source, LLC Market Betas

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.9 Witness: Bourassa

Line			
<u>No.</u>			
1	Com	pany	<u>Beta (β)</u> ¹
2	1. /	American States	0.70
3	2. /	Aqua America	0.70
4	3. (California Water	0.70
5	4. (Connecticut Water	0.65
6	5. I	Middlesex	0.70
7	6.	SJW Corp.	0.85
8			
9	,	Average	0.72
10			

¹ Value Line Investment Analyzer data (Aug 5, 2013)
Note: Beta is a relative measure of the historical sensitivity of a stock's price to overall fluctuations in the New York Stock Exchange Composite Index. A Beta of 1.50 indicates a stock tends to rise (or fall) 50% more than the New York Stock Exchange Composite Index. The "Beta coefficient" is derived from a regression analysis of the relationship between weekly percent-age changes in the price of a stock and weekly percentage changes in the NYSE Index over a period of five years. In the case of shorter price histories, a smaller time period is used, but two years is the minimum. The Betas are adjusted for their long-term tendency to converge toward 1.00.

Utility Source, LLC Forecasts of Long-Term Interest Rates

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.10 Witness: Bourassa

Line							
<u>No.</u>							
1							
2							
3		Average					
4	<u>Description</u>	<u>Aug-14</u>	<u> 2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>Average</u>
5							
6	Blue Chip Consensus Forecasts ¹	3.20% ¹	4.10%	2	4.70%	2	4.40%
7							
8	Value Line ²	3.20% 1	3.90%	3	4.40%	3	4.20%
9							
10	Average						4.30%
11	,						
12							
13							
14	¹ Federal Reserve Monthly Average 30 Year U.S. Treasury						
15	² June 2014 and September 2014 Blue Chip Financial Forecasts consensus	s long-term forecast of 30 Ye	ear U.S.Tre	asury			
16	³ Value Line Quarterly forecast, dated August 22, 2014, Long-term Treasury						
17							
18							

Utility Source, LLC Computation of Current Market Risk Premium

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.11 Witness: Bourassa

Line		Computation	on Current Ma	ING	I NISK FIGIIIIU						Witness: Bourassa
No.											TTILLIOSS. DOGLASSA
1			Expected				Expected		Monthly Average		Market
2		Dividend	Dividend				Market		30 Year		Risk
3	<u>Month</u>	Yield (D ₀ /P ₀) ¹	Yield $(D_1/P_0)^2$	+	Growth (g)3	=	Return (k)	-	Treasury Rate⁴	=	Premium (MRP)
4	Feb	2.01%	2.21%	+	9.83%	=	12.04%	-	3.17%	=	8.87%
5	Mar	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.83%	=	12.04%	-	3.16%	=	8.88%
6	April	1.98%	2.16%	+	9.33%	=	11.49%	-	2.93%	=	8.56%
7	May	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.50%	=	11.70%	-	3.11%	=	8.59%
8	June	2.14%	2.34%	+	9.50%	=	11.84%	-	3.40%	=	8.44%
9	July	2.02%	2.21%	+	9.50%	=	11.71%	-	3.61%	=	8.10%
10	Aug	2.14%	2.34%	+	9.50%	=	11.84%	-	3.76%	=	8.08%
11	Sept	2.10%	2.30%	+	9.50%	=	11.80%	-	3.79%	=	8.01%
12	Oct	2.00%	2.19%	+	9.50%	=	11.69%	-	3.68%	=	8.01%
13	Nov	1.99%	2.18%	+	9.50%	=	11.68%	-	3.80%	=	7.88%
14	Dec 2013	1.93%	2.11%	+	9.50%	=	11.61%	-	3.89%	=	7.72%
15	Jan 2014	2.01%	2.21%	+	9.83%	=	12.04%	-	3.77%	=	8.27%
16	Feb	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.50%	=	11.70%	-	3.66%	=	8.04%
17	Mar	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.50%	=	11.70%	-	3.62%	=	8.08%
18	Apr	1.98%	2.16%	+	9.50%	=	11.66%	-	3.52%	=	8.14%
19	May	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.42%	=	11.62%	_	3.39%	=	8.23%
20	June	1.98%	2.16%	+	9.33%	=	11.50%	-	3.42%	=	8.08%
21	July	2.05%	2.24%	+	9.50%	=	11.74%	-	3.33%	=	8.41%
22	Aug	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.50%	=	11.70%	-	3.20%	=	8.50%
23											
24	Recommended	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.44%	=	11.65%	-	3.32%	=	8.33%
25											
26	Short-term Trends										
27	Recent Twelve Months Avg	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.51%	=	11.70%	-	3.59%	=	8.11%
28	Recent Nine Months Avg	2.00%	2.19%	+	9.51%	=	11.70%	-	3.53%	=	8.16%
29	Recent Six Months Avg	2.01%	2.19%	+	9.46%	=	11.65%	-	3.41%	=	8.24%
30	Recent Three Months Avg	2.01%	2.20%	+	9.44%	=	11.65%	-	3.32%	=	8.33%
31											
20											

32 30

34 35

³¹ Median Dividend Yield (D_0/P_0) of dividend paying stocks. Data from Value Line Investment Analyzer Software Data (monthly) - Value Line 1700 Stocks

 $^{^{2}}$ Expected Dividend Yield (D $_{1}/P_{0}$) equals current average dividend yield (D $_{0}/P_{0}$) times one plus growth rate(g). 32

³ Median of Projected EPS, Projected DPS Growth and Projected BV Growth for VL 1700 stocks. Data from Value Line Investment Analyzer Software.

³³ ⁴ Monthly average 30 year U.S. Treasury. Federal Reserve.

Utility Source, LLC Traditional Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.12 Witness: Bourassa

Line										
<u>No.</u> 1		Rf^1	+	beta⁴	×	RP_M		+	=	k
2						,				
3	Historical Market Risk Premium CAPM	4.30%	+	0.72	X	6.70%	3	+	=	9.1%
4										
5	Current Market Risk Premium CAPM	4.30%	+	0.72	X	8.33%	4	+	=	10.3%
6										
7	Average									9.7%
8										
9	Median									9.7%

¹ Forecasts of long-term treasury yields. See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.10.

² Value Line Investment Analyzer data. See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.9.

³ Historical Market Risk Premium from (Rp) MorningStar SBBI 2014 Classic Yearbook Table 11-5 Long-Horizon ERP 1926-2013.

⁴ Computed using DCF constant growth method to determine current market return on Value Line 1700 stocks and CAPM with beta of 1.0 to compute Current Market Risk Premium (Rp). See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.11.

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.13 Witness: Bourassa

		Measures of size							_			
							(Mill	ions	5)			
			MV		Book			5	Yr Avg.	Total	5	Yr Avg.
Company	Symbol		Equity ¹		Equity ¹		MVIC1	Ne	t Income	Assets ²	E	BITDA ³
1 American States	AWR	\$	1,191	\$	492	\$	1,517	\$	45	\$ 1,281	\$	141
2 Aqua America	WTR	\$	4, 195	\$	1,535	\$	5,663	\$	155	\$ 4,859	\$	430
3 California Water	CWT	\$	1,096	\$	598	\$	1,522	\$	42	\$ 1,996	\$	146
4 Connecticut Water	CTWS	\$	359	\$	197	\$	534	\$	13	\$ 579	\$	28
5 Middlesex	MSEX	\$	317	\$	189	\$	447	\$	14	\$ 562	\$	39
8 SJW Corp.	SJW	\$	544	\$	322	\$	879	\$	21	\$ 1,087	\$	87
Utility Source, LLC	Proforma		NA	\$	3.7		NA	\$	(0.2)	\$ 11.1	\$	0.4
² From Zacks Investment Research. From E-1 for subject utility ³ Net Income. From Zacks Investment Research and Company												
Net Income Data (\$ millions)												
Company	<u>Symbol</u>		2013		2012		<u> 2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	2009		verage
American States	AWR	\$	62.7	\$		\$	45.9	\$	33.2	29.5	\$	45.1
Aqua America	WTR	\$	205.0	\$	197.0	\$	143.1	\$	124.0	104.4	\$	154.7
California Water	CWT	\$	47.3	\$	49.0	\$	37.7	\$	37.7	\$ 40.6	\$	42.4
Connecticut Water	CTWS	\$	18.3	\$	14.0	\$	11.3	\$	9.8	\$ 10.2	\$	12.7
Middlesex	MSEX	\$	16.6	\$		\$	13.4	\$	14.3	\$ 10.0	\$	13.7
SJW Corp.	SJW	\$	23.5	\$	22.0	\$	20.9	\$	24.4	\$ 15.2	\$	21.2
Utility Source, LLC			(0.15)		(0.13)		(0.19)		(0.18)	(0.15)	\$	(0.2)

Net Income data for publicly traded water utilities from Zacks Investment Research and/or Yahoo Finance

⁴ Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA). From Zacks Investment Research and Company ACC reports.

EBITDA Data (\$ millions)									
Company	Symbol	3	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	Α	verage
American States	AWR	\$	161.0	\$ 154.0	\$ 133.3	\$ 134.4	\$ 122.6	\$	141.1
Agua America	WTR	\$	424.3	\$ 439.0	\$ 397.8	\$ 473.2	\$ 415.2	\$	429.9
California Water	CWT	\$	155.0	\$ 151.0	\$ 143.3	\$ 155,7	\$ 125.5	\$	146.1
Connecticut Water	CTWS	\$	43.4	\$ 30.0	\$ 24.2	\$ 22.5	\$ 20.3	\$	28.1
Middlesex	MSEX	\$	42.1	\$ 39.0	\$ 34.6	\$ 43.3	\$ 34.6	\$	38.7
SJW Corp.	SJW	\$	91.4	\$ 90.0	\$ 87.1	\$ 75.4	\$ 93.5	\$	87.5
Utility Source, LLC		\$	(0.0)	\$ 0.0	\$ (0.0)	(0.01)	0.02		0.42

EBITDA data for publicly traded water utilities from Zacks Investment Research and/or Yahoo Finance EBITDA data for subject utility from E-1 and/or ACC reports

$$\label{eq:mrpms} \begin{split} \mathsf{MRP}_{m**} & \mathsf{Estimates} \ \mathsf{Using} \ \mathsf{Duff} \ \& \ \mathsf{Phelps} \ \mathsf{2014} \ \mathsf{Valuation} \ \mathsf{Handbook} \ \mathsf{data} \ \mathsf{(Unlevered)} \\ & \mathsf{Assumes} \ \mathsf{100\%} \ \mathsf{Equity} \ \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{0\%} \ \mathsf{debt} \\ & \mathsf{Data} \ \mathsf{Smoothing} \ \mathsf{with} \ \mathsf{Regression} \ \mathsf{Analysis} \\ & \mathsf{Smoothed} \ \mathsf{Premium} \ \mathsf{(RP}_{m***)} = \mathsf{Constant} + \mathsf{X} \ \mathsf{Coefficients} \ ^* \mathsf{Log}(\mathsf{Relevent} \ \mathsf{Metric}) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} RP_{unrelevered} &= RP_{levered} \cdot W_d / W_e^* (\beta_u \text{-} \beta_d)^* RP_{market} \\ Where \ \beta_u &= unlevered \ portfolio \ beta \end{split}$$

β_d = debt beta, assumed to be 0.1 W_d = percentage of debt in capital structure

W_e = percentage of equity in capital structure

RP_{levered} = levered realized risk premium

N levered - CVC/Cd Tcan2CG 113K promitan	Equity (Table C-1)	Equity (Table C-2)	MVIC (Table C-4)	Net Income (Table C-3)	Assets (Table C-5)	EBITDA (Table C-6)	
Constant X Coefficient(s)	19.089% -3.233%	16.046% -2.591%	19.463% -3.243%	13.763% -2.623%	18.027% -2.851%	15.308% -2.736%	
			MRP _{m+s} (unlevered)			
	MV	Book		5 Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.	
<u>Company</u> <u>Symbol</u>	<u>Equity</u>	Equity	MVIC	Net Income	<u>Assets</u>	EBITDA	Average
1 American States AWR	9.14%	9.07%	9.15%	9.43%	9.17%	9.43%	9.23%
2 Aqua America WTR	7.38%	7.79%	7.29%	8.02%	7.52%	8.10%	7.68%
3 California Water CWT	9.26%	8.85%	9.14%	9.49%	8.62%	9.39%	9.13%
4 Connecticut Water CTWS	10.83%	10.10%	10.62%	10.87%	10.15%	11.35%	10.65%
5 Middlesex MSEX	11.00%	10.15%	10.87%	10.78%	10.19%	10.96%	10.66%
6 SJW Corp. SJW	10.24%	9.55%	9.92%	10.28%	9.37%	10.00%	9.89%
Average (unlevered)	9.64%	9.25%	9.50%	9.81%	9.17%	9.87%	9.54%
Utility Source, LLC	NA	14.57%	NA	NMF	15.04%	16.34%	15.32%

ΜV

Book

5 Yr Avg.

Total

Rebuttal Schedule D-4.14 Witness: Bourassa

5 Yr Avg.

Unlevered Portfilio Beta (from 2014 Duff & Phelps Valuation Handbook - Table C) Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.15 Witness: Bourassa

		Unlevered Portfolio Beta (β _u)						
Company 1 American States 2 Aqua America 3 California Water 4 Connecticut Water 5 Middlesex 6 SJW Corp.	Symbol AWR WTR CWT CTWS MSEX SJW	(Table C-1) 0.94 0.87 0.98 0.96 0.96 0.98	(Table C-2) 0.96 0.89 0.96 0.98 1.00 0.98	(Table C-4) 0.95 0.86 0.95 0.97 0.98 0.98	(Table C-3) 0.95 0.88 0.95 0.97 0.97 0.99	(Table C-5) 0.97 0.83 0.94 0.99 0.99	(Table C-6) 0.95 0.82 0.96 1.03 0.99 0.95	Average 0.95 0.86 0.96 0.98 0.98
Average		0.95	0.96	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Utility Source, LLC		NA	0.98	NA	1.01	1.05	1.03	1.02

MRP Estimates Using Duff & Phelps 2014 Valuation Handbook data (Relevered) Relevered Realized Risk Premium $RP_{relevered} = RP_{unlevered} + W_d W_e^*(\beta_u - \beta_d)^* RP_{market}$ Where $\beta_u = unlevered$ portfolio beta $\beta_d = debt \ beta, \ assumed to be 0.1$ $W_d = percentage \ of \ debt \ in \ capital \ structure$ $W_e = percentage \ of \ equity \ in \ capital \ structure$ $RP_{unlevered} = unlevered \ realized \ risk \ premium \ from \ Table \ 2$ $RP_{market} = general \ equity \ risk \ premium \ for \ the \ market \ since \ 1963.$

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.16 Witness: Bourassa

		MRP _{mes} (Relevered)								
	•		MV	Book		5 Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.	-	
Company	<u>Symbol</u>	W _a /W _a	<u>Equity</u>	Equity	MVIC	Net Income	Assets	EBITDA	Average	
1 American States	AWR	27.4%	10.27%	10.22%	10.29%	10.57%	10.33%	10.57%	10.37%	
2 Agua America	WTR	35.0%	8.70%	9.15%	8.60%	9.36%	8.77%	9.34%	8.98%	
3 California Water	CWT	38.9%	10.94%	10.49%	10.76%	11.11%	10.22%	11.02%	10.76%	
4 Connecticut Water	CTWS	48.7%	12.88%	12.20%	12.69%	12.94%	12.27%	13.56%	12.76%	
5 Middlesex	MSEX	40.9%	12.72%	11.95%	12.63%	12.53%	11.97%	12.75%	12.42%	
6 SJW Corp.	SJW	61.5%	12.90%	12.20%	12.57%	12.97%	11.99%	12.56%	12.53%	
Average MRP (Relevered)		42.06%	11.40%	11.04%	11.26%	11.58%	10.93%	11.63%	11.31%	
Utility Source, LLC		0.00%	NA	14.57%	NA	NMF	15.04%	16.34%	15.32%	

Equity Risk Premium Adjustment and Other meterics used in Build-up Method

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.17 Witness; Bourassa

[1] Estimate of Current Market Risk Premium (RP _{market}) [2] Risk Premium Assumed in Duff & Phelps Study (1963-2013) ¹ [3] Equity Risk Premium Adjustment ([1] - [2]) [4] Average MRP (relevered) for publicly traded water companies (from Rebuttal Schedule D-4.16) [5] MRP (relevered) for publicly traded water companies (RP _{m+s}) ([3] + [4])	5.00% <<<< Current Duff and Phelps recommendation 4.90% 0.10% 11.31% 11.41%
 [6] Equity Risk Premium Adjustment ([3]) [7] Average MRP (relevered) for subject utility company (from Table D-4.16) [8] MRP (relevered) for subject utility company (RP_{m+2}) ([6] + [7]) 	0.10% 15.32% 15.42%
[9] Industry Risk Premium (From Duff & Phelps for SIC 494 Water Supply Industry Exhibit 5-7) [10] Adjustment Factor to Industry Risk Premium ([2] / 6.96% ¹] [11] Adjusted Industry Risk Premium (R _i) ([9] x [10])	-4.24% 0.7184 -3.05%
[12] Risk Free Rate (R _I) ²	2.98%

From Duff & Phelps 2014 Valuation Handbook.
 Yield on 20 Yr U.S. Treasury September 30, 2014 (Federal Reserve)

Cost of Equity (COE) Estimate using Build-up Method

 $E(R_i) = R_i + RP_{m+s} + RP_i + RP_u$

Where:

E(R_i) = Expected (indicated) rate of return

Rf = Risk-free rate of return. See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.17.

RPm+s = Market risk premium including size premium. See Rebuttal Schedule D-4.16.

RPi = Industry risk premium (adjusted). See Rebuttal Schedule D-4-17.

RP_u = Company-specific risk premium

Sample Publicly Traded Water

Utility Source, LLC 2.98% Utilities 2.98%

 $R_f = RP_{m+s} = RP_i =$ See Sched. D-4.16 -3.05% -3.05% RPu= 0.00% 0.00%

					ir	dicated COE E	(R _i)		
			MV	Book		5 Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.	
Comp	anv	Symbol	Equity	Equity	MVIC	Net Income	<u>Assets</u>	<u>EBITDA</u>	<u>Average</u>
1 American States		AWR	10.30%	10.26%	10.32%	10.60%	10.37%	10.60%	10.41%
2 Aqua America		WTR	8.73%	9.18%	8.63%	9.39%	8.80%	9.37%	9.02%
3 California Water		CWT	10.97%	10.52%	10.80%	11.15%	10.25%	11.06%	10.79%
4 Connecticut Water		CTWS	12.91%	12.23%	12.73%	12.98%	12.31%	13.60%	12.79%
5 Middlesex		MSEX	12.76%	11.98%	12.66%	12.56%	12.00%	12.78%	12.46%
6 SJW Corp.		SJW	12.93%	12.24%	12.60%	13.00%	12.03%	12.59%	12.57%
Average COE estimate			11.44%	11.07%	11.29%	11.61%	10.96%	11.67%	11.34%
Median COE Estimate			11.87%	11.25%	1 1.70%	11.85%	11.19%	11.83%	11.63%
Utility Source, LLC			NA	14.60%	NA	NMF	15.08%	16.37%	15.35%

Exhibit Rebuttal Schedule D-4.18 Witness: Bourassa

Utility Source, LLC Docket No. WS-04235A-13-0331

THOMAS J. BOURASSA REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

October 3, 2014

EXHIBIT TJB-COC-RB1

Utility Source, LLC Size Premium¹

Exhibit TJB-COC-RB1 Witness: Bourassa

Line				VIII. Con acca
<u>No.</u>				
1				
2				Risk
3			Size	Premium
4		Beta(β)	Premium	for Small Water Utilities ⁷
5				
6	Mid-Cap Companies ²	1.19	1.51%	
7	Wild-Out Companies	1.10	1.0170	
			2 2 4 2 /	
8	Low-Cap Companies ³	1.30	2.31%	
9				
10	Micro-Cap Companies⁴	1.43	4.36%	
11				
12	Decile 10 ⁵	1.48	6.63%	3.77%
13		.,		
14				
15				
				Risk
16				
17				Premium
18				for Small Water Utilities
19				
20	Estimated Risk Premium for small water utilities ⁶			0.99%
21				

22 23 24

25

26 27

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¹ Data from Table 7-10 of Morningstar, *Ibbotson SBBI 2013 Valuation Yearbook*

for the sample water utilities as shown below. Excludes risk due to differences in beta.

		Market Cap.			Size	Difference		Weighted
		<u>(N</u>	lillions)	Class	<u>Premium</u>	to Decile 10	<u>Weight</u>	Size Premium
1.	American States	\$	1,191	Low-Cap	2.31%	4.32%	0.166666667	0.72%
2.	Aqua America	\$	4,195	Mid-Cap	1,51%	5.12%	0,166666667	0.85%
3.	California Water	\$	1,096	Low-Cap	2.31%	4.32%	0.166666667	0.72%
4.	Connecticut Water	\$	359	Micro-Cap	4.36%	2.27%	0.166666667	0.38%
5.	Middlesex	\$	317	Micro-Cap	4.36%	2.27%	0.166666667	0.38%
6.	SJW Corp.	\$	544	Low-Cap	2.31%	4.32%	0.166666667	0.72%
				Average	2.86%	Wghtd Size Prem. for Sma	all Utilities	3.77%

² Mid-Cap companies includes companies with market capitalization between \$1,912 million and \$7,687 million.

³ Low-Cap companies includes companies with market capitalization between \$514 million and \$1,909 million.

⁴ Micro-Cap companies includes companies with market capitalization less than \$514 million.

⁵ Decile 10 includes companies with market capitalization between \$1.14 million and \$254 million.

of Economics and Finance, 43 (2003), 578-582.

Computed as the weighted differences between the Decile 10 risk premium and the inidicated risk premiums.

ATTACHMENT 3

1	Steve Wene, No. 019630 MOYES SELLERS & HENDRICKS LTD. 1850 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1100 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602)-604-2189 swene@law-msh.com Attorneys for Utility Source, L.L.C.								
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8	BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION								
9									
10	COMMISSIONERS								
11	BOB STUMP, CHAIRMAN GARY PIERCE								
12	BOB BURNS SUSAN BITTER SMITH								
13	BRENDA BURNS								
14									
15	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF UTILITY SOURCE, LLC, AN	DOCKET NO: WS-04235A-13-0331							
16	ARIZONA CORPORATION, FOR A DETERMINATION OF THE FAIR VALUE								
17	OF ITS UTILITY PLANTS AND PROPERTY AND FOR INCREASES IN	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF LONNIE McCLEVE							
18	ITS WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES AND CHARGES FOR UTILITY SERVICE								
19	BASED THEREON.								
20									
21									
22	Table of Contents								
23	General Information and Positions	p. 2							
24	Response to Certain Staff Positions	p. 2							
25 26	Fire Protection Plant Issues	p. 5							
26	Response to Nielsen Issues	p. 6							
28									
20									

I. GENERAL INFORMATION AND POSITIONS

- Q. Please state your name and your role in this matter.
- A. Lonnie McCleve. I am an owner of Utility Source, LLC ("Company"). I oversee the Company. Typically, the day to day operations are handled by the Company's office manager and system manager, but they keep me informed regarding significant issues. The Company's other owner, Gary Bulechek, will sometimes oversee certain projects and he will keep me informed as to those undertakings as well. I have held this position since the Company was granted a CC&N in 2005. I have also developed several properties over time, including Flagstaff Meadows, which is served by the Company.

Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

A. I am commenting on the non-financial issues raised by Staff and the interveners. I will focus on those issues where the Company has a contrary view to those expressed by Staff or an intervener.

II. RESPONSE TO CERTAIN STAFF POSITIONS

- Q. Staff's engineer recommended that the Company finish constructing the block wall around Well 2 and install a functioning gate. Does the Company agree with this recommendation?
- A. The Company understands that it has to have site control of the well and needs to have a fence, wall, or some type of enclosure to keep people away from the well. The Company understands this requirement and agrees to finish the work. However, based on our experience, we know the county may have specific requirements as to what type of structure is built and where it is located. All we ask is that the recommendation be worded so we are required to build a structure that complies with the enclosure rule, but

leave some flexibility to enable the Company to build a cost-effective structure.

Q. Staff's engineer recommended that the Company adopt five BMPs selected by Staff. Does the Company agree with this recommendation?

- A. No. The Company understands that the Commission no longer routinely requires BMPs. Our understanding is that BMPs are usually adopted when water loss is high. Here, the Company's water loss is around 5%, which is very good for a small water company. So there is no need for BMPs. Further, if BMPs are required, then the Company should be able to select which ones are most appropriate rather than Staff dictating those to apply.
- Q. Regarding Deep Well 4, Staff recommends that the Company be required to get Commission approval to sell Deep Well 4. Does the Company agree with this recommendation?
- A. The Company has no intention of selling Deep Well 4, so this is not an issue.
- Q. Staff also recommends that the Company cannot require a developer to pay for construction of a new well. Does the Company agree with this recommendation?
- A. No. Neither the Company nor Staff knows what a developer may plan. A developer may want to construct a planned community where the demand is beyond the current capacity of the Company system. In such a case, it might be prudent to have the developer pay for another well.
- Q. Staff's engineer recommends that the Company repair the wastewater treatment plant mixed media filter. Does the Company agree with this recommendation?
- A. The Company accepts this recommendation, provided the costs are reasonable, which should be less than \$10,000. To be clear, the plant meets the effluent standards for producing irrigation water without this equipment being operational.

Q. Discuss Staff's testimony regarding the standpipe that the Company has built.

A. My partner, Gary Bulechek, was the point person on this project. The Company was selling bulk water from a fire hydrant, primarily to contractors and commercial users. Coconino County staff approached the Company and said it would no longer allow the Company to operate in this manner and would need to build a loading station. Put another way, the Company built the new load station to comply with the County rules and staff comments.

During this time, the Company was making approximately \$3,500 a year from bulk water sales through the hydrant. The Company had no intention of making this an expensive building project. But by the time we hired an engineer, followed his advice, and then had to make multiple improvements demanded by the County, we had spent around \$50,000 and the project was still not complete. Gary and I decided it made economic sense to finish the project so that the costs expended could be recovered over time.

As far as revenues, the Company believes it will generate more revenue than the \$3,500 a year gained from sales through the fire hydrant. How much more is anyone's guess. Staff seems to assert that the Company will sell 200,000 gallons every month, which is very improbable especially during the winter. The 200,000-gallon estimate is the maximum that could be served, not a projection of what will be served. Put another way, it is a peak demand estimate that might occur some year; not a monthly estimate that will occur every year.

Q. Staff recommends the Company file a new rate case with a 2015 test year based upon its belief that the standpipe operation could generate \$52,000 a year. Do you agree with Staff's recommendation?

A. No. First, this rate case will still be ongoing in 2015 and we will not have had time to recover our rate case expense by the time we have to file another case. The new rates will not be in effect for a year by the time we have another test year. Adding the cost of another rate case so soon would be a tremendous burden on the customers. If Staff is concerned about the Company over-earning, then it might be prudent to state that the Company needs to file another rate case if Company revenues exceed the revenue requirement by 10%. But to require a new rate case when we do not know the impact of the fill station seems to build additional cost without a factual basis. My understanding is the Commission usually requires a small water company to file for a rate case once every five years, and we are fine with that approach.

III. FIRE PROTECTION PLANT ISSUES

- Q. The interveners raised concerns regarding fire protection plant inclusion in rate base and reliability. Please comment on those issues.
- A. The Company has 34 fire hydrants. My understanding is that fire hydrants are properly included in rate base. The reliability issues have been resolved. This was confirmed by the local fire chief, who noted that he understood that adequate repairs have been made. *See* Mark Sachara email dated July 29, 2014 (enclosed in filing by Terry Fallon). In 2011, an electrical issue arose and was repaired in a reasonable time. Between 2012 and 2013, there were mechanical issues that required repeated repair. A bolt repeatedly broke, even after upgrading the quality of the bolt twice. After the fourth

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bolt, which was custom made with dense material, broke the Company had a machinist mill a retention system and that has solved the issue to date. Please note that the dates provided herein are more accurate than what was previously provided in the response to Nielsen's data request 1.6.

IV. RESPONSE TO NIELSEN ISSUES

Intervenor Nielsen argues that Utility Source is not in compliance with Q. Commission Decision 67446. Do you agree?

No. Decision 72261 acknowledged that Staff concluded the Company complied with Decision 67446, ADWR, and ADEQ. The Commission adopted Staff's recommendation and found that the Company was in compliance and the performance bond held to ensure performance was released.

Nielson's primary concern is the ownership of land. Right after Decision 72261 was issued, the Company instructed its attorney and engineer to transfer real property rights at issue to the Company. To secure compliance, the Company filed two deeds and two easements transferring rights to the Company. The Company trusted its consultants to perform the task properly. If there are any discrepancies that were not previously resolved and that exist today, the Company will rectify them. The Company and its owners fully intend to have the Company own the production wells that concern Nielson.

One issue that needs to be addressed is the registration of the wells in the ADWR data base. The Company is aware that several of its wells are still registered under other entities and the Company will rectify this issue as soon as practical.

Q. Intervener Nielsen argues Deep Well 4 should not be in rate base for various reasons. Please comment on his position.

A. The Company has not requested Deep Well 4 be included in rate base. While Mr. Bulechek is in charge of this project, my understanding is that new source testing was performed on this well around 2005-06 and the water quality is good. This well is currently offline, but it is our intention to begin using it in the near future. The Company is going to file all finalization documents soon because the intent is to start using this well as a production well for the system.

- Q. Intervener Nielson seems to criticize comments you allegedly made concerning water rates and the development of Flagstaff Meadows Unit III and the proposed Loves Travel Center. Please comment.
- A. I am familiar with the expenses necessary to run these utilities. On several occasions, I have stated publicly that unless the community grows with new customers, utility rates could double. As demonstrated by our rate applications, as well as the analysis by Staff and RUCO, my projection has proven accurate. The Company would like more customers to help spread the cost of operating the utilities.
- Q. Intervener Nielsen alleges either the Company or its ownership has withheld information and documents relating to the period when the utilities were operated by the property owners' association. Please comment.
- A. The allegation is false. We turned over the records to the property owners' association years ago. The issues related to the property owners' association operating the utilities and the rate base has already been addressed by the Commission.
- Q. Nielsen also alleges that the Company has a line extension agreement with Empire Builders. Do you have such an agreement?
- A. No. Nielsen is raising concerns about events that occurred approximately ten

years ago. I do not recall that we executed a line extension agreement. Our attorney who would have addressed this issue is retired and the Empire Builders' project went bankrupt. We reviewed our files and did not find an extension agreement with Empire Builders or any entity associated with the development it proposed. On September 12, 2014, the Company responded to Nielsen's second set of data requests by stating the Company does not have such agreements.

- Q. Nielsen alleges the utilities are overbuilt. Do you agree?
- A. No. I would like to point out that Staff's engineer did not believe the systems are overbuilt either.
- Q. Nielsen alleges no hydrologist was consulted when Deep Wells 1 and 2 were constructed. Is that true?
- A. No. When siting Deep Well 3, however, the hydrologist employed different methods, which worked better.
- Q. Comment on Nielsen's statements that the Company did not respond to his data requests relating to peak daily flows in March of 2012.
- A. The Company staff read the meter. We do not know why the flow was higher that month.
- Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?
- A. Yes.